

Converting Colors

XYZ(70.5462, 70.9587,
104.5860)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(70.5462, 70.9587, 104.5860)
contains.

XYZ(70.5944, 71.1418, 104.6188)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(70.5944, 71.1418,
104.6188)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D6D9FF
RGB	214, 217, 255
RGB Percent	84%, 85%, 100%
CMY	0.1608, 0.1490, 0.0000
CMYK	0.16, 0.15, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	236°, 100%, 92%
HSV	236°, 16%, 100%
XYZ	70.5944, 71.1418, 104.6188
YIQ	220.4350, -13.9860, 11.1820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

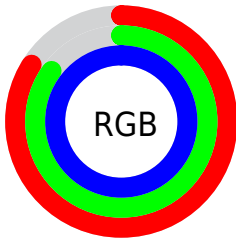
Format	Color
R_{YB}	214, 217, 255
Decimal	14080511
CIE _{Lab}	87.55, 6.46, -18.81
CIE _{LCh}	88, 19.890, 288.938
Yxy	71.1418, 0.2866, 0.2888
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292270591 (0xFFD6D9FF)
YUV	220.4350, 17.0405, -5.6435
Hunter-Lab	84.3456, 1.7936, -14.4990

Details

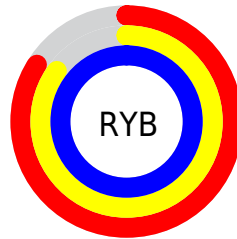
The XYZ color **70.5944, 71.1418, 104.6188** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **88.1876, 95.7346, 77.4507**, and the grayscale version is **68.2246, 71.7776, 78.1658**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **37.4114, 37.2888, 58.6517** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58.0654, 56.2799, 102.4105**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85.1646, 88.3544, 107.1732**.

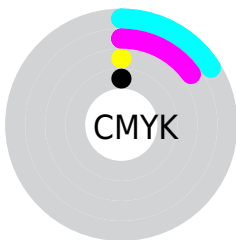
Distribution



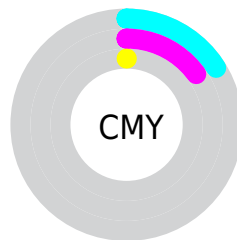
- Red (84%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 70.5944, 71.1418, 104.6188 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 70.5944, 71.1418, 104.6188 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

70.5944, 71.1418,
104.6188

70.5944, 71.1418,
104.6188

451.8682,
464.5490, 596.2743

52.2926, 52.4579,
79.5252

119.0777,
120.8356, 169.5971

37.4636, 37.3702,
58.8038

149.9899,
152.6143, 210.3189

25.7419, 25.4943,
42.0362

185.8362,
189.5268, 257.0872

16.7623, 16.4457,
28.8039

226.9822,
231.9574, 310.3205

10.1594, 9.8401,
18.6882

273.7929,
280.2905, 370.4373

5.5679, 5.2930,
11.2707

326.6340,

2.6223, 2.4202,

334.9106, 437.8561

6.1327

385.8706,
396.2019, 512.9957

■ 0.9573, 0.8363,
2.8559

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
1.0215

■ 70.5944, 71.1418,
104.6188

■ 70.5944, 71.1418,
104.6188

■ 58.0654, 56.2799,
102.4105

■ 85.1646, 88.3544,
107.1732

■ 47.4807, 43.6586,
100.5322

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 38.7444, 33.1716,
98.9684

■ 31.7503, 24.7007,
97.7020

■ 26.3810, 18.1160,
96.7140

■ 22.5049, 13.2727,
95.9835

■ 19.9695, 10.0045,
95.4863

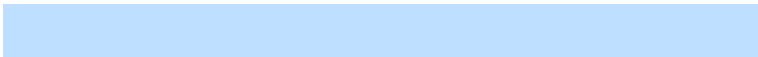
■ 18.5891, 8.1124,
95.1938

■ 18.2774, 7.6748,
95.1258

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65.8985, 71.1418, 105.7472



70.5944, 71.1418, 104.6188



74.6653, 71.1418, 95.7413

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.5944, 71.1418, 104.6188



73.7314, 71.1418, 59.5356



59.1291, 71.1418, 72.5995

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70.5944, 71.1418, 104.6188



88.1876, 95.7346, 77.4507

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.0290, 71.1418, 61.6701



70.5944, 71.1418, 104.6188



69.3674, 71.1418, 54.7310

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70.5944, 71.1418, 104.6188



76.5336, 71.1418, 69.3597



64.7267, 71.1418, 55.4642



59.4234, 71.1418, 86.1704

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70.5944, 71.1418, 104.6188



76.4092, 71.1418, 87.1424



64.7267, 71.1418, 55.4642



59.5287, 71.1418, 68.5252

Sweetspot

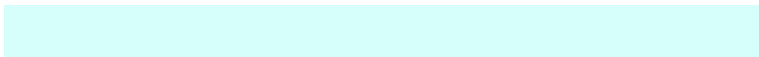
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.5964, 71.1446, 104.6192



86.8594, 90.3527, 107.4696



80.9970, 92.8184, 105.3966



18.3543, 19.0596, 22.9614



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.5964, 71.1446, 104.6192



66.7273, 66.5622, 103.9386



75.0796, 72.3175, 104.6093



17.1098, 17.5913, 22.7436



9.5886, 4.0868, 49.7180



0.9690, 0.4687, 4.8527

Inverse Universe

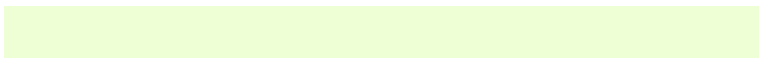
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77.8122, 74.3644, 75.9015



75.0890, 70.3259, 70.6534



83.1302, 94.5381, 77.4863



18.0633, 18.0086, 18.9507



21.6281, 11.1405, 1.4260



2.1237, 1.0919, 0.2329

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 70.5944, 71.1418, 104.6188 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

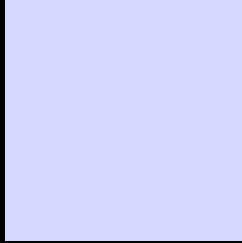
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 70.5944, 71.1418, 104.6188 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

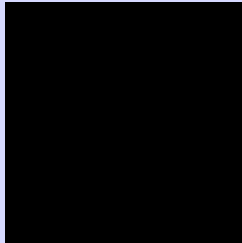
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 70.5944, 71.1418, 104.6188

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 70.5944, 71.1418, 104.6188.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 70.5944, 71.1418,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

70.5944, 71.1418, 104.6188

Protanopia

70.2728, 71.3599, 104.6778

Deuteranopia

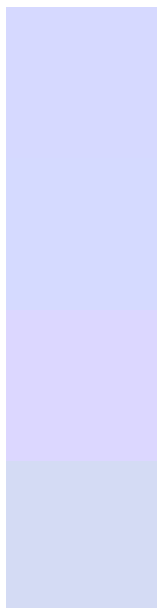
72.5280, 71.0011, 104.4897



Tritanopia

67.7432, 71.1497, 90.2836

Trichromacy



Original Color

70.5944, 71.1418, 104.6188

Protanomaly

70.5620, 71.5089, 104.6913

Deuteranomaly

71.8656, 71.0365, 104.5314

Tritanomaly

68.8120, 71.1917, 95.7025

Monochromacy



Original Color

70.5944, 71.1418, 104.6188

Achromatopsia

68.0267, 71.5694, 77.9390

Achromatomaly

68.9529, 71.4517, 87.2481

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 70.5944, 71.1418, 104.6188 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(214, 217, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(214, 217, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 217, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(214, 217, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 70.5944, 71.1418, 104.6188 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(214, 217, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(214, 217, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(214, 217, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(214, 217, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 217, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 217,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 70.5944, 71.1418, 104.6188 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(214, 217, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(214,  
217, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor