

# Converting Colors

XYZ(71.4558, 54.9274, 50.9396)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(71.4558, 54.9274, 50.9396)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(62.6038, 50.4781,  
50.6996)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFA2B6
RGB	255, 162, 182
RGB Percent	100%, 64%, 71%
CMY	0.0000, 0.3647, 0.2863
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.29, 0.00
HSL	347°, 100%, 82%
HSV	347°, 36%, 100%
XYZ	62.6038, 50.4781, 50.6996
YIQ	192.0870, 49.0080, 25.9360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

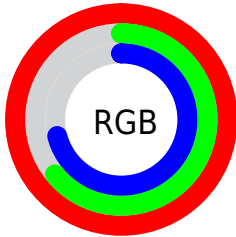
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">255, 162, 182</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16753334</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">76.36, 36.92, 4.23</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">76, 37.165, 6.532</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">50.4781, 0.3822, 0.3082</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294943414</a> (0xFFFFA2B6)
YUV	<a href="#">192.0870, -4.9729, 55.1747</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">71.0479, 32.9511, 7.4244</a>

# Details

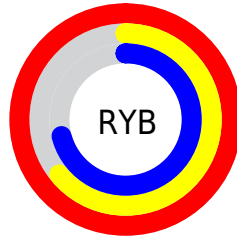
The XYZ color **62.6038, 50.4781, 50.6996** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **65.6579, 85.2006, 91.5865**, and the grayscale version is **50.1631, 52.7755, 57.4725**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81.7440, 77.5759, 91.5542**, and **32.1960, 24.2580, 23.7542** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56.6358, 41.6195, 39.2232**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69.7809, 61.2812, 64.0391**.

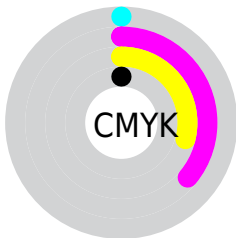
# Distribution



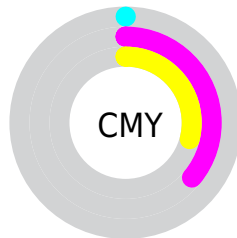
- Red (100%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (29%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 62.6038, 50.4781, 50.6996 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 62.6038, 50.4781, 50.6996 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 62.6038, 50.4781,  
50.6996


 62.6038, 50.4781,  
50.6996


423.8127,  
388.5327, 406.2087

 45.7782, 35.7934,  
35.5945

 107.6827, 90.8828,  
92.6175

 32.2747, 24.2747,  
23.8340


 136.6668,  
117.3717, 120.2675

 21.7280, 15.5375,  
14.9995

170.4344,  
148.5641, 152.9361

 13.7726, 9.1975,  
8.6724

209.3509,  
184.8444, 191.0420

 8.0433, 4.8702,  
4.4342

253.7816,  
226.5970, 235.0036

 4.1747, 2.1713,  
1.8665

304.0919,

 1.8015, 0.7043,

274.2063, 285.2396

0.4713

360.6471,  
328.0568, 342.1685

■ 0.5185, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 62.6038, 50.4781,  
50.6996

■ 62.6038, 50.4781,  
50.6996

■ 56.6358, 41.6195,  
39.2232

■ 69.7809, 61.2812,  
64.0391

■ 51.8051, 34.5824,  
29.5226

■ 78.2256, 74.1278,  
79.3175

■ 48.0382, 29.2410,  
21.5080

■ 87.9973, 89.1186,  
96.6098

■ 45.2511, 25.4504,  
15.0801

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 43.3464, 23.0411,  
10.1284

■ 42.2044, 21.8022,  
6.5265

■ 41.9254, 21.5342,  
5.5395

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.3887, 50.4781, 71.7553



62.6038, 50.4781, 50.6996



59.6048, 50.4781, 35.0900

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



62.6038, 50.4781, 50.6996



40.4157, 50.4781, 29.4772



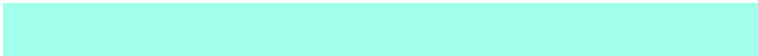
42.8234, 50.4781, 98.3566

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62.6038, 50.4781, 50.6996



65.6579, 85.2006, 91.5865

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37.9708, 50.4781, 81.1990



62.6038, 50.4781, 50.6996



36.6780, 50.4781, 41.0175

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



62.6038, 50.4781, 50.6996



46.4655, 50.4781, 24.9098



35.8283, 50.4781, 59.4570



49.5228, 50.4781, 102.7439



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62.6038, 50.4781, 50.6996



55.7759, 50.4781, 28.7050



35.8283, 50.4781, 59.4570



40.9429, 50.4781, 93.7186

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62.6051, 50.4805, 50.7006



83.4007, 82.0529, 88.5186



65.1835, 50.7000, 100.9583



17.5685, 17.1291, 18.4461



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62.6051, 50.4805, 50.7006



58.0005, 43.6321, 41.8872



65.8213, 59.9871, 42.2951



18.1692, 18.0510, 19.5081



21.9511, 11.2697, 3.1272



2.1754, 1.1125, 0.5052



# Inverse Universe

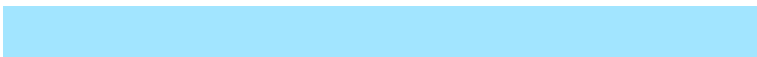
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.6051, 50.4805, 50.7006



58.0005, 43.6321, 41.8872



60.8748, 70.7483, 105.0551



18.1692, 18.0510, 19.5081



21.9511, 11.2697, 3.1272



2.1754, 1.1125, 0.5052



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 62.6038, 50.4781, 50.6996 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

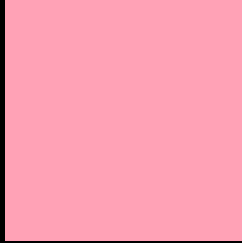
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 62.6038, 50.4781, 50.6996 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

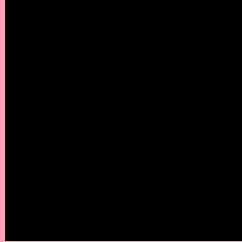
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 62.6038, 50.4781, 50.6996**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 62.6038, 50.4781, 50.6996.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 62.6038, 50.4781,

50.6996.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

62.6038, 50.4781, 50.6996

### Protanopia

49.2965, 50.9448, 60.0585

### Deuteranopia

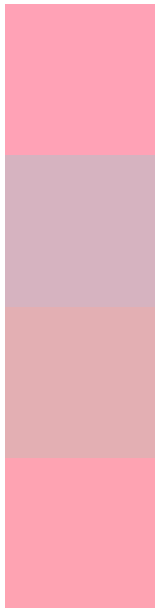
51.6278, 50.5191, 49.1496



## Tritanopia

61.7081, 50.3604, 47.0256

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

62.6038, 50.4781, 50.6996

## Protanomaly

53.3661, 50.3421, 56.7735

## Deuteranomaly

55.1452, 50.2455, 49.4397

## Tritanomaly

62.0061, 50.4796, 48.5949

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

62.6038, 50.4781, 50.6996

## Achromatopsia

50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028

## Achromatomaly

53.6253, 51.1257, 54.6188

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 62.6038, 50.4781, 50.6996 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 162, 182)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 162, 182)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 162, 182) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 162, 182) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 62.6038, 50.4781, 50.6996 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 162, 182) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 162, 182) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 162, 182)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 162, 182); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 162, 182);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 162,  
182) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 62.6038, 50.4781, 50.6996 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 162, 182) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
162, 182) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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