

# Converting Colors

XYZ(71.2642, 70.3174, 53.1516)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(71.2642, 70.3174, 53.1516)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(71.3161, 70.3930,  
53.0085)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FBD3B4
RGB	251, 211, 180
RGB Percent	98%, 83%, 71%
CMY	0.0157, 0.1725, 0.2941
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.28, 0.02
HSL	26°, 90%, 85%
HSV	26°, 28%, 98%
XYZ	71.3161, 70.3930, 53.0085
YIQ	219.4260, 33.7910, -1.1610

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

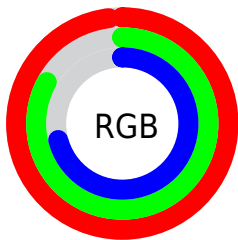
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	251, 235, 180
Decimal	16503732
CIE Lab	87.19, 9.56, 20.58
CIE LCh	87, 22.692, 65.071
Yxy	70.3930, 0.3663, 0.3615
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294693812 (0xFFFBD3B4)
YUV	219.4260, -19.4370, 27.6904
Hunter-Lab	83.9005, 4.9004, 21.2709

# Details

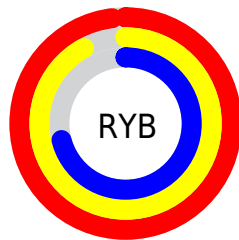
The XYZ color **71.3161, 70.3930, 53.0085** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **61.8275, 67.8528, 101.1052**, and the grayscale version is **67.7437, 71.2717, 77.6148**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.1403, 98.8361, 93.5778**, and **37.9674, 36.7786, 25.1766** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65.6280, 62.7447, 39.6191**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77.7800, 78.8510, 68.9424**.

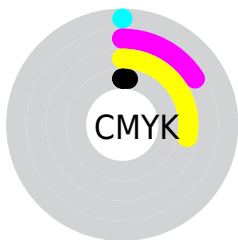
# Distribution



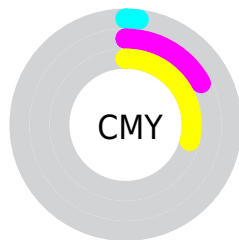
- Red (98%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (92%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Black (2%)




- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (29%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 71.3161, 70.3930, 53.0085 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 71.3161, 70.3930, 53.0085 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 71.3161, 70.3930,  
53.0085

 71.3161, 70.3930,  
53.0085


454.3523,  
461.9287, 415.3850

 52.8837, 51.8470,  
37.4218


 120.0998,  
119.7690, 96.0586

 37.9370, 36.8831,  
25.2359


151.1817,  
151.3678, 124.3590

 26.1108, 25.1170,  
16.0323


187.2109,  
188.0864, 157.7344

 17.0397, 16.1643,  
9.3924

228.5526,  
230.3090, 196.6033

 10.3583, 9.6405,  
4.8977

275.5723,  
278.4202, 241.3843

 5.7012, 5.1612,  
2.1297

328.6352,

 2.7032, 2.3422,

332.8043, 292.4958

0.6333

388.1068,  
393.8456, 350.3565

■ 0.9988, 0.7959,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 71.3161, 70.3930,  
53.0085

■ 71.3161, 70.3930,  
53.0085

■ 65.6280, 62.7447,  
39.6191

■ 77.7800, 78.8510,  
68.9424

■ 60.6772, 55.8706,  
28.6355

■ 85.0448, 88.1334,  
87.5407

■ 56.4299, 49.7463,  
19.9122

■ 93.0928, 98.2474,  
108.6649

■ 52.8470, 44.3426,  
13.2861

■ 93.5937, 99.2493,  
108.8318

■ 49.8850, 39.6275,  
8.5718

■ 47.4934, 35.5657,  
5.5503

■ 45.6051, 32.1143,  
3.9185

■ 45.3176, 31.5771,  
3.7065

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



75.6423, 70.3930, 60.9995



71.3161, 70.3930, 53.0085



66.0053, 70.3930, 50.9877

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71.3161, 70.3930, 53.0085



57.2158, 70.3930, 79.2677



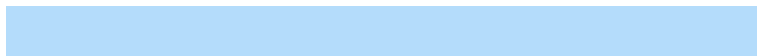
72.9646, 70.3930, 103.2414

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71.3161, 70.3930, 53.0085



61.8275, 67.8528, 101.1052

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



67.8157, 70.3930, 109.7270



71.3161, 70.3930, 53.0085



58.8705, 70.3930, 94.7624

# Square

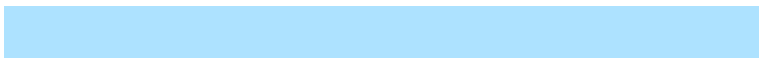
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71.3161, 70.3930, 53.0085



58.0433, 70.3930, 64.9374



62.6824, 70.3930, 106.4355



76.6289, 70.3930, 89.6837



# Rectangle

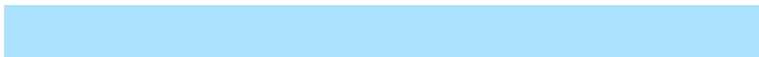
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71.3161, 70.3930, 53.0085



62.6603, 70.3930, 53.0326



62.6824, 70.3930, 106.4355



71.3402, 70.3930, 106.3972

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71.3179, 70.3962, 53.0100



88.3806, 91.6410, 91.3249



69.0547, 58.3322, 75.4926



18.6620, 19.2921, 18.8845



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71.3179, 70.3962, 53.0100



70.4460, 68.3186, 46.6664



81.0592, 89.8787, 56.2570



17.8682, 18.4722, 18.0861



23.9597, 16.8761, 1.9946

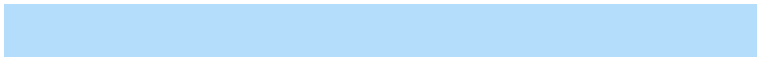


2.3225, 1.7698, 0.2192

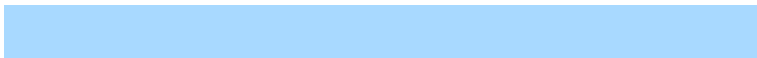


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.8275, 67.8528, 101.1052



59.1111, 65.2751, 104.0916



53.5290, 51.2557, 98.3390



17.0943, 18.2655, 22.0099



14.3374, 14.0304, 49.9260

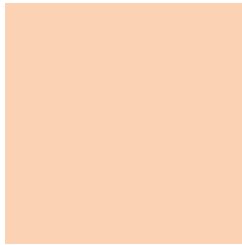


1.4334, 1.5105, 4.6592



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 71.3161, 70.3930, 53.0085 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

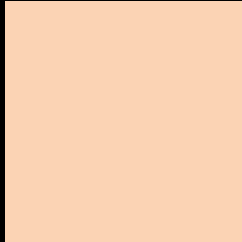
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 71.3161, 70.3930, 53.0085 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

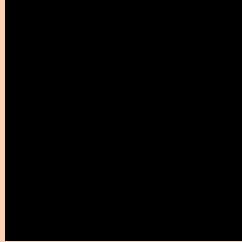
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 71.3161, 70.3930, 53.0085**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 71.3161, 70.3930, 53.0085.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 71.3161, 70.3930,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

71.3161, 70.3930, 53.0085

### Protanopia

66.2518, 70.3847, 54.8935

### Deuteranopia

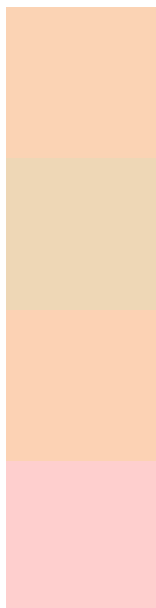
71.7928, 70.2711, 52.9598



## Tritanopia

76.1225, 70.1431, 77.9335

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

71.3161, 70.3930, 53.0085

## Protanomaly

68.0038, 70.1554, 54.2131

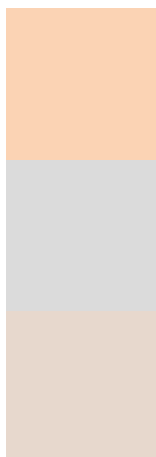
## Deuteranomaly

71.4297, 70.0839, 52.9428

## Tritanomaly

74.3265, 70.1527, 68.0159

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

71.3161, 70.3930, 53.0085

## Achromatopsia

67.3311, 70.8376, 77.1421

## Achromatomaly

68.5303, 70.5084, 67.7552

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 71.3161, 70.3930, 53.0085 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(251, 211, 180)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(251, 211, 180)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(251, 211, 180) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(251, 211, 180) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 71.3161, 70.3930, 53.0085 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(251, 211, 180) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(251, 211, 180) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(251, 211, 180)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(251, 211, 180); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 211, 180);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 211,  
180) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 71.3161, 70.3930, 53.0085 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(251, 211, 180) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(251,  
211, 180) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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