

# Converting Colors

XYZ(70.5419, 83.8111, 91.8849)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(70.5419, 83.8111, 91.8849)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(70.6492, 84.0470,  
91.8560)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C2F7EC
RGB	194, 247, 236
RGB Percent	76%, 97%, 93%
CMY	0.2392, 0.0314, 0.0745
CMYK	0.21, 0.00, 0.04, 0.03
HSL	168°, 77%, 86%
HSV	168°, 21%, 97%
XYZ	70.6492, 84.0470, 91.8560
YIQ	229.8990, -28.0570, -14.6570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

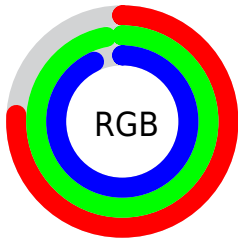
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	194, 224, 247
Decimal	12777452
CIELab	93.47, -18.93, -0.24
CIELCh	93, 18.934, 180.713
Yxy	84.0470, 0.2865, 0.3409
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290967532 (0xFFC2F7EC)
YUV	229.8990, 3.0078, -31.4834
Hunter-Lab	91.6772, -22.8775, 4.7683

# Details

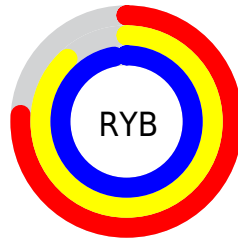
The XYZ color **70.6492, 84.0470, 91.8560** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **68.6719, 62.7677, 66.2570**, and the grayscale version is **75.1344, 79.0472, 86.0824**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.5937, 99.2492, 108.8318**, and **37.5165, 46.0459, 50.0904** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64.0953, 80.7554, 87.7173**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **78.2829, 87.8972, 96.1605**.

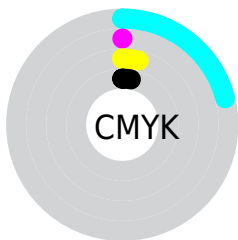
# Distribution



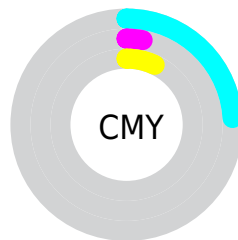
- Red (76%)
- Green (97%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (7%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 70.6492, 84.0470, 91.8560 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 70.6492, 84.0470, 91.8560 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



70.6492, 84.0470,  
91.8560

70.6492, 84.0470,  
91.8560

452.0571,  
508.4693, 554.7752

52.3375, 63.0542,  
68.9387

119.1553,  
139.0409, 151.8718

37.4995, 45.8851,  
50.1903

150.0804,  
173.8109, 189.8073

25.7699, 32.1552,  
35.1924

185.9407,  
213.9420, 233.5859

16.7834, 21.4800,  
23.5264

227.1015,  
259.8187, 283.6262

10.1745, 13.4753,  
14.7737

273.9282,  
311.8254, 340.3468

5.5780, 7.7567,  
8.5159

326.7861,

2.6284, 3.9396,

370.3465, 404.1661

4.3343

386.0407,  
435.7663, 475.5027

■ 0.9604, 1.6399,  
1.8105

■ 0.0000, 0.3843,  
0.4349

■ 70.6492, 84.0470,  
91.8560

■ 70.6492, 84.0470,  
91.8560

■ 64.0953, 80.7554,  
87.7173

■ 78.2829, 87.8972,  
96.1605

■ 58.5619, 77.9852,  
83.7353

■ 87.0379, 92.3207,  
100.6283

■ 53.9946, 75.7107,  
79.9083

■ 91.9757, 94.7739,  
105.0309

■ 50.3314, 73.8998,  
76.2325

■ 92.5523, 95.0046,  
108.0674

■ 47.5025, 72.5166,  
72.7037

■ 45.4279, 71.5199,  
69.3171

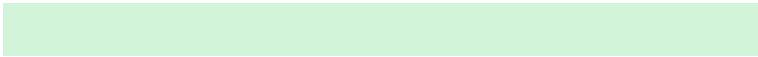
■ 44.0116, 70.8603,  
66.0673

■ 43.1951, 70.4977,  
63.3929

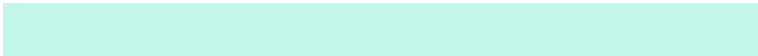
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71.7871, 84.0470, 78.6908



70.6492, 84.0470, 91.8560



71.8986, 84.0470, 106.3118

# Triad

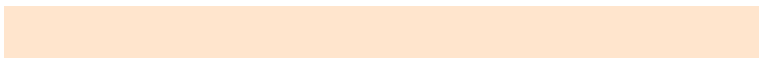
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.6492, 84.0470, 91.8560



84.8969, 84.0470, 117.2913



84.6813, 84.0470, 69.5330

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



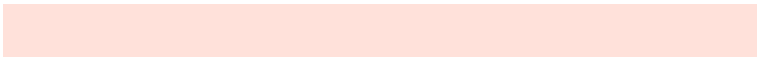
70.6492, 84.0470, 91.8560



68.6719, 62.7677, 66.2570

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.4402, 84.0470, 78.1553



70.6492, 84.0470, 91.8560



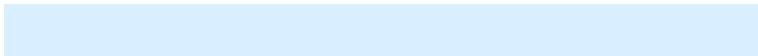
88.5683, 84.0470, 105.6573

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



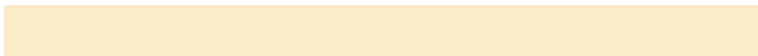
70.6492, 84.0470, 91.8560



80.0039, 84.0470, 121.9059



89.8907, 84.0470, 91.1706

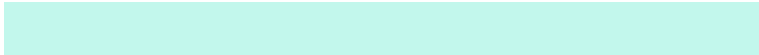


79.7646, 84.0470, 66.6445

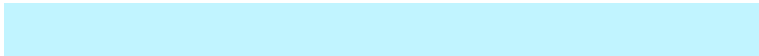


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



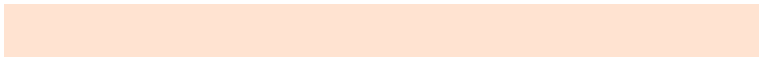
70.6492, 84.0470, 91.8560



73.9484, 84.0470, 114.5266



89.8907, 84.0470, 91.1706



86.1293, 84.0470, 71.8092

# Sweetspot

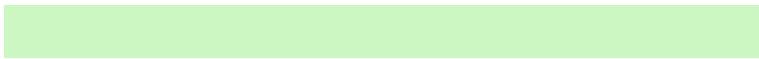
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.6516, 84.0505, 91.8579



89.1362, 97.0099, 105.9759



68.3113, 83.4681, 63.5508



18.9468, 20.6974, 22.6159



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

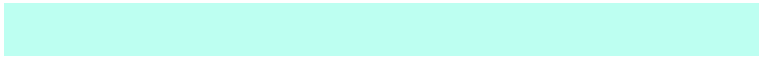


# Same Dimension

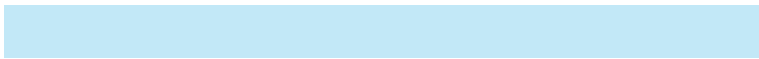
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.6516, 84.0505, 91.8579



72.5844, 88.6655, 96.6928



67.8911, 75.8916, 99.0700



16.8407, 18.6954, 20.4454



22.8968, 37.3036, 33.8059



2.0486, 3.2931, 3.1617



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68.6719, 62.7677, 66.2570



70.0888, 61.8125, 64.4023



70.9027, 69.2808, 60.6758



16.6398, 16.5388, 17.8500



20.6465, 10.6020, 2.8469

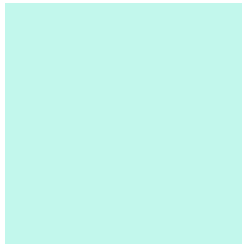


1.8504, 0.9461, 0.4386



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 70.6492, 84.0470, 91.8560 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

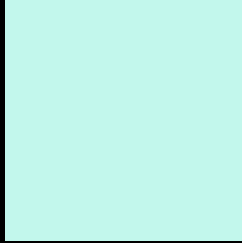
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 70.6492, 84.0470, 91.8560 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

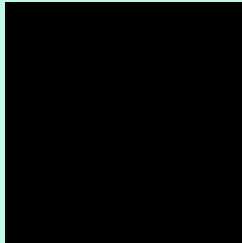
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

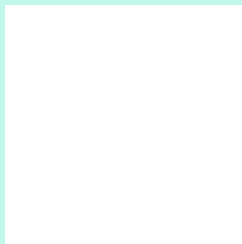
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 70.6492, 84.0470, 91.8560**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 70.6492, 84.0470, 91.8560.



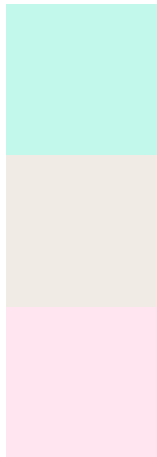
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 70.6492, 84.0470,

91.8560.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

70.6492, 84.0470, 91.8560

### Protanopia

80.1268, 83.7746, 86.0757

### Deuteranopia

84.9875, 83.5899, 94.0932



## Tritanopia

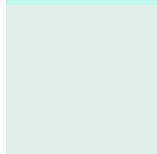
76.3693, 83.9795, 106.7923

# Trichromacy



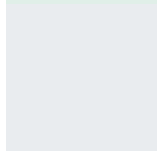
## Original Color

70.6492, 84.0470, 91.8560



## Protanomaly

76.1725, 83.4065, 88.4283



## Deuteranomaly

79.1797, 83.5465, 93.6142



## Tritanomaly

74.1707, 83.8576, 101.0839

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

70.6492, 84.0470, 91.8560



## Achromatopsia

75.2129, 79.1298, 86.1723



## Achromatomaly

73.1762, 80.5688, 88.0385

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 70.6492, 84.0470, 91.8560 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 247, 236)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 247, 236)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 247, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 247, 236) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 70.6492, 84.0470, 91.8560 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 247, 236) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 247, 236) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 247, 236)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(194, 247, 236); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 247, 236);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 247,  
236) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 70.6492, 84.0470, 91.8560 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 247, 236) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194,  
247, 236) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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