

# Converting Colors

XYZ(70.3906, 74.0628, 94.3028)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(70.3906, 74.0628, 94.3028)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(70.4142, 74.0183,  
94.5801)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D6E0F2
RGB	214, 224, 242
RGB Percent	84%, 88%, 95%
CMY	0.1608, 0.1215, 0.0510
CMYK	0.12, 0.07, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	219°, 52%, 89%
HSV	219°, 12%, 95%
XYZ	70.4142, 74.0183, 94.5801
YIQ	223.0620, -11.7380, 3.4780

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

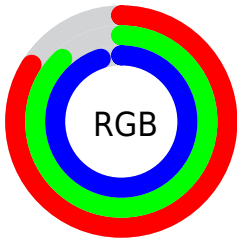
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	214, 221, 242
Decimal	14082290
CIE Lab	88.93, 0.13, -9.91
CIE LCh	89, 9.914, 270.768
Yxy	74.0183, 0.2946, 0.3097
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292272370 (0xFFD6E0F2)
YUV	223.0620, 9.3364, -7.9474
Hunter-Lab	86.0339, -4.4665, -4.9559

# Details

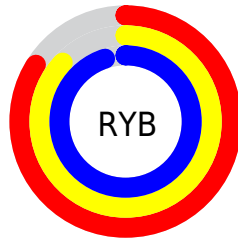
The XYZ color **70.4142, 74.0183, 94.5801** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **77.6124, 81.4449, 75.2494**, and the grayscale version is **70.1269, 73.7789, 80.3452**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **37.3490, 39.2920, 52.0700** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59.8789, 62.6644, 92.9450**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82.3856, 86.6841, 96.3951**.

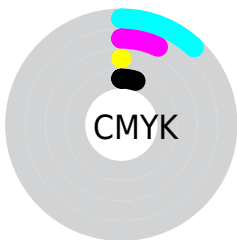
# Distribution



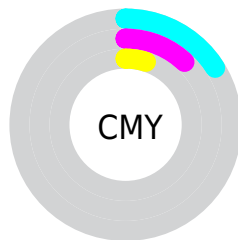
- Red (84%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (5%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 70.4142, 74.0183, 94.5801 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 70.4142, 74.0183, 94.5801 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 70.4142, 74.0183,  
94.5801

■ 70.4142, 74.0183,  
94.5801

451.2468,  
474.5365, 563.7698

■ 52.1451, 54.8090,  
71.1906

118.8223,  
124.9217, 155.6750

■ 37.3455, 39.2488,  
52.0150

149.6920,  
157.3847, 194.2174

■ 25.6500, 26.9534,  
36.6347

185.4926,  
195.0343, 238.6478

■ 16.6933, 17.5382,  
24.6312

226.5895,  
238.2550, 289.3849

■ 10.1100, 10.6190,  
15.5860

273.3480,  
287.4312, 346.8471

■ 5.5348, 5.8112,  
9.0805

326.1335,

■ 2.6023, 2.7306,

342.9473, 411.4529

4.6962

385.3113,  
405.1876, 483.6210

■ 0.9471, 0.9928,  
2.0145

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.5642

■ 70.4142, 74.0183,  
94.5801

■ 70.4142, 74.0183,  
94.5801

■ 59.8789, 62.6644,  
92.9450

■ 82.3856, 86.6841,  
96.3951

■ 50.7168, 52.5691,  
91.4793

■ 93.0272, 99.1909,  
98.2482

■ 42.8700, 43.6885,  
90.1788

■ 36.2734, 35.9728,  
89.0371

■ 30.8565, 29.3680,  
88.0478

■ 26.5407, 23.8154,  
87.2035

■ 23.2369, 19.2498,  
86.4964

■ 20.8400, 15.5960,  
85.9175

■ 19.3917, 13.1399,  
85.5197

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.1171, 74.0183, 92.7166



70.4142, 74.0183, 94.5801



72.7454, 74.0183, 92.5218

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.4142, 74.0183, 94.5801



74.4025, 74.0183, 74.0040



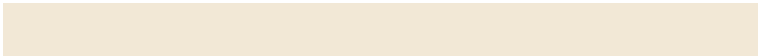
66.3919, 74.0183, 74.2949

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70.4142, 74.0183, 94.5801



77.6124, 81.4449, 75.2494

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.0121, 74.0183, 69.7369



70.4142, 74.0183, 94.5801



72.6356, 74.0183, 69.5758

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70.4142, 74.0183, 94.5801



75.0800, 74.0183, 80.4159



70.2902, 74.0183, 68.0583



65.8271, 74.0183, 80.7711



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



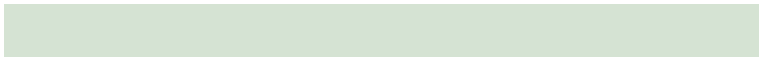
70.4142, 74.0183, 94.5801



73.9967, 74.0183, 89.2665



70.2902, 74.0183, 68.0583



66.8293, 74.0183, 72.5010

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.4164, 74.0214, 94.5817



90.7428, 95.4807, 108.2547



74.0125, 83.6127, 88.3847



19.1818, 20.1832, 23.1347



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

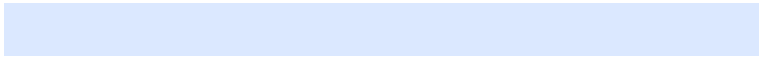


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.4164, 74.0214, 94.5817



76.2257, 80.0705, 106.0454



68.9086, 69.3696, 93.7633



15.3594, 16.1529, 20.0299



10.5344, 7.2930, 45.9803



0.9672, 0.7883, 3.8554



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.1207, 72.3537, 80.5837



81.2231, 77.9090, 87.1414



79.2404, 86.5838, 76.1556



16.0061, 15.8521, 17.5883



20.6429, 10.5296, 6.0361

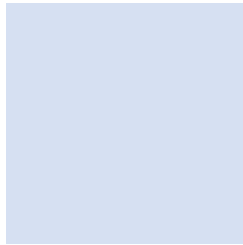


1.7631, 0.8943, 0.7435



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 70.4142, 74.0183, 94.5801 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

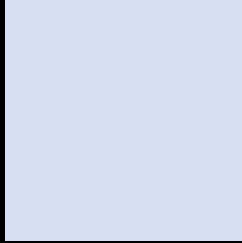
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 70.4142, 74.0183, 94.5801 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

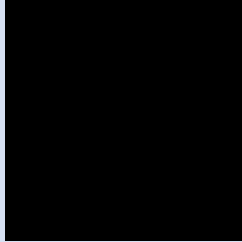
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

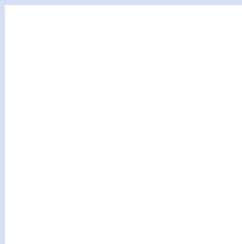
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 70.4142, 74.0183, 94.5801

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 70.4142, 74.0183, 94.5801.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 70.4142, 74.0183,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

70.4142, 74.0183, 94.5801

### Protanopia

72.1227, 74.1230, 93.7250

### Deuteranopia

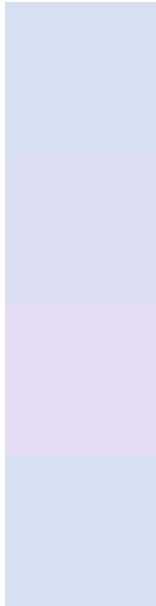
75.2515, 73.7589, 95.0647



## Tritanopia

70.4142, 74.0183, 94.5801

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

70.4142, 74.0183, 94.5801

## Protanomaly

71.4783, 74.1863, 93.7712

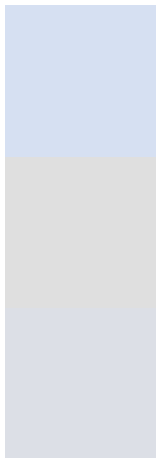
## Deuteranomaly

73.4494, 73.9884, 95.2040

## Tritanomaly

70.4142, 74.0183, 94.5801

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

70.4142, 74.0183, 94.5801

## Achromatopsia

70.1384, 73.7910, 80.3584

## Achromatomaly

70.1858, 73.7042, 85.3900

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 70.4142, 74.0183, 94.5801 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(214, 224, 242)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(214, 224, 242)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 224, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(214, 224, 242) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 70.4142, 74.0183, 94.5801 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(214, 224, 242) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(214, 224, 242) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 224, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(214, 224, 242); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 224, 242);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 224,  
242) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 70.4142, 74.0183, 94.5801 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(214, 224, 242) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(214,  
224, 242) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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