

Converting Colors

XYZ(71.5926, 87.9072,
107.8022)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(71.5926, 87.9072, 107.8022)
contains.

XYZ(71.4892, 87.8540, 107.7974)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(71.4892, 87.8540,
107.7974)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AFFFFFFF
RGB	175, 255, 255
RGB Percent	69%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.3137, 0.0000, 0.0000
CMYK	0.31, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	180°, 100%, 84%
HSV	180°, 31%, 100%
XYZ	71.4892, 87.8540, 107.7974
YIQ	231.0800, -47.6800, -16.9600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

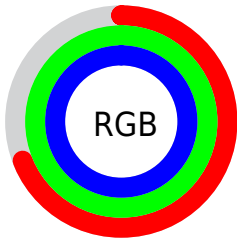
Format	Color
R_{YB}	175, 215, 255
Decimal	11534335
CIE _{Lab}	95.10, -24.16, -7.78
CIE _{LCh}	95, 25.386, 197.852
Yxy	87.8540, 0.2676, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289724415 (0xFFAFFFFF)
YUV	231.0800, 11.7926, -49.1822
Hunter-Lab	93.7305, -27.8845, -2.5768

Details

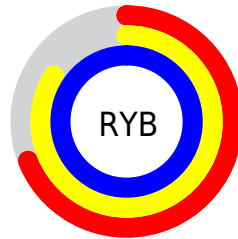
The XYZ color **71.4892, 87.8540, 107.7974** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **64.3089, 55.0166, 47.7891**, and the grayscale version is **75.9555, 79.9111, 87.0232**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.4143, 96.0636, 108.5427**, and **37.9949, 48.3873, 60.7632** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66.2965, 85.1770, 107.5544**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77.7641, 91.0888, 108.0910**.

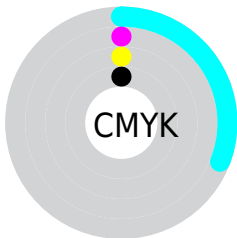
Distribution



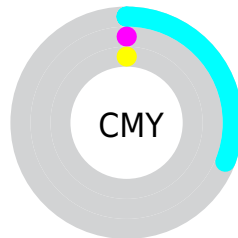
- Red (69%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 71.4892, 87.8540, 107.7974 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 71.4892, 87.8540, 107.7974 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

71.4892, 87.8540,
107.7974

71.4892, 87.8540,
107.7974

454.9470,
521.0250, 606.3719

53.0255, 66.2022,
82.1752

120.3448,
144.3539, 173.9770

38.0507, 48.4365,
60.9733

151.4673,
179.9707, 215.3715

26.1994, 34.1727,
43.7732

187.5402,
221.0113, 262.8605

17.1063, 23.0263,
30.1564

228.9288,
267.8601, 316.8625

10.4061, 14.6129,
19.7042

275.9984,
320.9015, 377.7961

5.7334, 8.5482,
11.9983

329.1144,

2.7227, 4.4477,

380.5198, 446.0799

6.6200

388.6422,
447.0995, 522.1323

■ 1.0089, 1.9270,
3.1508

■ 0.0000, 0.5645,
1.1721

■ 71.4892, 87.8540,
107.7974

■ 71.4892, 87.8540,
107.7974

■ 66.2965, 85.1770,
107.5544

■ 77.7641, 91.0888,
108.0910

■ 62.1227, 83.0253,
107.3590

■ 85.1751, 94.9093,
108.4379

■ 58.9015, 81.3648,
107.2083

■ 93.7753, 99.3429,
108.8403

■ 56.5579, 80.1566,
107.0986

■ 95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 55.0056, 79.3564,
107.0260

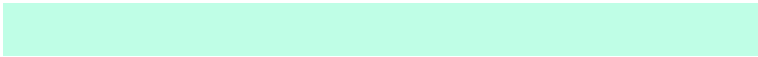
■ 54.1410, 78.9106,
106.9855

■ 53.8100, 78.7400,
106.9700

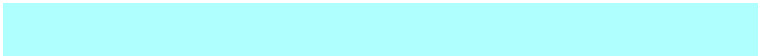
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71.1813, 87.8540, 87.8757



71.4892, 87.8540, 107.7974



74.9044, 87.8540, 126.7174

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71.4892, 87.8540, 107.7974



93.7405, 87.8540, 123.5169



86.3285, 87.8540, 63.0863

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



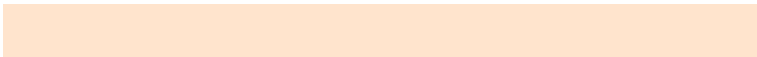
71.4892, 87.8540, 107.7974



64.3089, 55.0166, 47.7891

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92.7348, 87.8540, 70.1401



71.4892, 87.8540, 107.7974



97.1696, 87.8540, 103.8869

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71.4892, 87.8540, 107.7974



87.6402, 87.8540, 136.6183



96.7916, 87.8540, 84.4661



79.4973, 87.8540, 63.8314

Rectangle

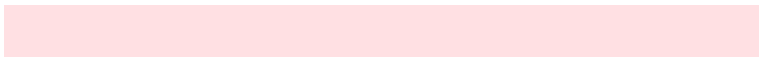
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71.4892, 87.8540, 107.7974



78.5954, 87.8540, 135.3854



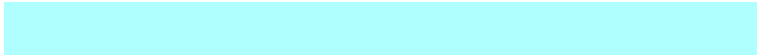
96.7916, 87.8540, 84.4661



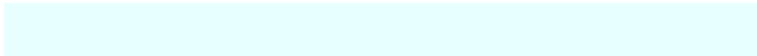
88.6099, 87.8540, 64.5789

Sweetspot

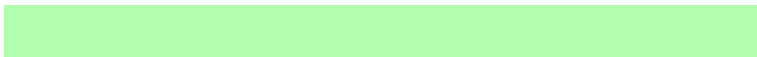
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71.4900, 87.8544, 107.7974



87.1049, 95.9042, 108.5282



61.1782, 83.7296, 53.4962



18.3889, 20.3959, 23.2176



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

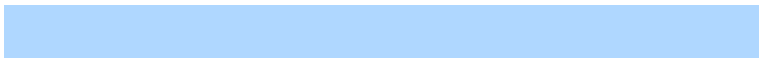
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71.4900, 87.8544, 107.7974



67.9302, 86.0192, 107.6308



60.0309, 64.9361, 103.9777



18.5550, 20.4815, 23.2253



28.1169, 41.1433, 55.8941



2.7376, 4.0060, 5.4422

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.6207, 59.1413, 102.0902



71.5339, 52.9679, 101.0613



73.2791, 72.9570, 50.7791



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



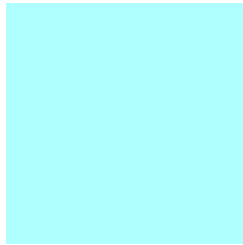
30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 71.4892, 87.8540, 107.7974 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

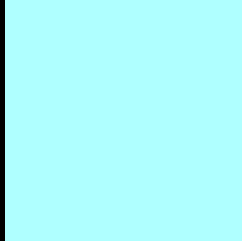
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 71.4892, 87.8540, 107.7974 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 71.4892, 87.8540, 107.7974

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 71.4892, 87.8540, 107.7974.

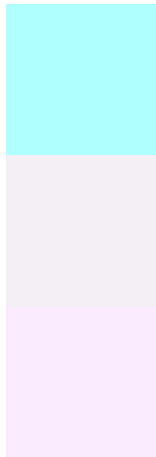


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 71.4892, 87.8540,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

71.4892, 87.8540, 107.7974

Protanopia

84.3101, 87.3803, 98.8087

Deuteranopia

87.5420, 87.1459, 106.8146



Tritanopia

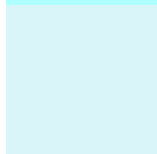
79.3247, 87.7305, 107.3606

Trichromacy



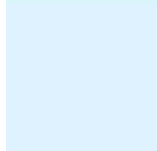
Original Color

71.4892, 87.8540, 107.7974



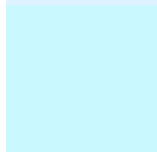
Protanomaly

78.6647, 87.0498, 102.2787



Deuteranomaly

80.2336, 86.4122, 107.0582



Tritanomaly

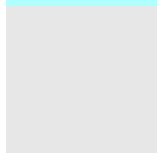
76.0131, 87.3889, 107.4692

Monochromacy



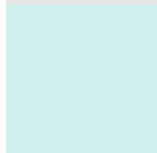
Original Color

71.4892, 87.8540, 107.7974



Achromatopsia

75.9547, 79.9103, 87.0223



Achromatomaly

73.7522, 82.4603, 94.4674

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 71.4892, 87.8540, 107.7974 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(175, 255, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(175, 255, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(175, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(175, 255, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 71.4892, 87.8540, 107.7974 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(175, 255, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(175, 255, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(175, 255, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(175, 255, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 255, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 255,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 71.4892, 87.8540, 107.7974 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(175, 255, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(175,  
255, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor