

# Converting Colors

XYZ(71.9280, 70.0065,  
146.1343)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(71.9280, 70.0065, 146.1343)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(64.0887, 67.0273,  
104.1675)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C0D7FF
RGB	192, 215, 255
RGB Percent	75%, 84%, 100%
CMY	0.2470, 0.1568, 0.0000
CMYK	0.25, 0.16, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	218°, 100%, 88%
HSV	218°, 25%, 100%
XYZ	64.0887, 67.0273, 104.1675
YIQ	212.6830, -26.5480, 7.5640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

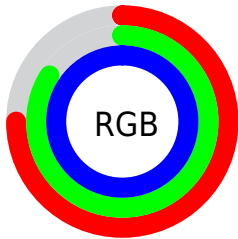
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	192, 209, 255
Decimal	12638207
CIE Lab	85.52, 0.87, -22.04
CIE LCh	86, 22.057, 272.264
Yxy	67.0273, 0.2724, 0.2849
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290828287 (0xFFC0D7FF)
YUV	212.6830, 20.8623, -18.1390
Hunter-Lab	81.8702, -3.5415, -18.1285

# Details

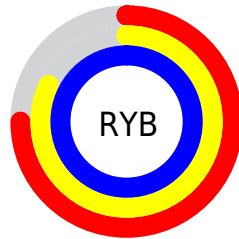
The XYZ color **64.0887, 67.0273, 104.1675** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **79.6112, 82.7787, 61.6530**, and the grayscale version is **62.9136, 66.1900, 72.0809**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.8769, 98.8797, 108.7983**, and **33.0804, 34.5372, 58.3489** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.2624, 56.1430, 102.5845**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **75.4453, 79.3094, 105.9396**.

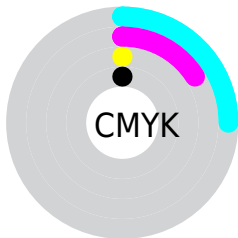
# Distribution



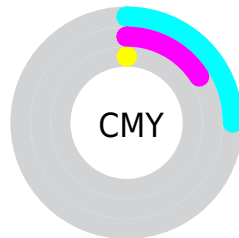
- Red (75%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 64.0887, 67.0273, 104.1675 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 64.0887, 67.0273, 104.1675 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 64.0887, 67.0273,  
104.1675

■ 64.0887, 67.0273,  
104.1675

429.1070,  
450.0419, 594.8334

■ 46.9845, 49.1068,  
79.1493

■ 109.8117,  
114.9595, 168.9742

■ 33.2313, 34.7042,  
58.4965

139.1612,  
145.7401, 209.5999

■ 22.4638, 23.4351,  
41.7906

173.3231,  
181.5761, 256.2651

■ 14.3166, 14.9151,  
28.6130

212.6628,  
222.8519, 309.3884

■ 8.4243, 8.7598,  
18.5452

257.5457,  
269.9521, 369.3883

■ 4.4217, 4.5849,  
11.1687

308.3372,

■ 1.9434, 2.0058,

323.2608, 436.6834

6.0648

365.4025,  
383.1627, 511.6923

■ 0.6019, 0.6108,  
2.8151

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.0010

■ 64.0887, 67.0273,  
104.1675

■ 64.0887, 67.0273,  
104.1675

■ 54.2624, 56.1430,  
102.5845

■ 75.4453, 79.3094,  
105.9396

■ 45.8913, 46.5954,  
101.1828

■ 88.3915, 93.0316,  
107.9059

■ 38.9021, 38.3300,  
99.9558

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 33.2124, 31.2850,  
98.8959

■ 28.7301, 25.3926,  
97.9948

■ 25.3495, 20.5768,  
97.2434

■ 22.9432, 16.7488,  
96.6313

■ 21.9734, 15.0669,  
96.3578

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.3282, 67.0273, 100.2267



64.0887, 67.0273, 104.1675



68.9897, 67.0273, 98.8863

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64.0887, 67.0273, 104.1675



72.2060, 67.0273, 59.2216



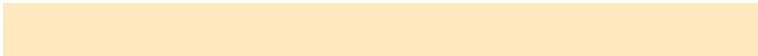
55.5553, 67.0273, 60.8789

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64.0887, 67.0273, 104.1675



79.6112, 82.7787, 61.6530

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.7019, 67.0273, 52.0485



64.0887, 67.0273, 104.1675



68.2971, 67.0273, 51.1835

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



64.0887, 67.0273, 104.1675



73.8267, 67.0273, 71.8970



63.3277, 67.0273, 48.7380



54.5578, 67.0273, 74.0765



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64.0887, 67.0273, 104.1675



71.6339, 67.0273, 91.2034



63.3277, 67.0273, 48.7380



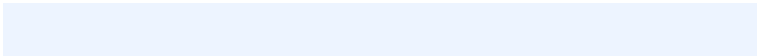
56.3883, 67.0273, 57.3640

# Sweetspot

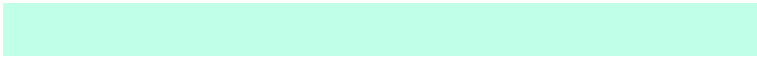
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64.0906, 67.0299, 104.1679



85.2758, 89.7517, 107.4370



72.0505, 88.5475, 89.5643



18.0802, 19.0287, 22.9699



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64.0906, 67.0299, 104.1679



58.7003, 61.0947, 103.3064



60.8275, 57.2556, 102.4532



17.5460, 18.4636, 22.8890



11.6109, 8.1314, 50.3921



1.2302, 0.9911, 4.9397



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72.3566, 63.8672, 72.8068



68.4531, 57.7773, 66.2117



83.4918, 95.0275, 63.8128



18.2835, 18.0967, 20.1100



22.6488, 11.5488, 6.8013

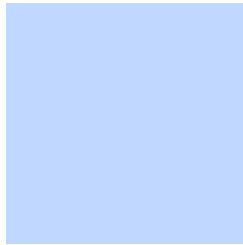


2.2556, 1.1446, 0.9272



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 64.0887, 67.0273, 104.1675 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

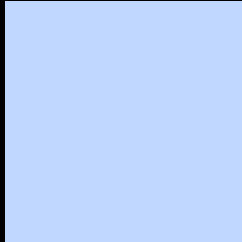
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 64.0887, 67.0273, 104.1675 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

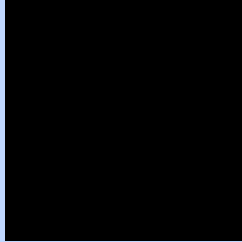
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 64.0887, 67.0273, 104.1675

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 64.0887, 67.0273, 104.1675.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 64.0887, 67.0273,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

64.0887, 67.0273, 104.1675

### Protanopia

66.4499, 67.1580, 102.3890

### Deuteranopia

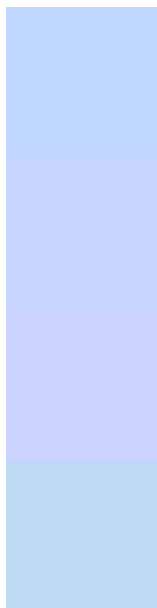
68.2910, 66.9671, 103.9344



## **Tritanopia**

60.9508, 66.8903, 89.0556

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

64.0887, 67.0273, 104.1675

## Protanomaly

65.5031, 67.0236, 103.2504

## Deuteranomaly

66.5211, 66.7877, 103.9930

## Tritanomaly

61.9768, 66.9156, 94.4435

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

64.0887, 67.0273, 104.1675

## Achromatopsia

63.2451, 66.5387, 72.4607

## Achromatomaly

63.2270, 66.6737, 82.9357

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 64.0887, 67.0273, 104.1675 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 215, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 215, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 215, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 215, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 64.0887, 67.0273, 104.1675 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 215, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 215, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(192, 215, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(192, 215, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 215, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 215,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 64.0887, 67.0273, 104.1675 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 215, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192,  
215, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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