

# Converting Colors

XYZ(71.6145, 74.4208, 73.2909)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(71.6145, 74.4208, 73.2909)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(71.7358, 74.3703, 73.5248)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(71.7358, 74.3703,  
73.5248)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E9DED5
RGB	233, 222, 213
RGB Percent	91%, 87%, 84%
CMY	0.0863, 0.1294, 0.1647
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.09, 0.09
HSL	27°, 31%, 87%
HSV	27°, 9%, 91%
XYZ	71.7358, 74.3703, 73.5248
YIQ	224.2630, 9.4450, -0.4670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

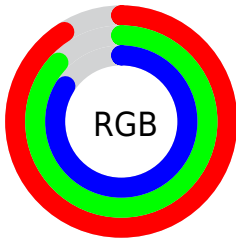
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	233, 229, 213
Decimal	15326933
CIE Lab	89.10, 2.23, 5.74
CIE LCh	89, 6.156, 68.762
Yxy	74.3703, 0.3266, 0.3386
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293517013 (0xFFE9DED5)
YUV	224.2630, -5.5527, 7.6623
Hunter-Lab	86.2382, -2.4347, 9.8174

# Details

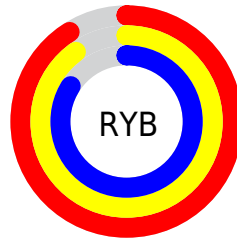
The XYZ color **71.7358, 74.3703, 73.5248** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **68.8040, 73.3394, 87.6212**, and the grayscale version is **71.0751, 74.7765, 81.4316**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **38.1217, 39.4532, 37.9537** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65.7148, 66.7254, 57.9601**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **78.4444, 82.7087, 91.4168**.

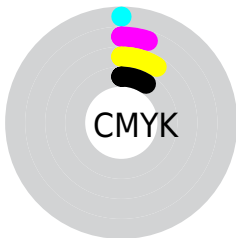
# Distribution



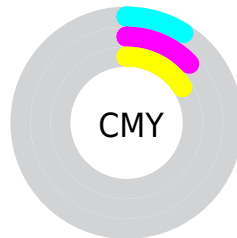
- Red (91%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 71.7358, 74.3703, 73.5248 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 71.7358, 74.3703, 73.5248 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 71.7358, 74.3703,  
73.5248

■ 71.7358, 74.3703,  
73.5248

455.7934,  
475.7504, 491.9511

■ 53.2276, 55.0972,  
53.9108

120.6937,  
125.4206, 125.9498

■ 38.2127, 39.4795,  
38.1376

151.8740,  
157.9665, 159.5978

■ 26.3258, 27.1330,  
25.7869

188.0091,  
195.7056, 198.7608

■ 17.2015, 17.6731,  
16.4399

229.4643,  
239.0220, 243.8575

■ 10.4744, 10.7156,  
9.6783

276.6050,  
288.3004, 295.3063

■ 5.7793, 5.8759,  
5.0834

329.7965,

■ 2.7507, 2.7698,

343.9249, 353.5259

2.2367

389.4042,  
406.2802, 418.9346

■ 1.0234, 1.0127,  
0.6954

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 71.7358, 74.3703,  
73.5248

■ 71.7358, 74.3703,  
73.5248

■ 65.7148, 66.7254,  
57.9601

■ 78.4444, 82.7087,  
91.4168

■ 60.3515, 59.7457,  
44.6210

■ 85.1071, 91.4488,  
107.7735

■ 55.6227, 53.4149,  
33.4053

■ 87.4146, 96.0638,  
108.5427

■ 51.5014, 47.7123,  
24.2011

■ 47.9583, 42.6161,  
16.8857

■ 44.9615, 38.1027,  
11.3231

■ 42.4750, 34.1468,  
7.3587

■ 40.4574, 30.7201,  
4.8101

■ 38.8507, 27.7871,  
3.4106

# Harmonies

## Analogous

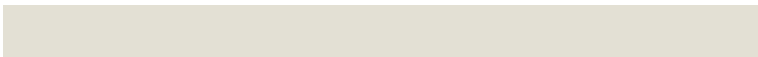
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



72.9578, 74.3703, 75.9184



71.7358, 74.3703, 73.5248



70.2486, 74.3703, 73.0904

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71.7358, 74.3703, 73.5248



67.8766, 74.3703, 82.2404



72.5064, 74.3703, 87.5842

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71.7358, 74.3703, 73.5248



68.8040, 73.3394, 87.6212

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.1267, 74.3703, 89.4106



71.7358, 74.3703, 73.5248



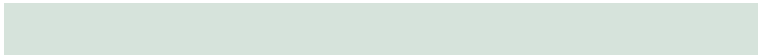
68.4634, 74.3703, 86.2547

# Square

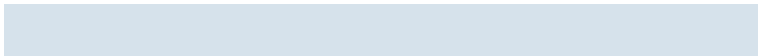
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71.7358, 74.3703, 73.5248



68.0345, 74.3703, 78.0236



69.6480, 74.3703, 88.9156



73.4070, 74.3703, 84.0032



# Rectangle

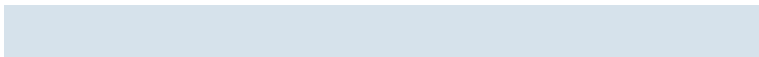
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71.7358, 74.3703, 73.5248



69.3091, 74.3703, 73.9548



69.6480, 74.3703, 88.9156



72.0825, 74.3703, 88.4293

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71.7379, 74.3736, 73.5264



92.5155, 96.8628, 102.0994



70.8540, 70.2950, 80.3558



19.6600, 20.5560, 21.4741



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

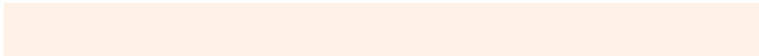


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71.7379, 74.3736, 73.5264



86.9023, 89.8441, 87.2567



74.4720, 79.8419, 74.4378



15.6239, 16.1708, 15.8165



22.0483, 15.7909, 1.8859



1.8262, 1.4296, 0.1797

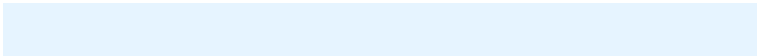


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68.8040, 73.3394, 87.6212



82.7292, 88.3730, 107.3051



66.1961, 68.1236, 86.7519



14.9177, 15.9218, 19.2092



12.8587, 12.3644, 45.4518

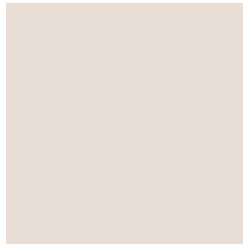


1.1056, 1.1626, 3.6010



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 71.7358, 74.3703, 73.5248 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

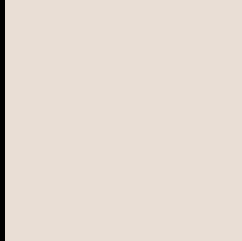
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 71.7358, 74.3703, 73.5248 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

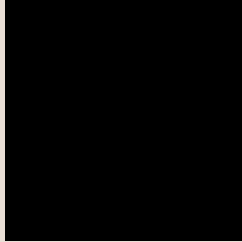
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

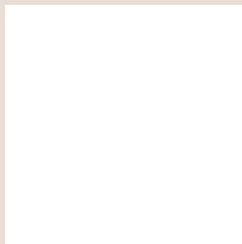
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 71.7358, 74.3703, 73.5248**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 71.7358, 74.3703, 73.5248.



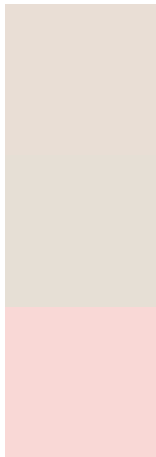
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 71.7358, 74.3703,

73.5248.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

71.7358, 74.3703, 73.5248

### Protanopia

71.0310, 74.4024, 73.5682

### Deuteranopia

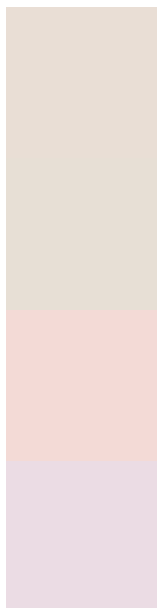
75.7604, 74.1065, 73.9293



## **Tritanopia**

75.0639, 74.5520, 89.7906

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

71.7358, 74.3703, 73.5248

## Protanomaly

71.3529, 74.5684, 73.5832

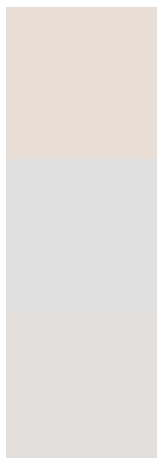
## Deuteranomaly

74.1712, 74.0525, 74.0027

## Tritanomaly

73.8577, 74.4500, 83.8764

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

71.7358, 74.3703, 73.5248

## Achromatopsia

70.8507, 74.5404, 81.1745

## Achromatomaly

70.9845, 74.2736, 78.3051

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 71.7358, 74.3703, 73.5248 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(233, 222, 213) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(233, 222, 213)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 222, 213) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(233, 222, 213) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 71.7358, 74.3703, 73.5248 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(233, 222, 213) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(233, 222, 213) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(233, 222, 213)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(233, 222, 213); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 222, 213);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 222,  
213) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 71.7358, 74.3703, 73.5248 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(233, 222, 213) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(233,  
222, 213) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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