

# Converting Colors

XYZ(71.5272, 63.7924, 67.6468)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(71.5272, 63.7924, 67.6468)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(71.5724, 63.9049,  
67.5941)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFC1CF
RGB	255, 193, 207
RGB Percent	100%, 76%, 81%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2431, 0.1882
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.19, 0.00
HSL	346°, 100%, 88%
HSV	346°, 24%, 100%
XYZ	71.5724, 63.9049, 67.5941
YIQ	213.1340, 32.4580, 17.4980

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

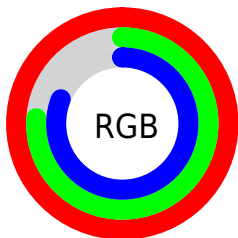
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 193, 207
Decimal	16761295
CIE Lab	83.92, 24.22, 1.66
CIE LCh	84, 24.272, 3.912
Yxy	63.9049, 0.3524, 0.3147
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294951375 (0xFFFFC1CF)
YUV	213.1340, -3.0241, 36.7165
Hunter-Lab	79.9405, 19.9188, 5.8254

# Details

The XYZ color **71.5724, 63.9049, 67.5941** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **73.6318, 89.2094, 96.5612**, and the grayscale version is **63.3412, 66.6399, 72.5709**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.4756, 96.8512, 108.3752**, and **38.0083, 32.6355, 34.4330** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64.1489, 52.6822, 53.9463**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80.2728, 77.1977, 83.1583**.

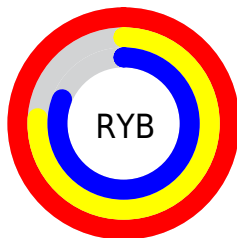
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (76%)

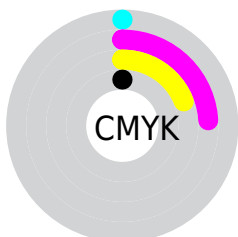
Blue (81%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (76%)

Blue (81%)

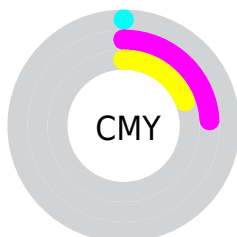


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (19%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (24%)


Yellow (19%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 71.5724, 63.9049, 67.5941 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 71.5724, 63.9049, 67.5941 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 71.5724, 63.9049,  
67.5941

 71.5724, 63.9049,  
67.5941

455.2327,  
438.8461, 470.6155

 53.0937, 46.5737,  
49.1030

 120.4625,  
110.4740, 117.4200

 38.1053, 32.6987,  
34.3350

151.6046,  
140.4806, 149.5918

 26.2420, 21.8958,  
22.8716


187.6985,  
175.4811, 187.1610

 17.1384, 13.7803,  
14.2943

229.1095,  
215.8599, 230.5460

 10.4291, 7.9680,  
8.1846

276.2031,  
262.0014, 280.1654

 5.7489, 4.0745,  
4.1238

329.3446,

 2.7322, 1.7153,

314.2900, 336.4378

1.6935

388.8993,  
373.1102, 399.7816

■ 1.0138, 0.4336,  
0.3563

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 71.5724, 63.9049,  
67.5941

■ 71.5724, 63.9049,  
67.5941

■ 64.1489, 52.6822,  
53.9463

■ 80.2728, 77.1977,  
83.1583

■ 57.9367, 43.4169,  
42.1359

■ 90.3021, 92.6489,  
100.7056

■ 52.8711, 35.9987,  
32.0840

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 48.8797, 30.3025,  
23.7044

■ 45.8814, 26.1878,  
16.9034

■ 43.7830, 23.4916,  
11.5772

■ 42.4718, 22.0150,  
7.6082

■ 41.9927, 21.5611,  
5.8938

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.4379, 63.9049, 83.3333



71.5724, 63.9049, 67.5941



69.6673, 63.9049, 54.4283

# Triad

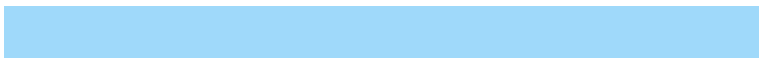
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71.5724, 63.9049, 67.5941



55.1883, 63.9049, 47.9158



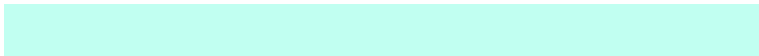
56.3346, 63.9049, 99.4806

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71.5724, 63.9049, 67.5941



73.6318, 89.2094, 96.5612

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.6093, 63.9049, 87.3148



71.5724, 63.9049, 67.5941



51.9752, 63.9049, 57.4326

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71.5724, 63.9049, 67.5941



60.0417, 63.9049, 44.1698



51.0592, 63.9049, 71.6076



61.4431, 63.9049, 103.2429



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71.5724, 63.9049, 67.5941



66.9919, 63.9049, 48.4170



51.0592, 63.9049, 71.6076



54.8892, 63.9049, 96.1587

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71.5740, 63.9077, 67.5954



87.4717, 88.2769, 95.7887



73.2383, 63.9817, 103.0974



18.5895, 18.6896, 20.2708



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

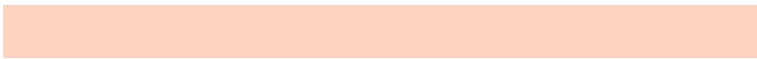
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71.5740, 63.9077, 67.5954



67.9376, 58.3935, 60.9619



73.7990, 70.9759, 60.2658



18.1773, 18.0542, 19.5507



21.9880, 11.2845, 3.3216



2.1801, 1.1144, 0.5297



# Inverse Universe

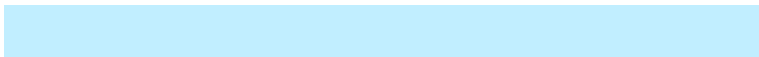
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71.5740, 63.9077, 67.5954



67.9376, 58.3935, 60.9619



70.7550, 79.9804, 106.3163



18.1773, 18.0542, 19.5507



21.9880, 11.2845, 3.3216



2.1801, 1.1144, 0.5297



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 71.5724, 63.9049, 67.5941 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

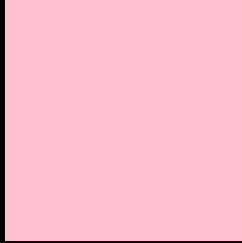
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 71.5724, 63.9049, 67.5941 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 71.5724, 63.9049, 67.5941

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 71.5724, 63.9049, 67.5941.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 71.5724, 63.9049,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

71.5724, 63.9049, 67.5941

### Protanopia

61.8145, 63.9185, 74.0453

### Deuteranopia

65.3304, 64.1086, 66.6885



## Tritanopia

71.6951, 63.9540, 68.2401

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

71.5724, 63.9049, 67.5941

## Protanomaly

65.0447, 63.8469, 71.8462

## Deuteranomaly

67.4992, 63.8283, 67.1550

## Tritanomaly

71.6951, 63.9540, 68.2401

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

71.5724, 63.9049, 67.5941

## Achromatopsia

63.2451, 66.5387, 72.4607

## Achromatomaly

65.8241, 65.3397, 70.7705

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 71.5724, 63.9049, 67.5941 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 193, 207)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 193, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 193, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 193, 207) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 71.5724, 63.9049, 67.5941 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 193, 207) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 193, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 193, 207)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 193, 207); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 193, 207);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 193,  
207) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 71.5724, 63.9049, 67.5941 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 193, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
193, 207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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