

# Converting Colors

XYZ(71.0423, 88.4304, 71.3212)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(71.0423, 88.4304, 71.3212)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(70.8668, 88.3453,  
71.0749)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C9FFCD
RGB	201, 255, 205
RGB Percent	79%, 100%, 80%
CMY	0.2118, 0.0000, 0.1961
CMYK	0.21, 0.00, 0.20, 0.00
HSL	124°, 100%, 89%
HSV	124°, 21%, 100%
XYZ	70.8668, 88.3453, 71.0749
YIQ	233.1540, -16.1340, -26.9980

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

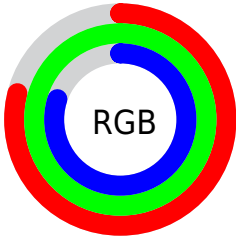
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">201, 251, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">13238221</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">95.31, -26.38, 18.41</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">95, 32.170, 145.082</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">88.3453, 0.3077, 0.3836</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4291428301</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFC9FFCD</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">233.1540, -13.8799, -28.1991</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">93.9922, -29.9036, 20.9607</a>

# Details

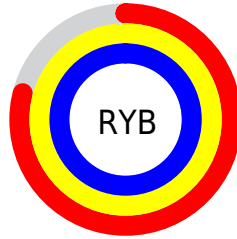
The XYZ color **70.8668, 88.3453, 71.0749** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **79.5394, 69.9988, 100.5849**, and the grayscale version is **77.6776, 81.7228, 88.9962**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **37.6341, 48.7335, 36.7011** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61.9326, 84.0444, 56.8850**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81.3703, 93.4054, 87.5860**.

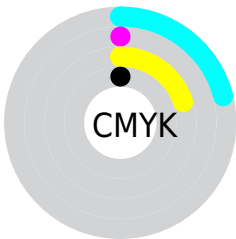
# Distribution



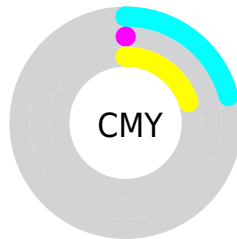
- Red (79%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (98%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 70.8668, 88.3453, 71.0749 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 70.8668, 88.3453, 71.0749 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 70.8668, 88.3453,  
71.0749

 70.8668, 88.3453,  
71.0749


452.8068,  
522.6334, 483.2059

 52.5156, 66.6091,  
51.9211

119.4636,  
145.0378, 122.4358

 37.6422, 48.7670,  
36.5604


150.4399,  
180.7628, 155.4800

 25.8810, 34.4347,  
24.5742


186.3554,  
221.9196, 193.9915

 16.8669, 23.2277,  
15.5440

227.5753,  
268.8925, 238.3887

 10.2343, 14.7618,  
9.0512

274.4651,  
322.0660, 289.0902

 5.6181, 8.6524,  
4.6773

327.3900,

 2.6527, 4.5151,

381.8243, 346.5145

2.0038

386.7154,  
448.5520, 411.0803

■ 0.9729, 1.9657,  
0.5576

■ 0.0000, 0.5874,  
0.0000

■ 70.8668, 88.3453,  
71.0749

■ 70.8668, 88.3453,  
71.0749

■ 61.9326, 84.0444,  
56.8850

■ 81.3703, 93.4054,  
87.5860

■ 54.4906, 80.4652,  
44.9084

■ 93.5114, 99.2581,  
106.5113

■ 48.4598, 77.5685,  
35.0347

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 43.7508, 75.3107,  
27.1427

■ 40.2640, 73.6434,  
21.0984

■ 37.8857, 72.5111,  
16.7516

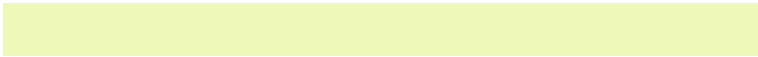
■ 36.4804, 71.8477,  
13.9286

■ 35.8766, 71.5667,  
12.5342

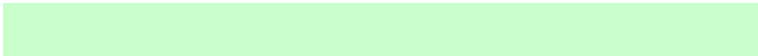
# Harmonies

## Analogous

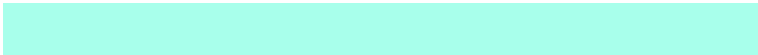
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77.0107, 88.3453, 58.6949



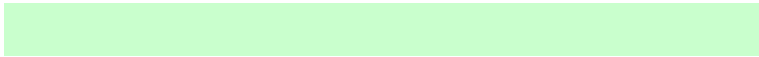
70.8668, 88.3453, 71.0749



68.2398, 88.3453, 92.1051

# Triad

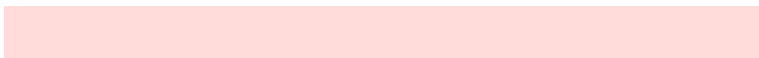
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.8668, 88.3453, 71.0749



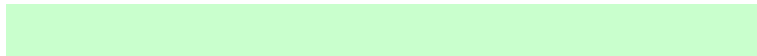
82.5298, 88.3453, 152.8878



100.2158, 88.3453, 77.1088

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70.8668, 88.3453, 71.0749



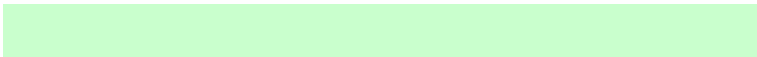
79.5394, 69.9988, 100.5849

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



101.9479, 88.3453, 100.4001



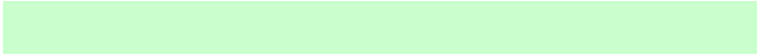
70.8668, 88.3453, 71.0749



91.3355, 88.3453, 146.9951

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70.8668, 88.3453, 71.0749



74.6673, 88.3453, 141.5614



98.5953, 88.3453, 126.6250

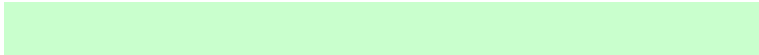


94.0140, 88.3453, 61.7292



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70.8668, 88.3453, 71.0749



68.6933, 88.3453, 109.3373



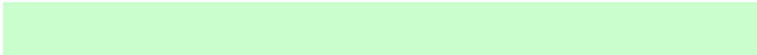
98.5953, 88.3453, 126.6250



101.3576, 88.3453, 84.1468

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.8674, 88.3456, 71.0763



87.4457, 96.3337, 97.0742



86.2307, 96.3207, 69.3060



18.5476, 20.5378, 20.5139



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

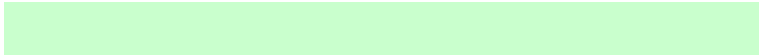


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

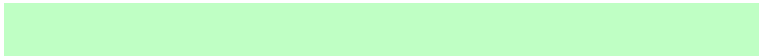


# Same Dimension

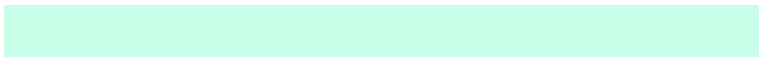
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.8674, 88.3456, 71.0763



67.2696, 86.6131, 65.3813



74.3565, 89.7412, 89.4495



17.8262, 20.1900, 19.3876



18.7658, 37.4029, 6.6520



1.8452, 3.6490, 0.7427



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79.5394, 69.9988, 100.5849



77.2241, 65.5502, 99.2523



75.6359, 68.4374, 80.0295



18.7312, 18.2758, 22.4674



29.4925, 14.2863, 42.8396

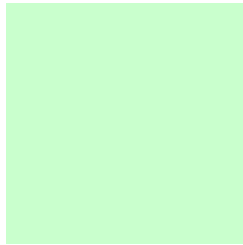


2.8882, 1.3977, 4.2588



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 70.8668, 88.3453, 71.0749 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

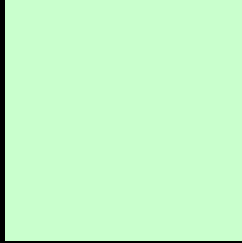
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 70.8668, 88.3453, 71.0749 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

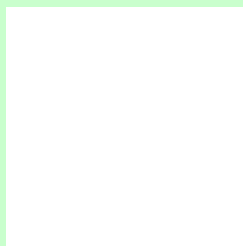
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 70.8668, 88.3453, 71.0749**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 70.8668, 88.3453, 71.0749.



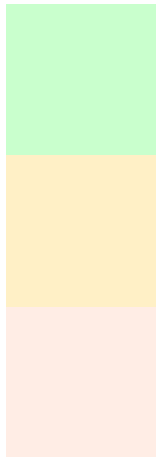
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 70.8668, 88.3453,

71.0749.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

70.8668, 88.3453, 71.0749

### Protanopia

82.5931, 87.6574, 65.9925

### Deuteranopia

85.6670, 87.4855, 86.5000



## Tritanopia

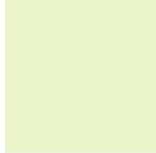
81.7647, 88.0901, 107.3014

# Trichromacy



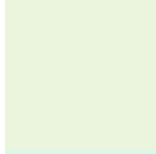
## Original Color

70.8668, 88.3453, 71.0749



## Protanomaly

77.4560, 87.1840, 68.0042



## Deuteranomaly

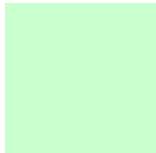
79.5299, 87.5308, 80.4136



## Tritanomaly

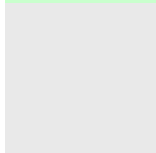
77.4687, 88.0009, 93.0236

# Monochromacy



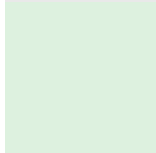
## Original Color

70.8668, 88.3453, 71.0749



## Achromatopsia

77.4512, 81.4847, 88.7368



## Achromatomaly

74.5934, 83.6105, 82.0190

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 70.8668, 88.3453, 71.0749 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(201, 255, 205)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(201, 255, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 255, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(201, 255, 205) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 70.8668, 88.3453, 71.0749 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(201, 255, 205) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(201, 255, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(201, 255, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(201, 255, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 255, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 255,  
205) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 70.8668, 88.3453, 71.0749 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(201, 255, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(201,  
255, 205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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