

# Converting Colors

XYZ(71.6074, 72.2924, 93.4114)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(71.6074, 72.2924, 93.4114)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(71.6891, 72.3410,  
93.4039)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E0DAF1
RGB	224, 218, 241
RGB Percent	88%, 85%, 95%
CMY	0.1216, 0.1451, 0.0549
CMYK	0.07, 0.10, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	256°, 45%, 90%
HSV	256°, 10%, 95%
XYZ	71.6891, 72.3410, 93.4039
YIQ	222.4160, -3.8070, 8.4250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

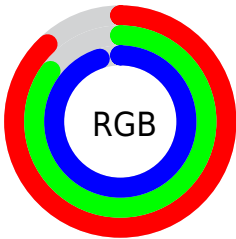
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	224, 218, 241
Decimal	14736113
CIE Lab	88.13, 6.29, -10.50
CIE LCh	88, 12.236, 300.933
Yxy	72.3410, 0.3019, 0.3047
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292926193 (0xFFE0DAF1)
YUV	222.4160, 9.1619, 1.3892
Hunter-Lab	85.0535, 1.6087, -5.5735

# Details

The XYZ color **71.6891, 72.3410, 93.4039** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **78.3738, 85.6366, 78.7320**, and the grayscale version is **69.6662, 73.2943, 79.8175**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **38.2163, 38.1322, 51.2450** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60.6535, 58.0408, 91.2264**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84.2162, 88.7629, 95.9145**.

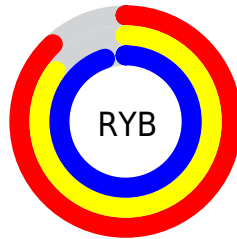
# Distribution



Red (88%)

Green (85%)

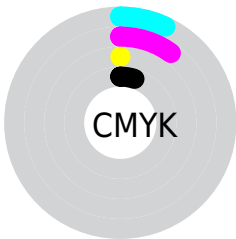
Blue (95%)



Red (88%)

Yellow (85%)

Blue (95%)

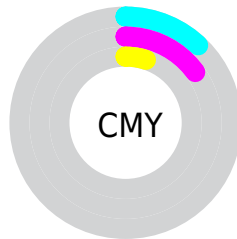


Cyan (7%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (12%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (5%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 71.6891, 72.3410, 93.4039 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 71.6891, 72.3410, 93.4039 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



71.6891, 72.3410,  
93.4039

71.6891, 72.3410,  
93.4039

455.6332,  
468.7276, 559.8958

53.1893, 53.4373,  
70.2177

120.6276,  
122.5412, 154.0342

38.1820, 38.1520,  
51.2262

151.7970,  
154.6065, 192.3154

26.3018, 26.1007,  
36.0106

187.9204,  
191.8278, 236.4654

17.1834, 16.8990,  
24.1527

229.3630,  
234.5894, 286.9027

10.4615, 10.1625,  
15.2337

276.4902,  
283.2758, 344.0459

5.7706, 5.5068,  
8.8351

329.6674,

2.7454, 2.5476,

338.2714, 408.3134

4.5384

389.2599,  
399.9605, 480.1239

■ 1.0206, 0.9004,  
1.9251

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.5087

■ 71.6891, 72.3410,  
93.4039

■ 71.6891, 72.3410,  
93.4039

■ 60.6535, 58.0408,  
91.2264

■ 84.2162, 88.7629,  
95.9145

■ 51.0462, 45.7659,  
89.3635

■ 92.8774, 99.1310,  
97.4593

■ 42.8088, 35.4259,  
87.8018

■ 35.8764, 26.9202,  
86.5254

■ 30.1784, 20.1385,  
85.5168

■ 25.6374, 14.9588,  
84.7563

■ 22.1662, 11.2423,  
84.2219

■ 19.6639, 8.8255,  
83.8873

■ 17.9819, 7.4536,  
83.7112

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.8495, 72.3410, 95.9911



71.6891, 72.3410, 93.4039



73.7909, 72.3410, 86.8529

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71.6891, 72.3410, 93.4039



71.5262, 72.3410, 65.5131



63.2875, 72.3410, 79.0295

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71.6891, 72.3410, 93.4039



78.3738, 85.6366, 78.7320

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.9593, 72.3410, 71.1993



71.6891, 72.3410, 93.4039



68.6664, 72.3410, 63.7374

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71.6891, 72.3410, 93.4039



73.6949, 72.3410, 70.7756



65.9078, 72.3410, 65.7452



64.0465, 72.3410, 87.3385



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71.6891, 72.3410, 93.4039



74.4616, 72.3410, 81.3323



65.9078, 72.3410, 65.7452



63.3533, 72.3410, 76.2564

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71.6912, 72.3441, 93.4055



90.6079, 94.1590, 108.0067



74.5730, 80.8185, 94.8893



19.1454, 19.8279, 23.0680



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71.6912, 72.3441, 93.4055



79.5241, 79.6681, 105.7939



75.2945, 74.2016, 93.5741



15.2837, 15.4280, 19.8940



9.8230, 4.0694, 45.3956



0.9073, 0.3850, 3.7807



# Inverse Universe

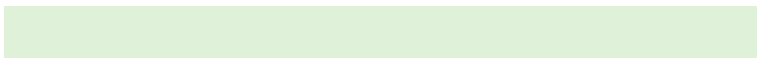
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76.3449, 74.8449, 89.0235



85.5899, 82.9286, 100.0469



74.7756, 83.7817, 78.5636



16.2680, 15.9569, 18.9674



24.0957, 11.9107, 24.2181

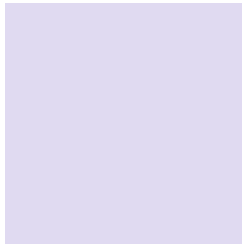


2.0450, 1.0070, 2.2277



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 71.6891, 72.3410, 93.4039 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

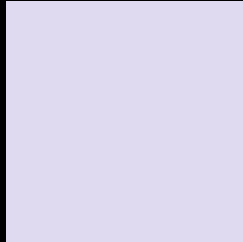
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 71.6891, 72.3410, 93.4039 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

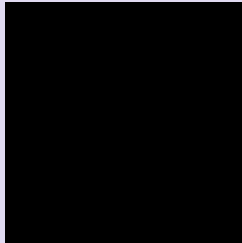
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 71.6891, 72.3410, 93.4039**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 71.6891, 72.3410, 93.4039.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 71.6891, 72.3410,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

71.6891, 72.3410, 93.4039

### Protanopia

70.8336, 72.6573, 94.2953

### Deuteranopia

73.9317, 72.3353, 94.0699



## Tritanopia

70.9033, 72.4071, 89.5959

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

71.6891, 72.3410, 93.4039

## Protanomaly

71.1773, 72.4460, 94.2364

## Deuteranomaly

73.2160, 72.3455, 94.1096

## Tritanomaly

71.1956, 72.5241, 91.1351

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

71.6891, 72.3410, 93.4039

## Achromatopsia

69.4303, 73.0461, 79.5472

## Achromatomaly

70.4307, 73.0580, 84.5183

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 71.6891, 72.3410, 93.4039 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(224, 218, 241)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 218, 241)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 218, 241) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 218, 241) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 71.6891, 72.3410, 93.4039 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 218, 241) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 218, 241) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(224, 218, 241)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(224, 218, 241); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 218, 241);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 218,  
241) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 71.6891, 72.3410, 93.4039 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 218, 241) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224,  
218, 241) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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