

# Converting Colors

XYZ(70.6542, 75.4621,  
105.4495)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(70.6542, 75.4621, 105.4495)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(70.6952, 75.5442,  
105.4632)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CCE4FF
RGB	204, 228, 255
RGB Percent	80%, 89%, 100%
CMY	0.2000, 0.1059, 0.0000
CMYK	0.20, 0.11, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	212°, 100%, 90%
HSV	212°, 20%, 100%
XYZ	70.6952, 75.5442, 105.4632
YIQ	223.9020, -22.9710, 3.3090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

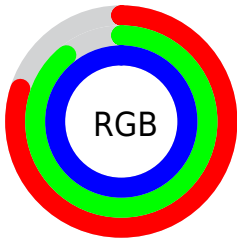
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	204, 220, 255
Decimal	13427967
CIELab	89.65, -2.35, -15.73
CIELCh	90, 15.908, 261.494
Yxy	75.5442, 0.2809, 0.3001
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291618047 (0xFFCCE4FF)
YUV	223.9020, 15.3313, -17.4541
Hunter-Lab	86.9162, -6.9163, -11.1006

# Details

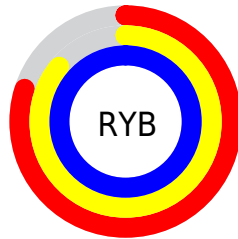
The XYZ color **70.6952, 75.5442, 105.4632** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **80.7146, 82.7702, 68.8504**, and the grayscale version is **70.6890, 74.3704, 80.9893**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **37.5310, 40.3539, 59.2371** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60.7006, 65.0945, 103.9730**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82.1281, 87.1696, 107.1046**.

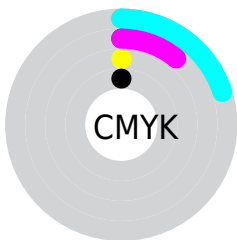
# Distribution



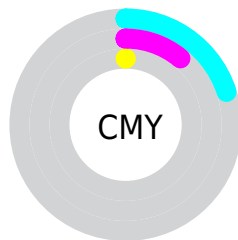
- Red (80%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 70.6952, 75.5442, 105.4632 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 70.6952, 75.5442, 105.4632 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 70.6952, 75.5442,  
105.4632

■ 70.6952, 75.5442,  
105.4632

452.2157,  
479.7860, 598.9654

■ 52.3751, 56.0588,  
80.2286

119.2205,  
127.0824, 170.7619

■ 37.5297, 40.2501,  
59.3792

150.1564,  
159.9040, 211.6632

■ 25.7934, 27.7336,  
42.4965

186.0284,  
197.9399, 258.6238

■ 16.8010, 18.1249,  
29.1618

227.2017,  
241.5743, 312.0622

■ 10.1871, 11.0397,  
18.9566

274.0417,  
291.1917, 372.3971

■ 5.5864, 6.0936,  
11.4624

326.9138,

■ 2.6335, 2.9021,

347.1766, 440.0469

6.2607

386.1833,  
409.9132, 515.4301

■ 0.9631, 1.0808,  
2.9329

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.0605

■ 70.6952, 75.5442,  
105.4632

■ 70.6952, 75.5442,  
105.4632

■ 60.7006, 65.0945,  
103.9730

■ 82.1281, 87.1696,  
107.1046

■ 52.0759, 55.7697,  
102.6277

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 44.7562, 47.5282,  
101.4227

■ 38.6681, 40.3216,  
100.3526

■ 33.7306, 34.0973,  
99.4114

■ 29.8515, 28.7961,  
98.5926

■ 26.9219, 24.3502,  
97.8889

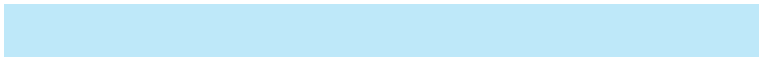
■ 24.7688, 20.6575,  
97.2896

■ 24.7686, 20.6572,  
97.2895

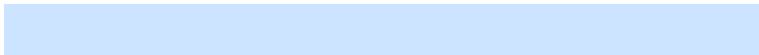
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67.2186, 75.5442, 100.2986



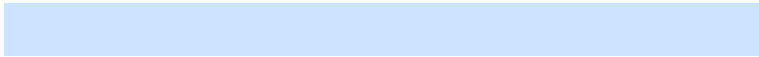
70.6952, 75.5442, 105.4632



74.5952, 75.5442, 103.9811

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.6952, 75.5442, 105.4632



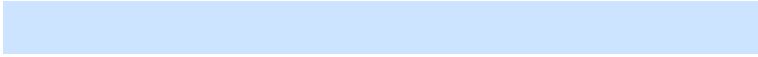
79.0343, 75.5442, 74.6082



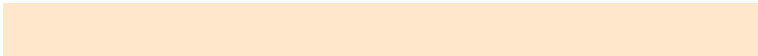
66.0733, 75.5442, 69.5534

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70.6952, 75.5442, 105.4632



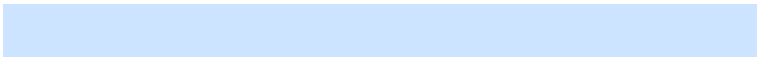
80.7146, 82.7702, 68.8504

# Split Complementary

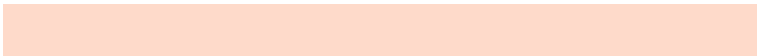
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69.0804, 75.5442, 63.7876



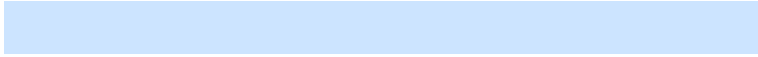
70.6952, 75.5442, 105.4632



76.5902, 75.5442, 66.5162

# Square

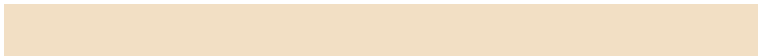
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70.6952, 75.5442, 105.4632



79.5050, 75.5442, 85.4838



72.9213, 75.5442, 62.7285

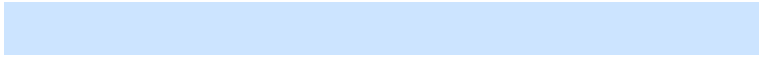


64.6143, 75.5442, 79.1081



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70.6952, 75.5442, 105.4632



76.9045, 75.5442, 99.4763



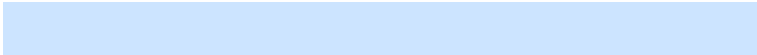
72.9213, 75.5442, 62.7285



66.9313, 75.5442, 67.1453

# Sweetspot

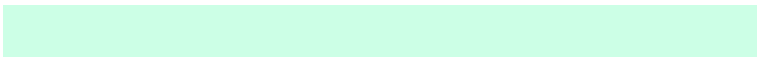
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.6973, 75.5472, 105.4637



87.1139, 92.1538, 107.8038



74.9948, 90.0906, 88.5583



18.4681, 19.5476, 23.0496



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

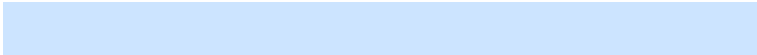


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

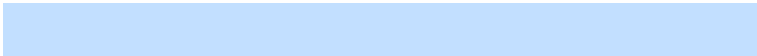


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.6973, 75.5472, 105.4637



66.5289, 71.2270, 104.8495



64.7796, 63.3651, 103.4242



17.7080, 18.7876, 22.9430



13.0888, 11.0872, 50.8848



1.3827, 1.2961, 4.9906



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76.8377, 70.0486, 82.8733



73.7533, 65.0610, 78.2034



87.5874, 96.9789, 71.2307



18.3652, 18.1294, 20.5405



23.3948, 11.8472, 10.7295

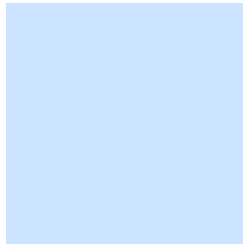


2.3325, 1.1754, 1.3325



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 70.6952, 75.5442, 105.4632 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

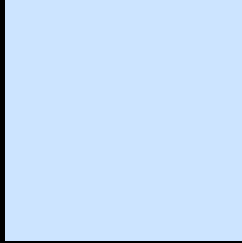
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 70.6952, 75.5442, 105.4632 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

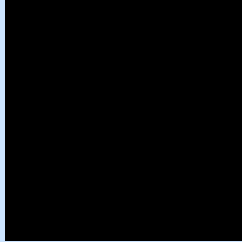
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

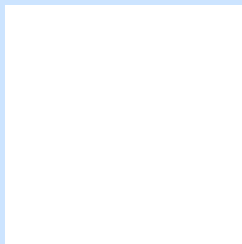
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 70.6952, 75.5442, 105.4632

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 70.6952, 75.5442, 105.4632.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 70.6952, 75.5442,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

70.6952, 75.5442, 105.4632

### Protanopia

73.7772, 75.1758, 102.7174

### Deuteranopia

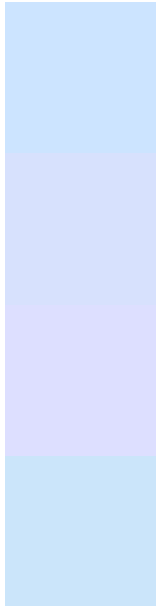
76.5982, 75.3953, 105.1233



## Tritanopia

69.4364, 75.4505, 98.8994

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

70.6952, 75.5442, 105.4632

## Protanomaly

72.6792, 75.3893, 103.6495

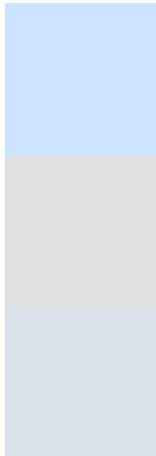
## Deuteranomaly

74.2565, 75.3675, 105.2414

## Tritanomaly

69.9032, 75.6373, 101.3576

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

70.6952, 75.5442, 105.4632

## Achromatopsia

70.8507, 74.5404, 81.1745

## Achromatomaly

70.5359, 74.6003, 89.2789

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 70.6952, 75.5442, 105.4632 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(204, 228, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 228, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 228, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 228, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 70.6952, 75.5442, 105.4632 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 228, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 228, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(204, 228, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(204, 228, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 228, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 228,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 70.6952, 75.5442, 105.4632 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 228, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204,  
228, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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