

# Converting Colors

XYZ(71.5875, 81.2185, 94.1083)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(71.5875, 81.2185, 94.1083)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(71.7901, 81.4488,  
94.3755)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CCF0F0
RGB	204, 240, 240
RGB Percent	80%, 94%, 94%
CMY	0.2000, 0.0588, 0.0588
CMYK	0.15, 0.00, 0.00, 0.06
HSL	180°, 55%, 87%
HSV	180°, 15%, 94%
XYZ	71.7901, 81.4488, 94.3755
YIQ	229.2360, -21.4560, -7.6320

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

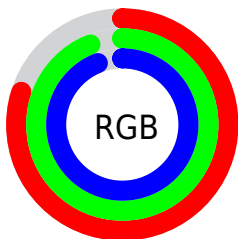
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	204, 222, 240
Decimal	13431024
CIE Lab	92.33, -11.59, -3.91
CIE LCh	92, 12.237, 198.650
Yxy	81.4488, 0.2899, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291621104 (0xFFCCCF0F0)
YUV	229.2360, 5.3067, -22.1320
Hunter-Lab	90.2490, -15.9449, 1.1733

# Details

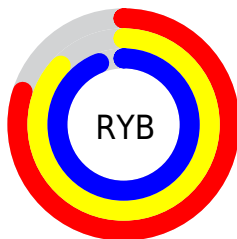
The XYZ color **71.7901, 81.4488, 94.3755** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **68.4301, 66.0729, 66.2770**, and the grayscale version is **74.6253, 78.5116, 85.4991**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **38.1866, 44.1312, 51.8529** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65.7125, 78.3179, 94.0911**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **78.8861, 85.1091, 94.7110**.

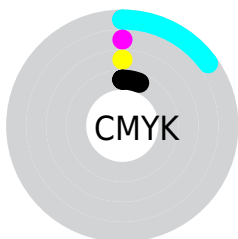
# Distribution



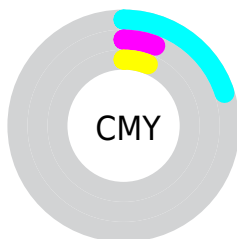
- Red (80%)
- Green (94%)
- Blue (94%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (6%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 71.7901, 81.4488, 94.3755 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 71.7901, 81.4488, 94.3755 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



71.7901, 81.4488,  
94.3755

71.7901, 81.4488,  
94.3755

455.9797,  
499.8021, 563.0970

53.2721, 60.9113,  
71.0213

120.7705,  
135.4008, 155.3897

38.2484, 44.1536,  
51.8776

151.9635,  
169.5840, 193.8868

26.3536, 30.7913,  
36.5260

188.1123,  
209.0846, 238.2686

17.2224, 20.4400,  
24.5478

229.5822,  
254.2870, 288.9536

10.4895, 12.7153,  
15.5245

276.7385,  
305.5755, 346.3604

5.7894, 7.2328,  
9.0376

329.9466,

2.7569, 3.6081,

363.3346, 410.9075

4.6686

389.5719,  
427.9487, 483.0135

■ 1.0265, 1.4568,  
1.9988

■ 0.0000, 0.2581,  
0.5546

■ 71.7901, 81.4488,  
94.3755

■ 71.7901, 81.4488,  
94.3755

■ 65.7125, 78.3179,  
94.0911

■ 78.8861, 85.1091,  
94.7110

■ 60.5999, 75.6823,  
93.8501


■ 87.0367, 89.3108,  
95.0942


■ 56.4048, 73.5197,  
93.6520

■ 88.1310, 89.8749,  
95.1471


■ 53.0730, 71.8021,  
93.4943


■ 88.1313, 89.8750,  
95.1489


 50.5445, 70.4986,  
93.3743


 88.1316, 89.8751,  
95.1506


 48.7514, 69.5743,  
93.2886


 88.1320, 89.8753,  
95.1524


 47.6152, 68.9886,  
93.2337

 88.1323, 89.8754,  
95.1541

 47.0389, 68.6916,  
93.2050

 88.1326, 89.8755,  
95.1559

 46.8872, 68.6134,  
93.1971

 88.1330, 89.8757,  
95.1576

# Harmonies

## Analogous

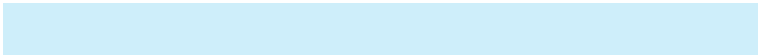
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71.5995, 81.4488, 85.2977



71.7901, 81.4488, 94.3755



73.4630, 81.4488, 102.4227

# Triad

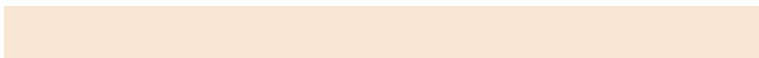
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71.7901, 81.4488, 94.3755



82.0739, 81.4488, 100.7048



78.6186, 81.4488, 72.6687

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71.7901, 81.4488, 94.3755



68.4301, 66.0729, 66.2770

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



81.5055, 81.4488, 76.2322



71.7901, 81.4488, 94.3755



83.5364, 81.4488, 92.1585

# Square

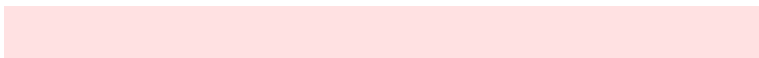
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71.7901, 81.4488, 94.3755



79.3773, 81.4488, 106.2452



83.3255, 81.4488, 83.2259



75.4846, 81.4488, 73.1729

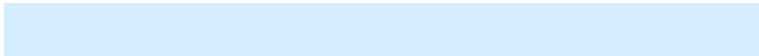


# Rectangle

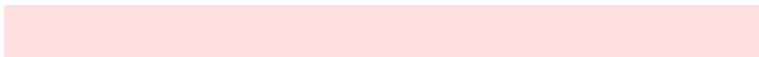
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



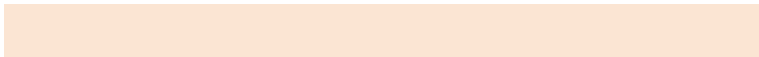
71.7901, 81.4488, 94.3755



75.2200, 81.4488, 105.9287



83.3255, 81.4488, 83.2259



79.6516, 81.4488, 73.4203

# Sweetspot

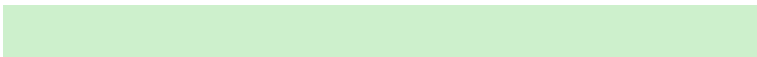
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71.7925, 81.4522, 94.3773



90.5136, 97.6614, 108.6867



67.1282, 79.6055, 68.9556



19.2424, 20.8359, 23.2573



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

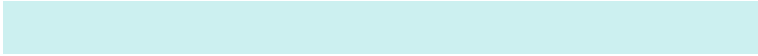


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71.7925, 81.4522, 94.3773



80.1321, 92.3096, 108.1983



66.9133, 71.6931, 92.7534



16.2474, 17.9290, 20.3256



25.6656, 37.5582, 51.0153



2.1352, 3.1245, 4.2441



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68.4301, 66.0729, 66.2770



75.5865, 71.5186, 70.2099



72.7994, 74.8122, 67.7315



15.7729, 15.7589, 16.3605



19.6716, 10.1411, 0.9211

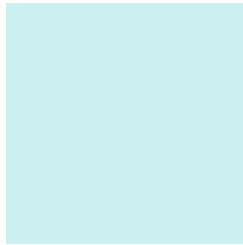


1.6365, 0.8436, 0.0767



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 71.7901, 81.4488, 94.3755 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

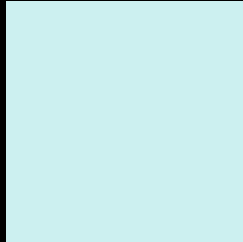
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 71.7901, 81.4488, 94.3755 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

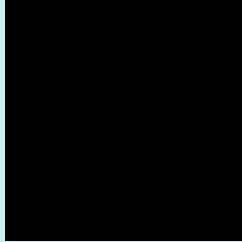
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

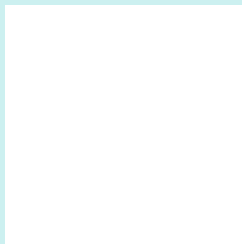
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 71.7901, 81.4488, 94.3755**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 71.7901, 81.4488, 94.3755.



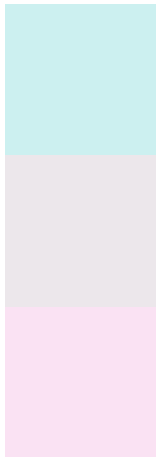
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 71.7901, 81.4488,

94.3755.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

71.7901, 81.4488, 94.3755

### Protanopia

78.1634, 80.9829, 90.1089

### Deuteranopia

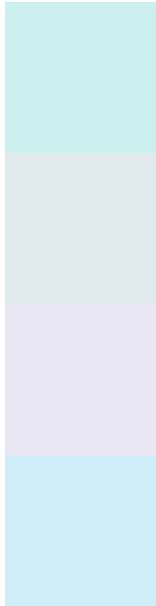
82.7984, 81.1878, 96.1009



## Tritanopia

74.6287, 81.3437, 106.3753

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

71.7901, 81.4488, 94.3755

## Protanomaly

75.4494, 80.8074, 91.7415

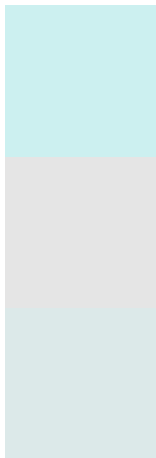
## Deuteranomaly

78.2072, 80.8863, 95.4951

## Tritanomaly

73.5620, 81.3166, 102.2610

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

71.7901, 81.4488, 94.3755

## Achromatopsia

74.4753, 78.3538, 85.3273

## Achromatomaly

73.3621, 79.3767, 88.5454

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 71.7901, 81.4488, 94.3755 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(204, 240, 240)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 240, 240)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 240, 240) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 240, 240) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 71.7901, 81.4488, 94.3755 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 240, 240) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 240, 240) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(204, 240, 240)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(204, 240, 240); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 240, 240);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 240,  
240) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 71.7901, 81.4488, 94.3755 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 240, 240) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204,  
240, 240) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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