

Converting Colors

XYZ(70.5816, 100.0000,
114.6512)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(70.5816, 100.0000, 114.6512)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(61.1461, 82.5219,
107.3133)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| Hex | 75FFFF |
| RGB | 117, 255, 255 |
| RGB Percent | 46%, 100%, 100% |
| CMY | 0.5412, 0.0000, 0.0000 |
| CMYK | 0.54, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00 |
| HSL | 180°, 100%, 73% |
| HSV | 180°, 54%, 100% |
| XYZ | 61.1461, 82.5219, 107.3133 |
| YIQ | 213.7380, -82.2480, -29.2560 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

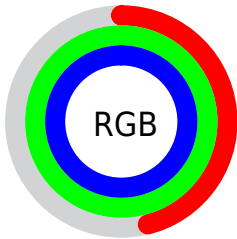
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| RYB | 117, 186, 255 |
| Decimal | 7733247 |
| CIELab | 92.80, -37.35, -11.44 |
| CIElCh | 93, 39.067, 197.028 |
| Yxy | 82.5219, 0.2436, 0.3288 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4285923327 (0xFF75FFFF) |
| YUV | 213.7380, 20.3422, -84.8392 |
| Hunter-Lab | 90.8416, -38.8231, -6.4516 |

Details

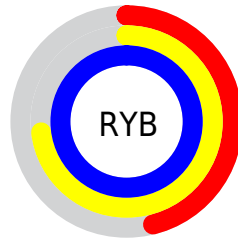
The XYZ color **61.1461, 82.5219, 107.3133** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **50.8133, 35.2686, 20.9610**, and the grayscale version is **63.6483, 66.9629, 72.9226**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72.4004, 88.3237, 107.8400**, and **31.3420, 44.9576, 60.4519** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58.1745, 80.9900, 107.1743**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.0524, 84.5357, 107.4961**.

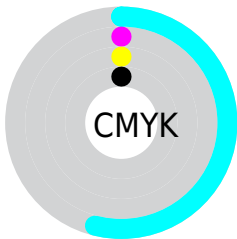
Distribution



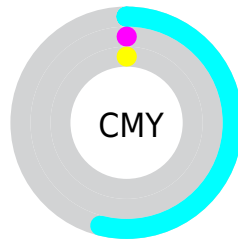
- Red (46%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (46%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 61.1461, 82.5219, 107.3133 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 61.1461, 82.5219, 107.3133 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

61.1461, 82.5219,
107.3133

61.1461, 82.5219,
107.3133

418.5768,
503.3918, 604.8397

44.5961, 61.7958,
81.7713

105.5874,
136.9056, 173.3108

31.3393, 44.8677,
60.6423

134.2093,
171.3321, 214.6034

21.0105, 31.3533,
43.5079

167.5859,
211.0941, 261.9831

13.2441, 20.8680,
29.9494

206.0826,
256.5761, 315.8687

7.6750, 13.0275,
19.5485

250.0647,
308.1625, 376.6786

3.9378, 7.4475,
11.8865

299.8975,

1.6670, 3.7435,

366.2376, 444.8314

6.5448

355.9465,
431.1859, 520.7456

■ 0.4355, 1.5311,
3.1050

■ 0.0000, 0.3105,
1.1485

■ 61.1461, 82.5219,
107.3133

■ 61.1461, 82.5219,
107.3133

■ 58.1745, 80.9900,
107.1743

■ 65.0524, 84.5357,
107.4961

■ 56.0572, 79.8985,
107.0752

■ 69.9598, 87.0655,
107.7258

■ 54.7049, 79.2013,
107.0119

■ 75.9317, 90.1441,
108.0053

■ 54.0071, 78.8416,
106.9792

■ 83.0254, 93.8011,
108.3373

■ 53.8100, 78.7400,
106.9700

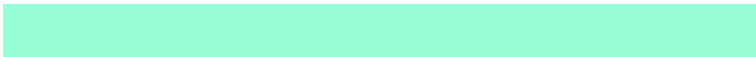
■ 91.2943, 98.0638,
108.7242

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.8425, 82.5219, 77.8308



61.1461, 82.5219, 107.3133



65.8180, 82.5219, 137.5018

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.1461, 82.5219, 107.3133



93.6680, 82.5219, 133.8055



82.9174, 82.5219, 45.4999

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.1461, 82.5219, 107.3133



50.8133, 35.2686, 20.9610

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92.5684, 82.5219, 54.7197



61.1461, 82.5219, 107.3133



99.1276, 82.5219, 103.0520

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.1461, 82.5219, 107.3133



84.3155, 82.5219, 154.9240



98.7086, 82.5219, 74.3962



72.8337, 82.5219, 46.1561

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.1461, 82.5219, 107.3133



71.0306, 82.5219, 152.0785



98.7086, 82.5219, 74.3962



86.3360, 82.5219, 47.4451

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.1470, 82.5224, 107.3134



81.6000, 93.0663, 108.2705



46.3083, 76.5869, 29.1737



17.1427, 19.7535, 23.1592



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.1470, 82.5224, 107.3134



57.9539, 80.8762, 107.1639



42.9466, 46.1216, 101.2466



18.5550, 20.4815, 23.2253



28.1169, 41.1433, 55.8941



2.7376, 4.0060, 5.4422

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.6521, 41.2041, 99.1007



62.8832, 35.6664, 98.1777



62.0109, 57.6637, 24.6935



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



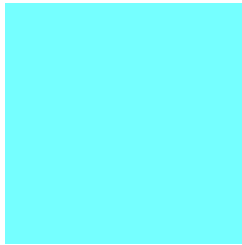
30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 61.1461, 82.5219, 107.3133 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

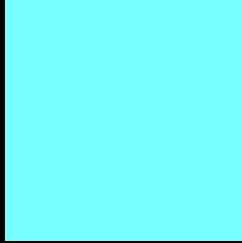
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 61.1461, 82.5219, 107.3133 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

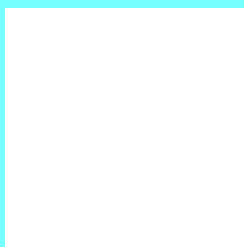
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 61.1461, 82.5219, 107.3133

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 61.1461, 82.5219, 107.3133.

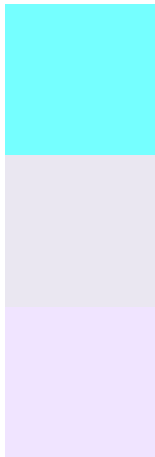


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 61.1461, 82.5219,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61.1461, 82.5219, 107.3133

Protanopia

78.3848, 80.9951, 94.7214

Deuteranopia

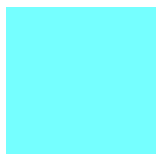
81.7286, 81.2321, 105.9795



Tritanopia

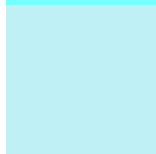
69.8678, 81.5115, 106.6586

Trichromacy



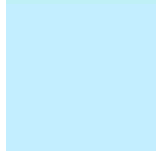
Original Color

61.1461, 82.5219, 107.3133



Protanomaly

69.2805, 80.0504, 98.9886



Deuteranomaly

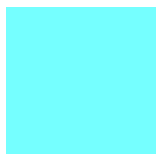
71.1302, 79.9712, 106.2948



Tritanomaly

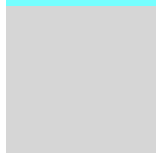
65.8080, 81.2151, 106.8154

Monochromacy



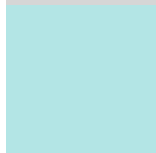
Original Color

61.1461, 82.5219, 107.3133



Achromatopsia

63.9157, 67.2443, 73.2291



Achromatomaly

60.7526, 71.2795, 84.6851

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 61.1461, 82.5219, 107.3133 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 255, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 255, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 255, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 61.1461, 82.5219, 107.3133 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 255, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 255, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 255, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 255, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 255, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 255,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 61.1461, 82.5219, 107.3133 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 255, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117,  
255, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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