

# Converting Colors

XYZ(70.3504, 87.9965, 74.7817)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(70.3504, 87.9965, 74.7817)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(70.2828, 87.9589,  
74.9015)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C4FFD3
RGB	196, 255, 211
RGB Percent	77%, 100%, 83%
CMY	0.2314, 0.0000, 0.1725
CMYK	0.23, 0.00, 0.17, 0.00
HSL	135°, 100%, 88%
HSV	135°, 23%, 100%
XYZ	70.2828, 87.9589, 74.9015
YIQ	232.3430, -21.0400, -26.1920

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

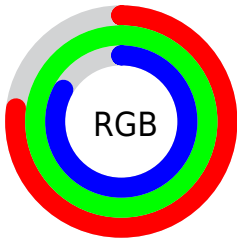
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">196, 243, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12910547</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">95.14, -26.93, 15.07</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">95, 30.859, 150.758</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">87.9589, 0.3015, 0.3773</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4291100627</a> <a href="#">(0xFFC4FFD3)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">232.3430, -10.5221, -31.8728</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">93.7864, -30.3597, 18.2992</a>

# Details

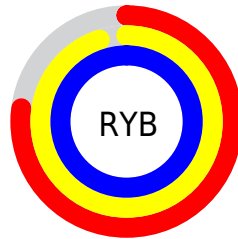
The XYZ color **70.2828, 87.9589, 74.9015** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **76.7084, 67.0318, 91.3331**, and the grayscale version is **77.0460, 81.0584, 88.2726**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94.3180, 99.6226, 108.8657**, and **37.1793, 48.4512, 38.8449** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61.9590, 83.9272, 62.7948**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80.0173, 92.6852, 88.5493**.

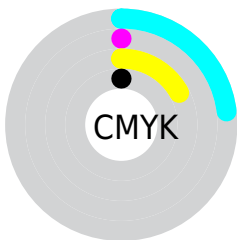
# Distribution



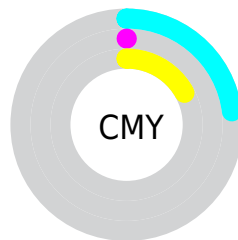
- Red (77%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (17%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 70.2828, 87.9589, 74.9015 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 70.2828, 87.9589, 74.9015 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



70.2828, 87.9589,  
74.9015

70.2828, 87.9589,  
74.9015

450.7933,  
521.3686, 496.8253

52.0375, 66.2890,  
55.0310

118.6360,  
144.4999, 127.9187

37.2594, 48.5071,  
39.0277

149.4747,  
180.1399, 161.9025

25.5830, 34.2286,  
26.4733

185.2419,  
221.2053, 201.4278

16.6430, 23.0693,  
16.9491

226.3030,  
268.0807, 246.9131

10.0740, 14.6447,  
10.0367

273.0233,  
321.1503, 298.7769

5.5107, 8.5704,  
5.3173

325.7683,

2.5877, 4.4620,

380.7985, 357.4379

2.3727

384.9031,  
447.4098, 423.3145

■ 0.9397, 1.9352,  
0.7715

■ 0.0000, 0.5694,  
0.0000

■ 70.2828, 87.9589,  
74.9015

■ 70.2828, 87.9589,  
74.9015

■ 61.9590, 83.9272,  
62.7948

■ 80.0173, 92.6852,  
88.5493

■ 54.9772, 80.5558,  
52.1707

■ 91.2227, 98.1362,  
103.7855

■ 49.2655, 77.8090,  
42.9732

■ 95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 44.7449, 75.6472,  
35.1411

■ 41.3267, 74.0261,  
28.6087

■ 38.9095, 72.8949,  
23.3049

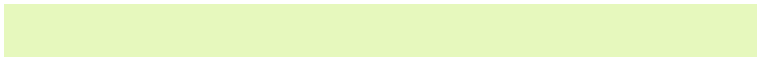
■ 37.3713, 72.1923,  
19.1512

■ 36.7093, 71.8997,  
16.9192

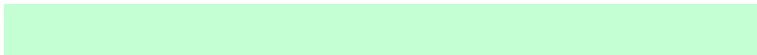
# Harmonies

## Analogous

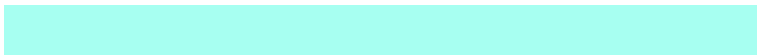
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



75.6092, 87.9589, 61.2603



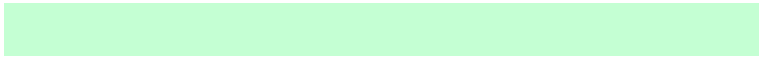
70.2828, 87.9589, 74.9015



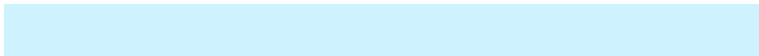
68.4661, 87.9589, 96.3859

# Triad

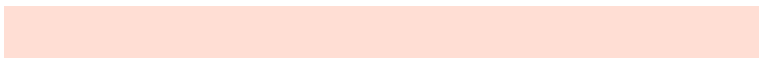
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.2828, 87.9589, 74.9015



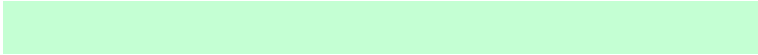
83.8163, 87.9589, 149.8868



98.2682, 87.9589, 74.0049

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70.2828, 87.9589, 74.9015



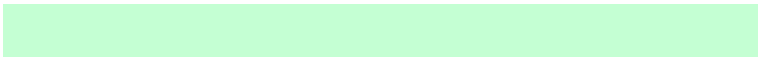
76.7084, 67.0318, 91.3331

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



100.8195, 87.9589, 95.1613



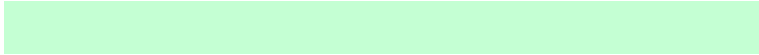
70.2828, 87.9589, 74.9015



92.1398, 87.9589, 141.2888

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70.2828, 87.9589, 74.9015



75.9560, 87.9589, 142.0838



98.5065, 87.9589, 120.1991

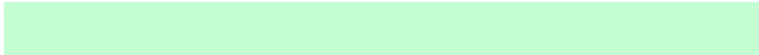


91.7453, 87.9589, 60.8069



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70.2828, 87.9589, 74.9015



69.3870, 87.9589, 113.1250



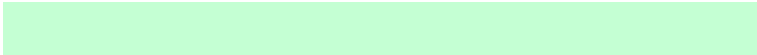
98.5065, 87.9589, 120.1991



99.6375, 87.9589, 80.2916

# Sweetspot

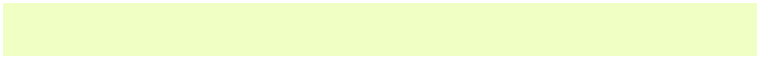
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.2835, 87.9592, 74.9029



86.7154, 95.9425, 97.7076



81.7442, 94.0747, 66.0753



18.4143, 20.4644, 20.7149



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

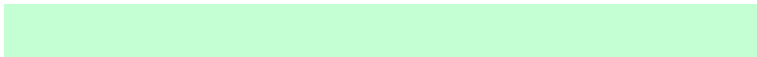


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

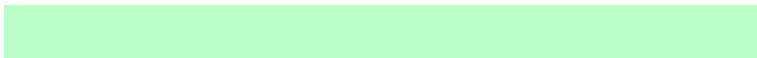


# Same Dimension

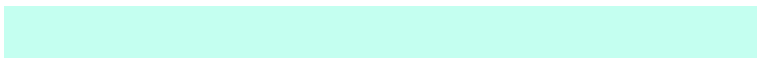
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.2835, 87.9592, 74.9029



66.0630, 85.9136, 68.8254



74.2908, 89.5621, 96.0049



17.9610, 20.2439, 20.0978



19.2319, 37.5893, 9.1064



1.9144, 3.6767, 1.1072



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76.7084, 67.0318, 91.3331



73.5611, 61.4805, 87.9929



72.7070, 65.4312, 70.2620



18.5838, 18.2168, 21.6913



26.4783, 13.0806, 26.9668

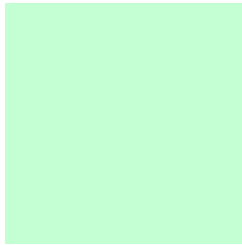


2.6222, 1.2913, 2.8580



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 70.2828, 87.9589, 74.9015 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

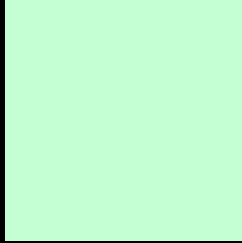
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 70.2828, 87.9589, 74.9015 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

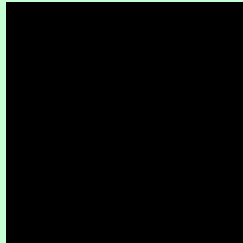
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

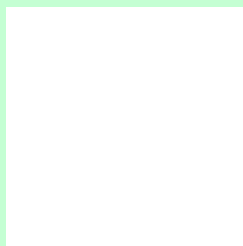
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 70.2828, 87.9589, 74.9015**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 70.2828, 87.9589, 74.9015.



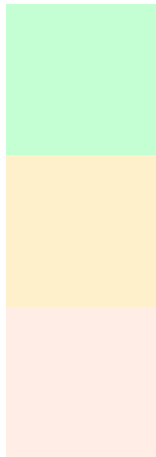
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 70.2828, 87.9589,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

70.2828, 87.9589, 74.9015

### Protanopia

82.4476, 87.5146, 69.0465

### Deuteranopia

85.8071, 87.5415, 87.2376



## Tritanopia

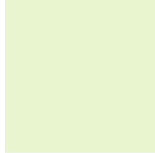
80.8321, 87.6093, 107.2577

# Trichromacy



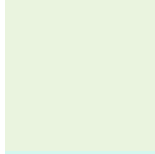
## Original Color

70.2828, 87.9589, 74.9015



## Protanomaly

77.0717, 86.9169, 71.1070



## Deuteranomaly

79.6017, 87.5215, 82.5099



## Tritanomaly

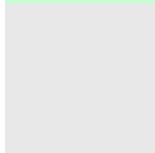
76.5880, 87.5129, 94.5164

# Monochromacy



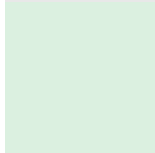
## Original Color

70.2828, 87.9589, 74.9015



## Achromatopsia

76.7008, 80.6952, 87.8771



## Achromatomaly

73.8281, 82.7621, 82.6045

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 70.2828, 87.9589, 74.9015 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 255, 211)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 255, 211)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 255, 211) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 255, 211) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 70.2828, 87.9589, 74.9015 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

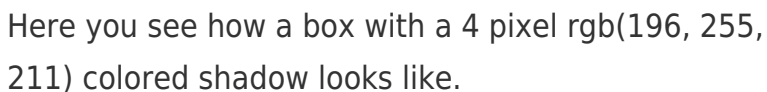
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 255, 211) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 255, 211) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 255, 211)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 255, 211); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 255, 211);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 255,  
211) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 70.2828, 87.9589, 74.9015 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 255, 211) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
255, 211) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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