

# Converting Colors

XYZ(71.0290, 74.4031, 80.7201)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(71.0290, 74.4031, 80.7201)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(70.7583, 74.1106,  
80.3875)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E1DFDF
RGB	225, 223, 223
RGB Percent	88%, 87%, 87%
CMY	0.1176, 0.1255, 0.1255
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.01, 0.12
HSL	0°, 3%, 88%
HSV	0°, 1%, 88%
XYZ	70.7583, 74.1106, 80.3875
YIQ	223.5980, 1.1920, 0.4240

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

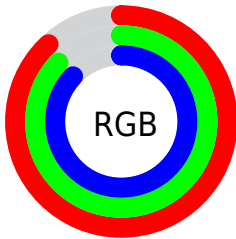
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	225, 223, 223
Decimal	14802911
CIE Lab	88.97, 0.68, 0.23
CIE LCh	89, 0.718, 18.618
Yxy	74.1106, 0.3141, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292992991 (0xFFE1DFDF)
YUV	223.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296
Hunter-Lab	86.0875, -3.9378, 4.8970

# Details

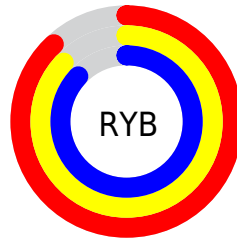
The XYZ color **70.7583, 74.1106, 80.3875** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **70.9473, 74.9738, 81.9673**, and the grayscale version is **70.5679, 74.2430, 80.8506**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **37.6481, 39.3785, 42.6623** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62.3170, 61.7637, 63.5885**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80.4029, 88.2169, 99.5783**.

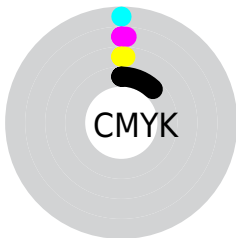
# Distribution



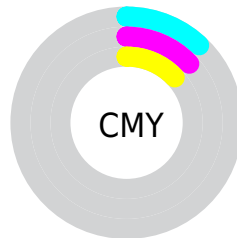
- Red (88%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (13%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 70.7583, 74.1106, 80.3875 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 70.7583, 74.1106, 80.3875 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 70.7583, 74.1106,  
80.3875

■ 70.7583, 74.1106,  
80.3875

452.4331,  
474.8550, 515.9789

■ 52.4268, 54.8846,  
59.5092

119.3099,  
125.0526, 135.7267

■ 37.5710, 39.3093,  
42.6005

150.2607,  
157.5373, 171.0247

■ 25.8256, 27.0004,  
29.2427

186.1487,  
195.2104, 211.9665

■ 16.8252, 17.5735,  
19.0173

227.3391,  
238.4562, 258.9704

■ 10.2045, 10.6443,  
11.5059

274.1974,  
287.6592, 312.4550

■ 5.5981, 5.8282,  
6.2897

327.0889,

■ 2.6406, 2.7409,

343.2038, 372.8390

2.9504

386.3790,  
405.4742, 440.5408

■ 0.9667, 0.9980,  
1.0694

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 70.7583, 74.1106,  
80.3875

■ 70.7583, 74.1106,  
80.3875

■ 62.3170, 61.7637,  
63.5885

■ 80.4029, 88.2169,  
99.5783

■ 55.0258, 51.0981,  
49.0829

■ 84.8618, 94.7478,  
108.4232

■ 48.8368, 42.0441,  
36.7728

■ 43.6965, 34.5233,  
26.5513

■ 39.5468, 28.4508,  
18.3025

■ 36.3239, 23.7337,  
11.8993

■ 33.9568, 20.2679,  
7.1998

■ 32.3640, 17.9346,  
4.0415

■ 31.4485, 16.5920,  
2.2305

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.7693, 74.1106, 80.8836



70.7583, 74.1106, 80.3875



70.6619, 74.1106, 79.9751

# Triad

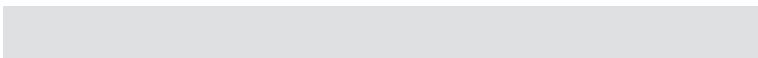
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.7583, 74.1106, 80.3875



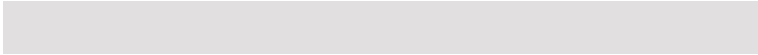
70.1885, 74.1106, 80.0604



70.3737, 74.1106, 81.6394

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70.7583, 74.1106, 80.3875



70.9473, 74.9738, 81.9673

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.2184, 74.1106, 81.4169



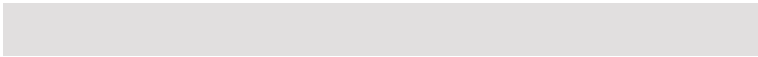
70.7583, 74.1106, 80.3875



70.1115, 74.1106, 80.5044

# Square

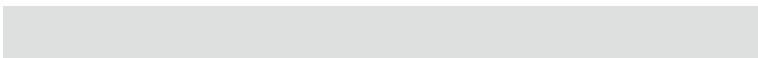
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



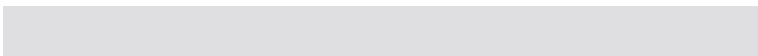
70.7583, 74.1106, 80.3875



70.3329, 74.1106, 79.7868



70.1225, 74.1106, 81.0010



70.5471, 74.1106, 81.6078



# Rectangle

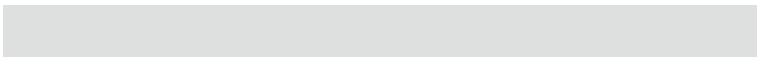
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70.7583, 74.1106, 80.3875



70.5623, 74.1106, 79.8025



70.1225, 74.1106, 81.0010



70.3177, 74.1106, 81.5918

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.7604, 74.1138, 80.3891

95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000



71.0307, 74.2203, 81.8174



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.7604, 74.1138, 80.3891



93.8355, 98.2236, 106.4832



71.0274, 74.6477, 80.4781



15.2743, 15.9937, 17.3435



17.8967, 9.2313, 0.8386



1.2412, 0.6413, 0.0584



# Inverse Universe

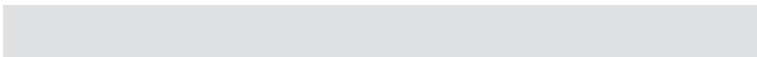
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70.9473, 74.9738, 81.9673



94.1166, 99.5166, 108.8559



70.6788, 74.4367, 81.8778



15.3172, 16.1910, 17.7055



23.2833, 34.0362, 46.3908

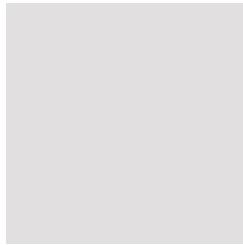


1.6146, 2.3606, 3.2158



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 70.7583, 74.1106, 80.3875 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

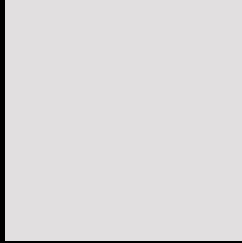
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 70.7583, 74.1106, 80.3875 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

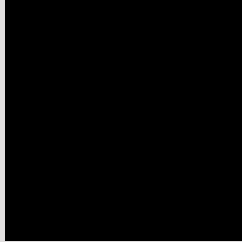
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

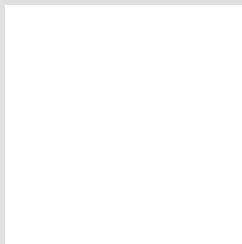


**XYZ 70.7583, 74.1106, 80.3875**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 70.7583, 74.1106, 80.3875.



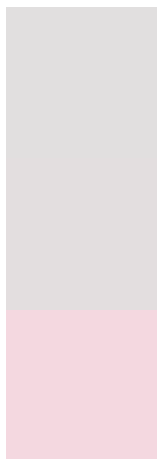
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 70.7583, 74.1106,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

70.7583, 74.1106, 80.3875

### Protanopia

71.1191, 73.9012, 80.3280

### Deuteranopia

75.3186, 73.7266, 80.7820



## Tritanopia

72.9676, 74.2168, 91.3684

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

70.7583, 74.1106, 80.3875

## Protanomaly

70.8046, 73.7390, 80.3133

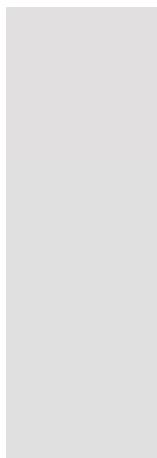
## Deuteranomaly

73.7111, 74.0494, 80.9290

## Tritanomaly

72.1933, 74.2945, 87.6261

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

70.7583, 74.1106, 80.3875

## Achromatopsia

70.8507, 74.5404, 81.1745

## Achromatomaly

70.8507, 74.5404, 81.1745

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 70.7583, 74.1106, 80.3875 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(225, 223, 223) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(225, 223, 223)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 223, 223) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(225, 223, 223) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 70.7583, 74.1106, 80.3875 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(225, 223, 223) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(225, 223, 223) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(225, 223, 223)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(225, 223, 223); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 223, 223);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 223,  
223) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 70.7583, 74.1106, 80.3875 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(225, 223, 223) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(225,  
223, 223) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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