

# Converting Colors

XYZ(72.1915, 75.6144, 82.0198)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(72.1915, 75.6144, 82.0198)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(72.1944, 75.6176,  
82.0248)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E3E1E1
RGB	227, 225, 225
RGB Percent	89%, 88%, 88%
CMY	0.1098, 0.1176, 0.1176
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.01, 0.11
HSL	0°, 3%, 89%
HSV	0°, 1%, 89%
XYZ	72.1944, 75.6176, 82.0248
YIQ	225.5980, 1.1920, 0.4240

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

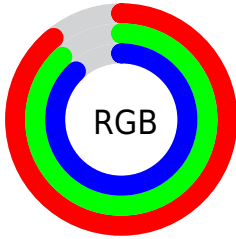
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	227, 225, 225
Decimal	14934497
CIE Lab	89.68, 0.68, 0.23
CIE LCh	90, 0.717, 18.616
Yxy	75.6176, 0.3141, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293124577 (0xFFE3E1E1)
YUV	225.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296
Hunter-Lab	86.9584, -3.9833, 4.9447

# Details

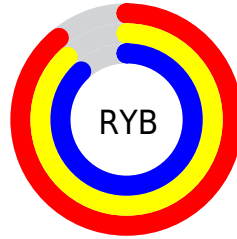
The XYZ color **72.1944, 75.6176, 82.0248** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **72.3856, 76.4908, 83.6232**, and the grayscale version is **72.0018, 75.7516, 82.4934**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **38.6437, 40.4224, 43.7958** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63.5780, 63.0148, 64.8766**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82.0396, 90.0170, 101.6156**.

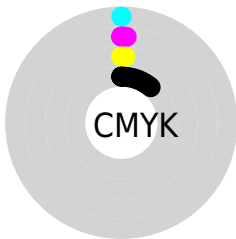
# Distribution



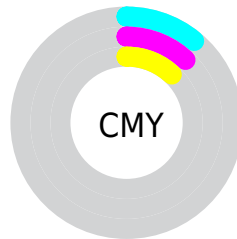
- Red (89%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (12%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 72.1944, 75.6176, 82.0248 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 72.1944, 75.6176, 82.0248 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 72.1944, 75.6176,  
82.0248

■ 72.1944, 75.6176,  
82.0248

457.3651,  
480.0377, 521.6163

■ 53.6035, 56.1190,  
60.8500

121.3422,  
127.1862, 138.0458

■ 38.5142, 40.2983,  
43.6744

152.6298,  
160.0250, 173.7291

■ 26.5610, 27.7712,  
30.0793

188.8804,  
198.0794, 215.0856

■ 17.3787, 18.1533,  
19.6462

230.4593,  
241.7336, 262.5340

■ 10.6018, 11.0601,  
11.9566

277.7318,  
291.3722, 316.4927

■ 5.8651, 6.1073,  
6.5920

331.0634,

■ 2.8031, 2.9104,

347.3794, 377.3803

3.1337

390.8194,  
410.1398, 445.6153

■ 1.0505, 1.0851,  
1.1633

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 72.1944, 75.6176,  
82.0248

■ 72.1944, 75.6176,  
82.0248

■ 63.5780, 63.0148,  
64.8766

■ 82.0396, 90.0170,  
101.6156

■ 56.1360, 52.1288,  
50.0706

■ 85.4890, 95.0711,  
108.4526

■ 49.8195, 42.8884,  
37.5066

■ 44.5739, 35.2134,  
27.0754

■ 40.3397, 29.0174,  
18.6587

■ 37.0518, 24.2050,  
12.1266

■ 34.6377, 20.6703,  
7.3340

■ 33.0140, 18.2917,  
4.1148

■ 32.0816, 16.9241,  
2.2708

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



72.2055, 75.6176, 82.5267



72.1944, 75.6176, 82.0248



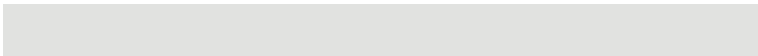
72.0969, 75.6176, 81.6075

# Triad

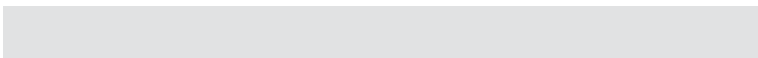
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



72.1944, 75.6176, 82.0248



71.6179, 75.6176, 81.6937



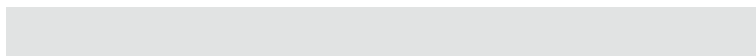
71.8053, 75.6176, 83.2913

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



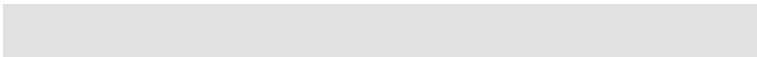
72.1944, 75.6176, 82.0248



72.3856, 76.4908, 83.6232

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.6481, 75.6176, 83.0662



72.1944, 75.6176, 82.0248



71.5400, 75.6176, 82.1430

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



72.1944, 75.6176, 82.0248



71.7640, 75.6176, 81.4169



71.5511, 75.6176, 82.6454



71.9807, 75.6176, 83.2594



# Rectangle

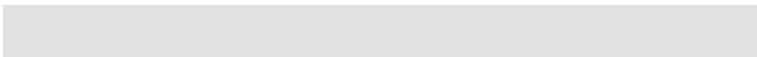
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



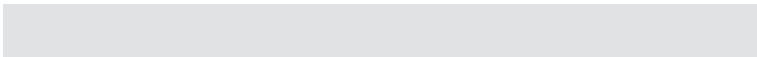
72.1944, 75.6176, 82.0248



71.9961, 75.6176, 81.4329



71.5511, 75.6176, 82.6454



71.7486, 75.6176, 83.2432

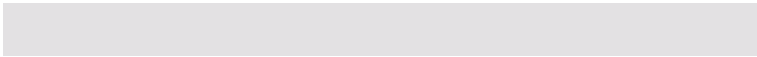
# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72.1965, 75.6209, 82.0264

95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000



72.4700, 75.7286, 83.4716



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

# Same Dimension

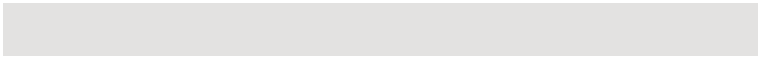
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72.1965, 75.6209, 82.0264



93.8355, 98.2237, 106.4832



72.4666, 76.1610, 82.1165



16.0249, 16.7794, 18.1954



18.4788, 9.5317, 0.8659

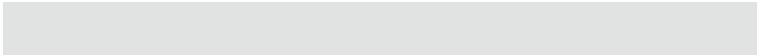


1.3663, 0.7059, 0.0642



# Inverse Universe

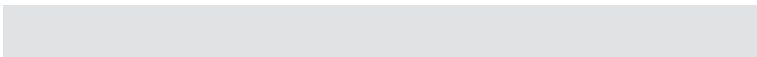
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72.3856, 76.4908, 83.6232



94.1165, 99.5164, 108.8559



72.1140, 75.9475, 83.5326



16.0700, 16.9869, 18.5762



24.0375, 35.1372, 47.8984

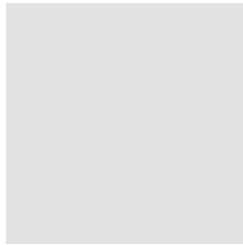


1.7771, 2.5981, 3.5398



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 72.1944, 75.6176, 82.0248 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

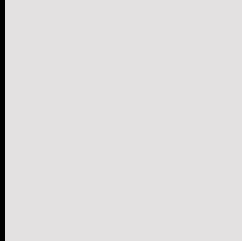
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 72.1944, 75.6176, 82.0248 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

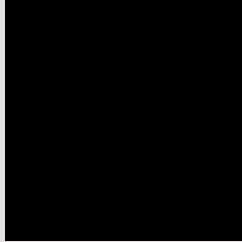
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

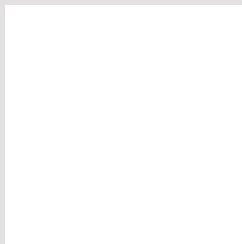


**XYZ 72.1944, 75.6176, 82.0248**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 72.1944, 75.6176, 82.0248.



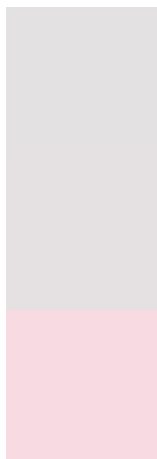
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 72.1944, 75.6176,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

72.1944, 75.6176, 82.0248

### Protanopia

72.5594, 75.4056, 81.9646

### Deuteranopia

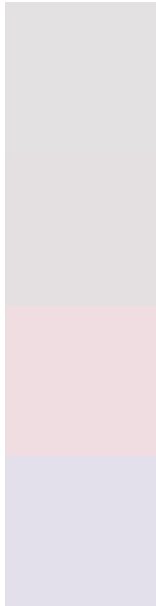
77.1566, 75.4080, 82.4401



## Tritanopia

74.4290, 75.7246, 93.1316

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

72.1944, 75.6176, 82.0248

## Protanomaly

72.2412, 75.2415, 81.9497

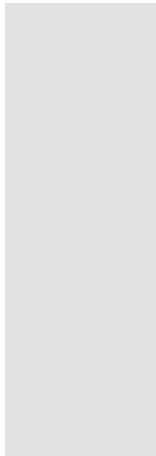
## Deuteranomaly

75.5191, 75.7292, 82.5884

## Tritanomaly

73.6460, 75.8034, 89.3472

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

72.1944, 75.6176, 82.0248

## Achromatopsia

72.2879, 76.0525, 82.8211

## Achromatomaly

72.2879, 76.0525, 82.8211

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 72.1944, 75.6176, 82.0248 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(227, 225, 225) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 225, 225)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 225, 225) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 225, 225) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 72.1944, 75.6176, 82.0248 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 225, 225) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 225, 225) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 225, 225) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(227, 225, 225); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 225, 225);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 225,  
225) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 72.1944, 75.6176, 82.0248 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 225, 225) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
225, 225) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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