

# Converting Colors

XYZ(71.3998, 74.6451, 94.5222)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(71.3998, 74.6451, 94.5222)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(71.2979, 74.4738, 94.6215)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(71.2979, 74.4738,  
94.6215)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D9E0F2
RGB	217, 224, 242
RGB Percent	85%, 88%, 95%
CMY	0.1490, 0.1215, 0.0510
CMYK	0.10, 0.07, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	223°, 49%, 90%
HSV	223°, 10%, 95%
XYZ	71.2979, 74.4738, 94.6215
YIQ	223.9590, -9.9500, 4.1140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

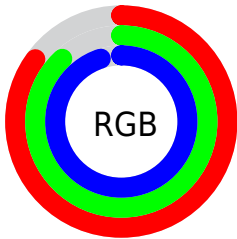
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	217, 222, 242
Decimal	14278898
CIE Lab	89.15, 1.09, -9.57
CIE LCh	89, 9.632, 276.508
Yxy	74.4738, 0.2966, 0.3098
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292468978 (0xFFD9E0F2)
YUV	223.9590, 8.8942, -6.1030
Hunter-Lab	86.2982, -3.5486, -4.5997

# Details

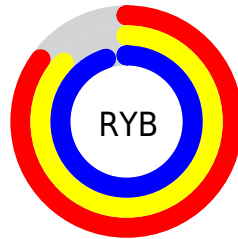
The XYZ color **71.2979, 74.4738, 94.6215** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **78.8510, 83.3031, 77.5702**, and the grayscale version is **70.7676, 74.4531, 81.0794**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **37.9512, 39.6025, 52.0982** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60.1812, 62.1467, 92.8292**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83.9534, 88.3104, 96.6264**.

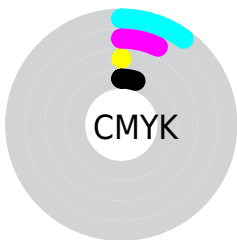
# Distribution



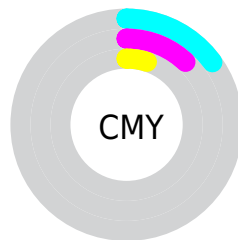
- Red (85%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (5%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 71.2979, 74.4738, 94.6215 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 71.2979, 74.4738, 94.6215 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 71.2979, 74.4738,  
94.6215

■ 71.2979, 74.4738,  
94.6215

454.2898,  
476.1070, 563.9059

■ 52.8687, 55.1819,  
71.2248

120.0740,  
125.5672, 155.7327

■ 37.9251, 39.5474,  
52.0427

151.1517,  
158.1376, 194.2843

■ 26.1015, 27.1858,  
36.6567

187.1763,  
195.9028, 238.7246

■ 17.0327, 17.7128,  
24.6481

228.5131,  
239.2474, 289.4721

■ 10.3532, 10.7440,  
15.5984

275.5275,  
288.5557, 346.9455

■ 5.6978, 5.8950,  
9.0892

328.5848,

■ 2.7011, 2.7813,

344.2122, 411.5632

4.7018

388.0505,  
406.6011, 483.7439

■ 0.9978, 1.0187,  
2.0177

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.5661

■ 71.2979, 74.4738,  
94.6215

■ 71.2979, 74.4738,  
94.6215

■ 60.1812, 62.1467,  
92.8292

■ 83.9534, 88.3104,  
96.6264

■ 50.5368, 51.2673,  
91.2376

■ 93.0272, 99.1909,  
98.2483

■ 42.3026, 41.7834,  
89.8410

■ 35.4096, 33.6357,  
88.6316

■ 29.7827, 26.7607,  
87.6012

■ 25.3389, 21.0890,  
86.7407

■ 21.9845, 16.5438,  
86.0401

■ 19.6098, 13.0378,  
85.4886

■ 18.0818, 10.5200,  
85.0831

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



69.0012, 74.4738, 93.5306



71.2979, 74.4738, 94.6215



73.5043, 74.4738, 91.9286

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71.2979, 74.4738, 94.6215



74.4751, 74.4738, 73.6399



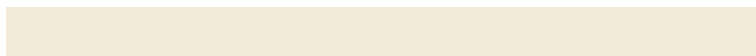
66.7261, 74.4738, 76.0453

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71.2979, 74.4738, 94.6215



78.8510, 83.3031, 77.5702

# Split Complementary

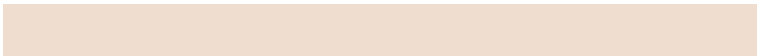
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.1338, 74.4738, 71.1374



71.2979, 74.4738, 94.6215



72.5995, 74.4738, 69.8033

# Square

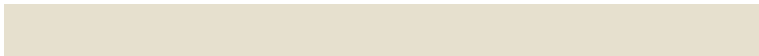
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71.2979, 74.4738, 94.6215



75.3646, 74.4738, 79.6331



70.2748, 74.4738, 68.9130



66.3950, 74.4738, 82.5632



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71.2979, 74.4738, 94.6215



74.6161, 74.4738, 88.4331



70.2748, 74.4738, 68.9130



67.0875, 74.4738, 74.1638

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71.3001, 74.4769, 94.6232



90.5596, 95.1144, 108.1937



75.3520, 84.2506, 90.8259



19.1324, 20.0846, 23.1183



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71.3001, 74.4769, 94.6232



78.0456, 81.3932, 106.2048



71.0931, 71.6334, 94.0852



15.2577, 15.9496, 19.9960



9.8126, 5.8495, 45.7398



0.8974, 0.6487, 3.8321



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.8870, 73.8863, 80.8391



82.7073, 80.6682, 88.2812



79.0638, 86.4482, 78.1660



15.9548, 15.8316, 17.3181



20.2786, 10.3839, 4.1176

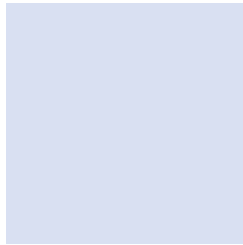


1.7279, 0.8802, 0.5580



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 71.2979, 74.4738, 94.6215 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

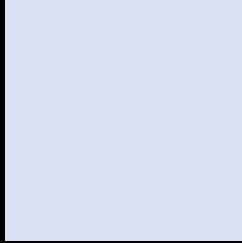
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 71.2979, 74.4738, 94.6215 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

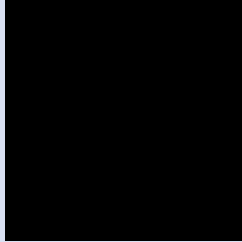
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 71.2979, 74.4738, 94.6215

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 71.2979, 74.4738, 94.6215.



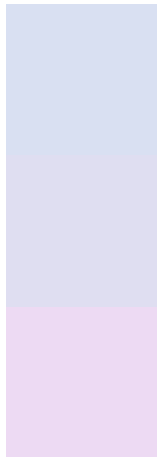
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 71.2979, 74.4738,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

71.2979, 74.4738, 94.6215

### Protanopia

72.4299, 74.2814, 93.7394

### Deuteranopia

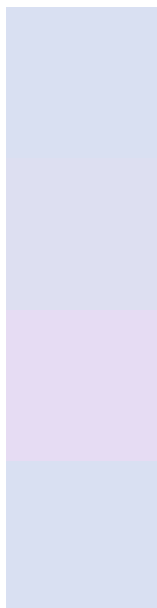
76.1741, 74.6184, 95.1820



## Tritanopia

71.2979, 74.4738, 94.6215

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

71.2979, 74.4738, 94.6215

## Protanomaly

72.0837, 74.4984, 93.7995

## Deuteranomaly

74.4040, 74.4805, 95.2487

## Tritanomaly

71.2979, 74.4738, 94.6215

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

71.2979, 74.4738, 94.6215

## Achromatopsia

70.8507, 74.5404, 81.1745

## Achromatomaly

70.8983, 74.4530, 86.2354

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 71.2979, 74.4738, 94.6215 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(217, 224, 242) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(217, 224, 242)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 224, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(217, 224, 242) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 71.2979, 74.4738, 94.6215 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(217, 224, 242) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(217, 224, 242) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 224, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(217, 224, 242); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 224, 242);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 224,  
242) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 71.2979, 74.4738, 94.6215 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(217, 224, 242) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(217,  
224, 242) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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