

# Converting Colors

XYZ(70.6190, 69.8561,  
118.3503)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(70.6190, 69.8561, 118.3503)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(67.8287, 68.5785,  
104.2698)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CFD6FF
RGB	207, 214, 255
RGB Percent	81%, 84%, 100%
CMY	0.1882, 0.1608, 0.0000
CMYK	0.19, 0.16, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	231°, 100%, 91%
HSV	231°, 19%, 100%
XYZ	67.8287, 68.5785, 104.2698
YIQ	216.5810, -17.3330, 11.2670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

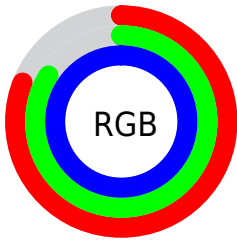
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	207, 213, 255
Decimal	13620991
CIE Lab	86.29, 5.89, -20.76
CIE LCh	86, 21.583, 285.835
Yxy	68.5785, 0.2818, 0.2849
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291811071 (0xFFCFD6FF)
YUV	216.5810, 18.9406, -8.4025
Hunter-Lab	82.8121, 1.2822, -16.6843

# Details

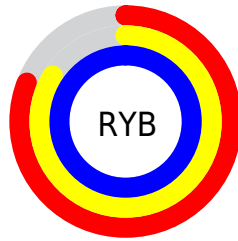
The XYZ color **67.8287, 68.5785, 104.2698** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **86.0697, 92.8988, 72.4281**, and the grayscale version is **65.5514, 68.9652, 75.1031**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **35.5401, 35.5489, 58.4145** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56.1231, 54.9026, 102.2470**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81.4256, 84.3270, 106.5929**.

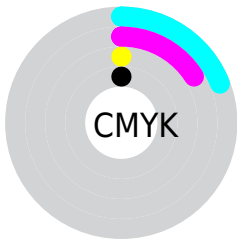
# Distribution



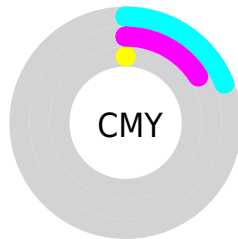
- Red (81%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 67.8287, 68.5785, 104.2698 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 67.8287, 68.5785, 104.2698 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 67.8287, 68.5785,  
104.2698

■ 67.8287, 68.5785,  
104.2698

442.2751,  
455.5430, 595.1602

■ 50.0316, 50.3685,  
79.2345

115.1503,  
117.1793, 169.1155

■ 35.6564, 35.7063,  
58.5662

145.4055,  
148.3390, 209.7629

■ 24.3378, 24.2074,  
41.8463

180.5440,  
184.5840, 256.4515

■ 15.7105, 15.4876,  
28.6563

220.9313,  
226.2987, 309.5997

■ 9.4091, 9.1623,  
18.5776

266.9328,  
273.8676, 369.6262

■ 5.0682, 4.8472,  
11.1918

318.9136,

■ 2.3225, 2.1579,

327.6750, 436.9494

6.0802

377.2393,  
388.1053, 511.9879

■ 0.8061, 0.6969,  
2.8243

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.0056

■ 67.8287, 68.5785,  
104.2698

■ 67.8287, 68.5785,  
104.2698

■ 56.1231, 54.9026,  
102.2470

■ 81.4256, 84.3270,  
106.5929

■ 46.2190, 43.2045,  
100.5110

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 38.0276, 33.3945,  
99.0492

■ 31.4504, 25.3723,  
97.8475

■ 26.3786, 19.0283,  
96.8903

■ 22.6896, 14.2406,  
96.1606

■ 20.2407, 10.8699,  
95.6390

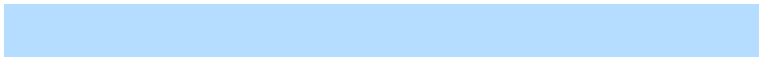
■ 18.8384, 8.7411,  
95.3020

■ 18.7178, 8.5556,  
95.2726

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



62.8674, 68.5785, 104.5284



67.8287, 68.5785, 104.2698



72.2920, 68.5785, 95.4445

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67.8287, 68.5785, 104.2698



72.0808, 68.5785, 56.6816



56.3345, 68.5785, 68.1608

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67.8287, 68.5785, 104.2698



86.0697, 92.8988, 72.4281

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.5538, 68.5785, 57.1531



67.8287, 68.5785, 104.2698



67.5524, 68.5785, 51.1198

# Square

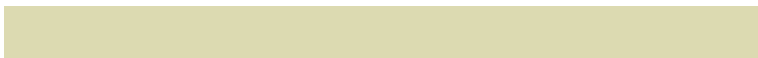
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67.8287, 68.5785, 104.2698



74.8309, 68.5785, 67.4372



62.6047, 68.5785, 51.2806



56.4000, 68.5785, 82.4030



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67.8287, 68.5785, 104.2698



74.3107, 68.5785, 86.4638



62.6047, 68.5785, 51.2806



56.8330, 68.5785, 64.0012

# Sweetspot

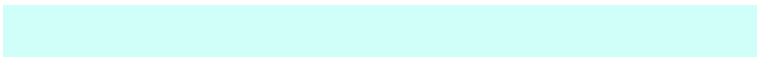
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67.8306, 68.5812, 104.2702



85.6153, 89.1566, 107.3043



78.4052, 91.5507, 102.1833



18.1147, 18.8407, 22.9318



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67.8306, 68.5812, 104.2702



62.7149, 62.6203, 103.3892



71.0426, 67.6626, 103.9236



17.2168, 17.8052, 22.7793



9.8444, 4.5983, 49.8033



1.0193, 0.5692, 4.8694



# Inverse Universe

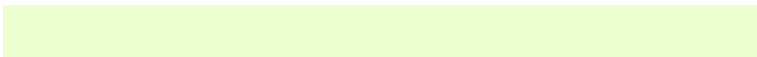
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.6917, 70.7422, 73.2866



72.0670, 65.3012, 66.5040



82.3502, 94.2371, 72.8825



18.1173, 18.0302, 19.2349



21.7572, 11.1922, 2.1059



2.1491, 1.1020, 0.3665



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 67.8287, 68.5785, 104.2698 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

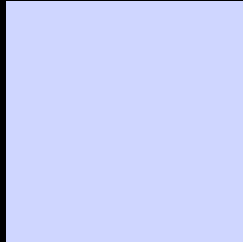
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 67.8287, 68.5785, 104.2698 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

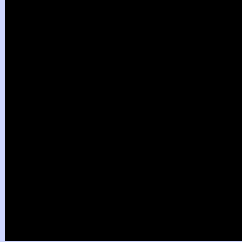
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 67.8287, 68.5785, 104.2698

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 67.8287, 68.5785, 104.2698.



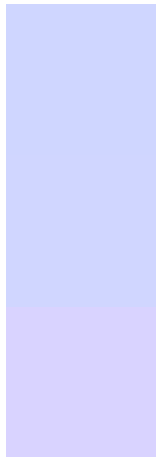
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 67.8287, 68.5785,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

67.8287, 68.5785, 104.2698

### Protanopia

68.1090, 68.7230, 104.2829

### Deuteranopia

69.9595, 68.5602, 104.1539



## Tritanopia

64.4369, 68.3204, 88.3882

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

67.8287, 68.5785, 104.2698

## Protanomaly

68.1090, 68.7230, 104.2829

## Deuteranomaly

69.0341, 68.4531, 104.1820

## Tritanomaly

65.4847, 68.3599, 93.7478

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

67.8287, 68.5785, 104.2698

## Achromatopsia

65.9525, 69.3872, 75.5626

## Achromatomaly

66.4202, 69.0274, 85.4242

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 67.8287, 68.5785, 104.2698 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(207, 214, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(207, 214, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(207, 214, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(207, 214, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 67.8287, 68.5785, 104.2698 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(207, 214, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(207, 214, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(207, 214, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(207, 214, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 214, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 214,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 67.8287, 68.5785, 104.2698 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(207, 214, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(207,  
214, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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