

Converting Colors

XYZ(70.2701, 50.4402,
100.6400)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(70.2701, 50.4402, 100.6400)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(70.1963, 50.2927,
100.6154)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF96FF
RGB	255, 150, 255
RGB Percent	100%, 59%, 100%
CMY	0.0000, 0.4117, 0.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.41, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	300°, 100%, 79%
HSV	300°, 41%, 100%
XYZ	70.1963, 50.2927, 100.6154
YIQ	193.3650, 28.8750, 54.9150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

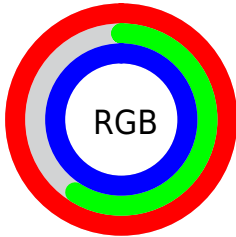
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 150, 255
Decimal	16750335
CIE Lab	76.25, 54.33, -35.75
CIE LCh	76, 65.041, 326.652
Yxy	50.2927, 0.3175, 0.2275
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294940415 (0xFFFF96FF)
YUV	193.3650, 30.3861, 54.0539
Hunter-Lab	70.9173, 52.5798, -34.4767

Details

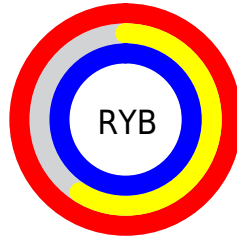
The XYZ color **70.1963, 50.2927, 100.6154** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99FF**. A complement of this color would be **53.8443, 80.2068, 41.5002**, and the grayscale version is **50.7194, 53.3607, 58.1098**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81.3613, 72.6226, 104.3371**, and **37.1409, 24.1787, 56.1355** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66.5612, 43.0225, 99.4037**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **74.7186, 59.3373, 102.1229**.

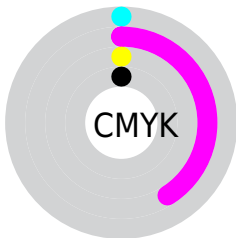
Distribution



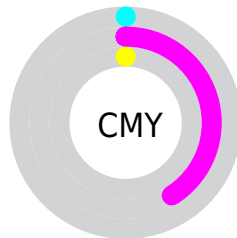
- Red (100%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 70.1963, 50.2927, 100.6154 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 70.1963, 50.2927, 100.6154 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 70.1963, 50.2927,
100.6154


 70.1963, 50.2927,
100.6154


450.4946,
387.8095, 583.4274

 51.9668, 35.6460,
76.1948


 118.5134, 90.6084,
164.0619

 37.2027, 24.1609,
56.0847


 149.3317,
117.0462, 203.9249

 25.5389, 15.4530,
39.8664

185.0769,
148.1832, 249.7724

 16.6099, 9.1380,
27.1214

226.1144,
184.4038, 302.0231

 10.0503, 4.8313,
17.4312

272.8096,
226.0923, 361.0953

 5.4948, 2.1486,
10.3772

325.5278,

 2.5781, 0.6918,

273.6331, 427.4078

5.5409

384.6343,
327.4107, 501.3790

■ 0.9348, 0.0000,
2.5037

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.8421

■ 70.1963, 50.2927,
100.6154

■ 70.1963, 50.2927,
100.6154

■ 66.5612, 43.0225,
99.4037

■ 74.7186, 59.3373,
102.1229

■ 63.7524, 37.4048,
98.4675

■ 80.1780, 70.2561,
103.9427

■ 61.7059, 33.3118,
97.7853

■ 86.6241, 83.1483,
106.0914

■ 60.3472, 30.5944,
97.3324

■ 94.1023, 98.1046,
108.5841

■ 59.5867, 29.0734,
97.0789

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 59.2900, 28.4800,
96.9800

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.1149, 50.2927, 139.4211



70.1963, 50.2927, 100.6154



75.2513, 50.2927, 58.7782

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.1963, 50.2927, 100.6154



49.1848, 50.2927, 11.3475



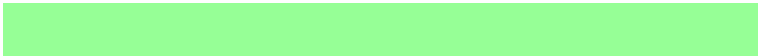
29.7522, 50.2927, 90.7611

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



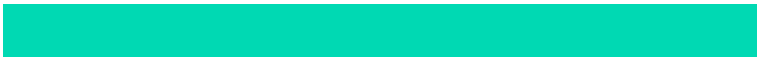
70.1963, 50.2927, 100.6154



53.8443, 80.2068, 41.5002

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.0001, 50.2927, 50.9296



70.1963, 50.2927, 100.6154



38.0326, 50.2927, 13.9889

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70.1963, 50.2927, 100.6154



61.8912, 50.2927, 15.6288



30.7621, 50.2927, 25.5094



36.0313, 50.2927, 132.2326

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70.1963, 50.2927, 100.6154



73.9815, 50.2927, 37.6770



30.7621, 50.2927, 25.5094



28.6659, 50.2927, 76.3551

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.1973, 50.2946, 100.6158



86.0533, 82.0066, 105.9011



41.5361, 35.5192, 99.2744



18.2287, 17.1724, 22.6038



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.1973, 50.2946, 100.6158



67.2793, 44.4586, 99.6431



62.8676, 47.3627, 62.0183



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340

Inverse Universe

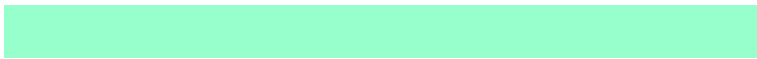
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70.1973, 50.2946, 100.6158



67.2793, 44.4586, 99.6431



59.0591, 82.2927, 68.9612



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 70.1963, 50.2927, 100.6154 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

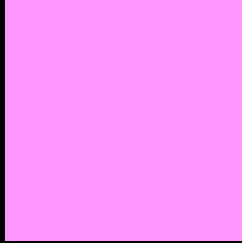
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 70.1963, 50.2927, 100.6154 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

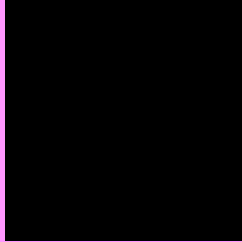
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 70.1963, 50.2927, 100.6154

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 70.1963, 50.2927, 100.6154.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 70.1963, 50.2927,

100.6154.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

70.1963, 50.2927, 100.6154

Protanopia

51.5453, 50.5533, 101.6488

Deuteranopia

51.9034, 50.5361, 96.6414



Tritanopia

59.6116, 50.3046, 49.2157

Trichromacy



Original Color

70.1963, 50.2927, 100.6154



Protanomaly

56.5468, 49.2493, 101.1335



Deuteranomaly

56.7937, 49.1666, 97.7635

Tritanomaly

63.0743, 50.1345, 65.3840

Monochromacy



Original Color

70.1963, 50.2927, 100.6154



Achromatopsia

50.6879, 53.3276, 58.0738



Achromatomaly

56.4357, 51.0011, 71.8355

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 70.1963, 50.2927, 100.6154 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 150, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 150, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 150, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 150, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 70.1963, 50.2927, 100.6154 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 150, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 150, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 150, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 150, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 150, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 150,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 70.1963, 50.2927, 100.6154 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 150, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
150, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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