

# Converting Colors

XYZ(71.9343, 74.9063, 90.1104)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(71.9343, 74.9063, 90.1104)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(71.9202, 74.8970,  
90.0229)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DEE0EC
RGB	222, 224, 236
RGB Percent	87%, 88%, 93%
CMY	0.1294, 0.1215, 0.0745
CMYK	0.06, 0.05, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	231°, 27%, 90%
HSV	231°, 6%, 93%
XYZ	71.9202, 74.8970, 90.0229
YIQ	224.7700, -5.0440, 3.3080

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

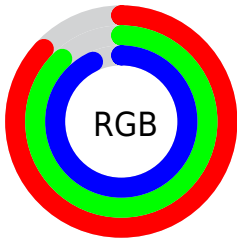
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	222, 224, 236
Decimal	14606572
CIE Lab	89.34, 1.55, -6.08
CIE LCh	89, 6.279, 284.318
Yxy	74.8970, 0.3037, 0.3162
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292796652 (0xFFDEE0EC)
YUV	224.7700, 5.5364, -2.4293
Hunter-Lab	86.5431, -3.1108, -1.0939

# Details

The XYZ color **71.9202, 74.8970, 90.0229** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **77.2000, 81.9519, 80.8580**, and the grayscale version is **71.3688, 75.0856, 81.7682**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **38.3625, 39.8867, 48.8570** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60.0764, 61.1988, 88.0043**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85.4266, 90.4161, 92.3077**.

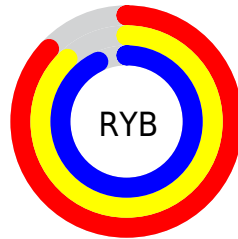
# Distribution



Red (87%)

Green (88%)

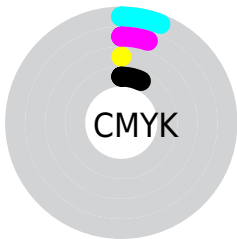
Blue (93%)



Red (87%)

Yellow (88%)

Blue (93%)

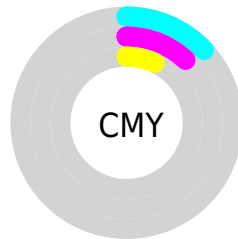


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (13%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (7%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 71.9202, 74.8970, 90.0229 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 71.9202, 74.8970, 90.0229 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



71.9202, 74.8970,  
90.0229

71.9202, 74.8970,  
90.0229

456.4257,  
477.5635, 548.6774

53.3787, 55.5285,  
67.4258

120.9545,  
126.1665, 149.3060

38.3339, 39.8250,  
48.9670

152.1780,  
158.8364, 186.8291

26.4203, 27.4021,  
34.2279

188.3596,  
196.7088, 230.1646

17.2727, 17.8755,  
22.7899

229.8646,  
240.1682, 279.7311

10.5256, 10.8606,  
14.2346

277.0583,  
289.5990, 335.9471

5.8137, 5.9732,  
8.1434

330.3062,

2.7717, 2.8288,

345.3855, 399.2311

4.0978

389.9735,  
407.9122, 470.0017

■ 1.0342, 1.0430,  
1.6791

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.3464

■ 71.9202, 74.8970,  
90.0229

■ 71.9202, 74.8970,  
90.0229

■ 60.0764, 61.1988,  
88.0043

■ 85.4266, 90.4161,  
92.3077

■ 49.8242, 49.2451,  
86.2373

■ 92.1406, 98.8362,  
93.5791

■ 41.0973, 38.9684,  
84.7137

■ 33.8221, 30.2931,  
83.4226

■ 27.9188, 23.1377,  
82.3526

■ 23.2998, 17.4133,  
81.4911

■ 19.8673, 13.0217,  
80.8244

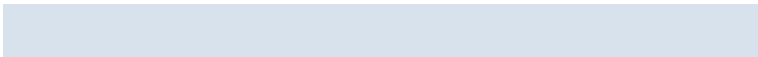
■ 17.5087, 9.8520,  
80.3369

■ 16.0885, 7.7738,  
80.0106

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.3921, 74.8970, 89.9672



71.9202, 74.8970, 90.0229



73.2706, 74.8970, 87.7524

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71.9202, 74.8970, 90.0229



73.3213, 74.8970, 75.7826



68.3817, 74.8970, 79.2852

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71.9202, 74.8970, 90.0229



77.2000, 81.9519, 80.8580

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69.1440, 74.8970, 75.6471



71.9202, 74.8970, 90.0229



71.9886, 74.8970, 73.6750

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71.9202, 74.8970, 90.0229



74.0874, 74.8970, 79.4763



70.4595, 74.8970, 73.6263



68.3640, 74.8970, 83.6597



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71.9202, 74.8970, 90.0229



73.8822, 74.8970, 85.2708



70.4595, 74.8970, 73.6263



68.5589, 74.8970, 77.9393

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71.9224, 74.9002, 90.0245



91.8201, 96.2888, 108.3539



74.9579, 81.4566, 89.5398



19.6871, 20.6487, 23.1979



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71.9224, 74.9002, 90.0245



84.0982, 87.3965, 107.0445



72.9099, 74.6147, 89.9174



14.8990, 15.4669, 19.1224



8.7129, 4.0729, 44.0699



0.7385, 0.4285, 3.4787

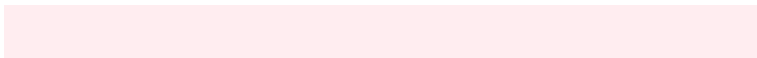


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.1696, 75.4588, 81.1805



87.2519, 88.1890, 94.6313



76.1688, 82.2717, 80.9741



15.5045, 15.6198, 16.7389



19.2532, 9.9040, 1.8687

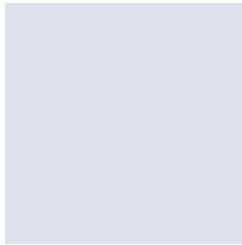


1.5393, 0.7887, 0.2911



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 71.9202, 74.8970, 90.0229 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

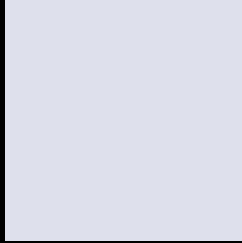
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 71.9202, 74.8970, 90.0229 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

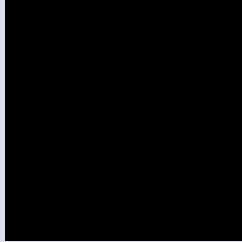
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

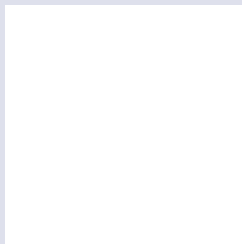
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 71.9202, 74.8970, 90.0229**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 71.9202, 74.8970, 90.0229.



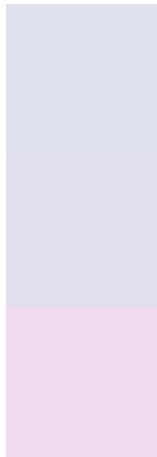
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 71.9202, 74.8970,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

71.9202, 74.8970, 90.0229

### Protanopia

72.4344, 74.7811, 89.2137

### Deuteranopia

76.2926, 74.7825, 90.5342



## Tritanopia

72.6963, 74.8142, 93.8282

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

71.9202, 74.8970, 90.0229

## Protanomaly

72.1235, 74.6208, 89.1992

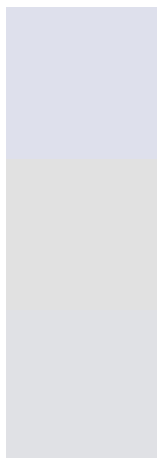
## Deuteranomaly

74.4835, 74.6245, 90.5990

## Tritanomaly

72.3991, 74.6953, 92.2632

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

71.9202, 74.8970, 90.0229

## Achromatopsia

71.5672, 75.2942, 81.9954

## Achromatomaly

71.8085, 75.3549, 84.8890

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 71.9202, 74.8970, 90.0229 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(222, 224, 236) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(222, 224, 236)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(222, 224, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(222, 224, 236) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 71.9202, 74.8970, 90.0229 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(222, 224, 236) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(222, 224, 236) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(222, 224, 236)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(222, 224, 236); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 224, 236);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 224,  
236) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 71.9202, 74.8970, 90.0229 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(222, 224, 236) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(222,  
224, 236) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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