

# Converting Colors

XYZ(70.4180, 76.3976, 82.5303)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(70.4180, 76.3976, 82.5303)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(70.2252, 76.2266, 82.2461)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# **Color**

**XYZ(70.2252, 76.2266,  
82.2461)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D9E5E1
RGB	217, 229, 225
RGB Percent	85%, 90%, 88%
CMY	0.1490, 0.1019, 0.1176
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.02, 0.10
HSL	160°, 19%, 87%
HSV	160°, 5%, 90%
XYZ	70.2252, 76.2266, 82.2461
YIQ	224.9560, -5.8680, -3.7880

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

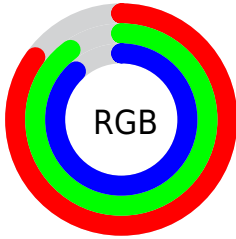
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	217, 224, 229
Decimal	14280161
CIE Lab	89.96, -4.73, 0.55
CIE LCh	90, 4.758, 173.324
Yxy	76.2266, 0.3071, 0.3333
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292470241 (0xFFD9E5E1)
YUV	224.9560, 0.0217, -6.9774
Hunter-Lab	87.3078, -9.2140, 5.2629

# Details

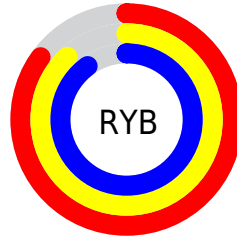
The XYZ color **70.2252, 76.2266, 82.2461** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **70.1799, 71.5062, 78.5135**, and the grayscale version is **71.5411, 75.2668, 81.9656**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **37.2920, 40.8558, 43.9507** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62.8666, 72.5530, 76.5845**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **78.5793, 80.4123, 88.2008**.

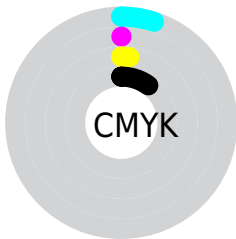
# Distribution



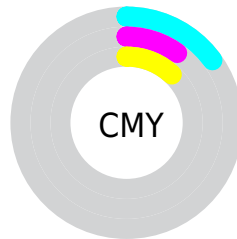
- Red (85%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (12%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 70.2252, 76.2266, 82.2461 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 70.2252, 76.2266, 82.2461 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 70.2252, 76.2266,  
82.2461

■ 70.2252, 76.2266,  
82.2461

450.5944,  
482.1230, 522.3756

■ 51.9904, 56.6183,  
61.0314

118.5544,  
128.0472, 138.3588

■ 37.2217, 40.6989,  
43.8198

149.3795,  
161.0283, 174.0940

■ 25.5536, 28.0839,  
30.1927

185.1320,  
199.2358, 215.5063

■ 16.6209, 18.3889,  
19.7316

226.1774,  
243.0540, 263.0145

■ 10.0582, 11.2296,  
12.0180

272.8810,  
292.8675, 317.0369

■ 5.5001, 6.2215,  
6.6332

325.6081,

■ 2.5813, 2.9802,

349.0606, 377.9922

3.1589

384.7241,  
412.0176, 446.2989

■ 0.9365, 1.1214,  
1.1763

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 70.2252, 76.2266,  
82.2461

■ 70.2252, 76.2266,  
82.2461

■ 62.8666, 72.5530,  
76.5845

■ 78.5793, 80.4123,  
88.2008

■ 56.4577, 69.3615,  
71.2059

■ 85.0303, 83.6094,  
94.3114

■ 50.9588, 66.6339,  
66.1070

■ 86.1910, 84.0737,  
100.4238

■ 46.3248, 64.3469,  
61.2823

■ 87.3108, 84.5216,  
106.3203

■ 42.5064, 62.4753,  
56.7261

■ 39.4494, 60.9913,  
52.4326

■ 37.0927, 59.8632,  
48.3954

■ 35.3653, 59.0548,  
44.6076

■ 34.1800, 58.5210,  
41.0613

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.6501, 76.2266, 79.1842



70.2252, 76.2266, 82.2461



70.3915, 76.2266, 85.5920

# Triad

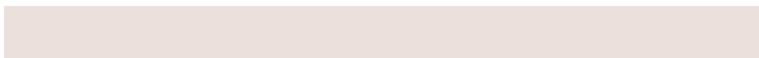
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.2252, 76.2266, 82.2461



73.3513, 76.2266, 89.0966



73.8121, 76.2266, 77.9044

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70.2252, 76.2266, 82.2461



70.1799, 71.5062, 78.5135

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74.5505, 76.2266, 80.4566



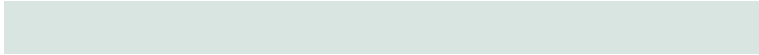
70.2252, 76.2266, 82.2461



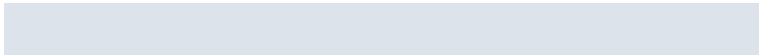
74.2824, 76.2266, 86.9320

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



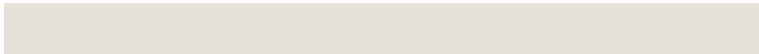
70.2252, 76.2266, 82.2461



72.1881, 76.2266, 89.6071



74.7235, 76.2266, 83.7541



72.7147, 76.2266, 76.7218

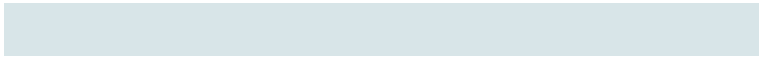


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70.2252, 76.2266, 82.2461



70.8162, 76.2266, 87.5274



74.7235, 76.2266, 83.7541



74.1110, 76.2266, 78.6272

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.2274, 76.2298, 82.2478



92.9258, 98.9364, 107.3773



70.4260, 76.4554, 76.6923



19.9122, 21.1876, 22.9992



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

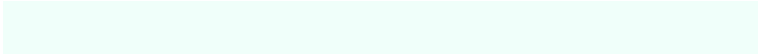


# Same Dimension

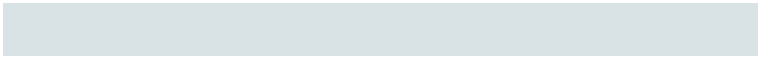
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.2274, 76.2298, 82.2478



88.8326, 96.8885, 104.3771



70.2845, 75.4596, 84.9934



15.0603, 16.4843, 17.7379



19.3477, 33.3712, 22.8628



1.4724, 2.4831, 1.9143



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70.1799, 71.5062, 78.5135



88.7632, 89.9842, 98.9191



70.1193, 72.2286, 75.8926



15.0474, 15.1972, 16.7205



19.2784, 9.8456, 5.0953

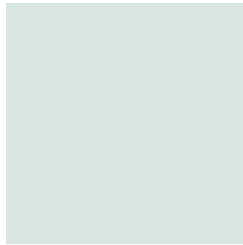


1.4665, 0.7443, 0.5971



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 70.2252, 76.2266, 82.2461 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

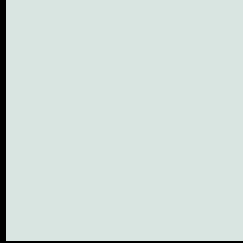
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 70.2252, 76.2266, 82.2461 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

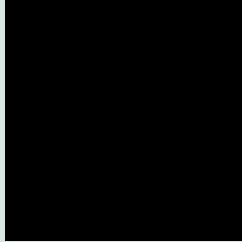
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

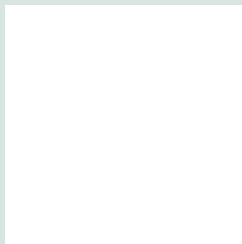
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 70.2252, 76.2266, 82.2461**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 70.2252, 76.2266, 82.2461.



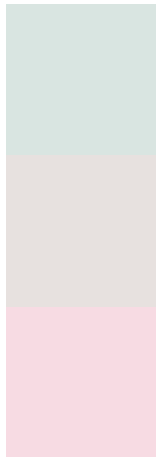
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 70.2252, 76.2266,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

70.2252, 76.2266, 82.2461

### Protanopia

73.1995, 76.1671, 80.6557

### Deuteranopia

77.5544, 75.9832, 83.2517



## Tritanopia

73.0407, 76.1400, 96.4348

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

70.2252, 76.2266, 82.2461

## Protanomaly

72.0149, 75.9433, 81.3839

## Deuteranomaly

74.7072, 76.0992, 82.7026

## Tritanomaly

71.9686, 76.1127, 91.0188

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

70.2252, 76.2266, 82.2461

## Achromatopsia

71.5672, 75.2942, 81.9954

## Achromatomaly

70.9112, 75.3586, 82.0424

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 70.2252, 76.2266, 82.2461 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(217, 229, 225) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(217, 229, 225)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 229, 225) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(217, 229, 225) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 70.2252, 76.2266, 82.2461 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(217, 229, 225) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(217, 229, 225) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(217, 229, 225)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(217, 229, 225); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 229, 225);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 229,  
225) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 70.2252, 76.2266, 82.2461 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(217, 229, 225) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(217,  
229, 225) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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