

# Converting Colors

XYZ(72.4205, 76.8760, 82.1123)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(72.4205, 76.8760, 82.1123)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(72.3853, 76.9306, 82.2681)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	27
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# **Color**

**XYZ(72.3853, 76.9306,  
82.2681)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E1E4E1
RGB	225, 228, 225
RGB Percent	88%, 89%, 88%
CMY	0.1176, 0.1059, 0.1176
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.01, 0.11
HSL	120°, 5%, 89%
HSV	120°, 1%, 89%
XYZ	72.3853, 76.9306, 82.2681
YIQ	226.7610, -0.8250, -1.5690

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

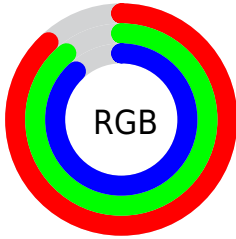
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	225, 228, 228
Decimal	14804193
CIE Lab	90.29, -1.54, 1.10
CIE LCh	90, 1.891, 144.520
Yxy	76.9306, 0.3126, 0.3322
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292994273 (0xFFE1E4E1)
YUV	226.7610, -0.8682, -1.5444
Hunter-Lab	87.7101, -6.1803, 5.7857

# Details

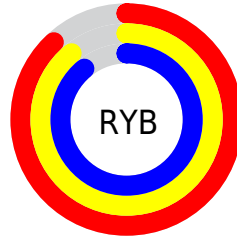
The XYZ color **72.3853, 76.9306, 82.2681** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **72.9265, 75.9477, 84.2183**, and the grayscale version is **72.8484, 76.6422, 83.4634**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **38.7768, 41.3355, 43.9650** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62.8411, 72.3483, 66.6557**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83.2984, 82.1750, 100.1156**.

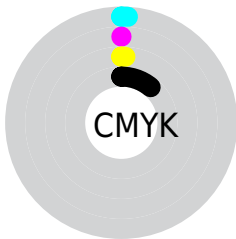
# Distribution



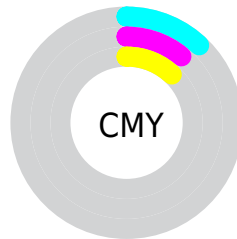
- Red (88%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (12%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 72.3853, 76.9306, 82.2681 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 72.3853, 76.9306, 82.2681 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 72.3853, 76.9306,  
82.2681

■ 72.3853, 76.9306,  
82.2681

458.0184,  
484.5274, 522.4510

■ 53.7601, 57.1959,  
61.0494

121.6120,  
129.0415, 138.3900

■ 38.6398, 41.1626,  
43.8343

152.9442,  
162.1865, 174.1302

■ 26.6591, 28.4461,  
30.2040

189.2428,  
200.5704, 215.5482

■ 17.4526, 18.6622,  
19.7401

230.8730,  
244.5777, 263.0622

■ 10.6550, 11.4265,  
12.0241

278.2004,  
294.5926, 317.0910

■ 5.9009, 6.3545,  
6.6373

331.5902,

■ 2.8250, 3.0618,

350.9996, 378.0530

3.1614

391.4077,  
414.1830, 446.3669

■ 1.0619, 1.1641,  
1.1776

■ 0.0000, 0.0321,  
0.0000

■ 72.3853, 76.9306,  
82.2681

■ 72.3853, 76.9306,  
82.2681

■ 62.8411, 72.3483,  
66.6557

■ 83.2984, 82.1750,  
100.1156

■ 54.6056, 68.3923,  
53.1855

■ 87.0349, 83.9698,  
106.2283

■ 47.6237, 65.0386,  
41.7657

■ 41.8341, 62.2575,  
32.2958

■ 37.1700, 60.0171,  
24.6667

■ 33.5583, 58.2823,  
18.7590

■ 30.9174, 57.0137,  
14.4389

■ 29.1533, 56.1663,  
11.5530

■ 28.1539, 55.6863,  
9.9178

# Harmonies

## Analogous

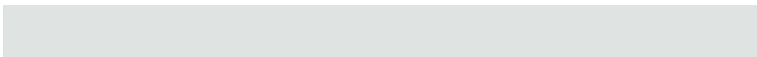
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



72.7451, 76.9306, 81.4269



72.3853, 76.9306, 82.2681



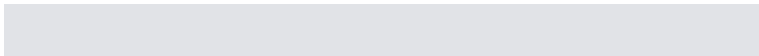
72.2225, 76.9306, 83.5169

# Triad

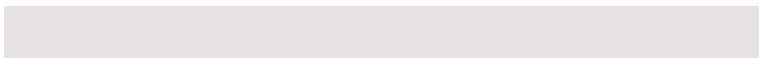
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



72.3853, 76.9306, 82.2681



73.0338, 76.9306, 86.3725



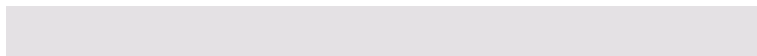
73.9472, 76.9306, 82.6926

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



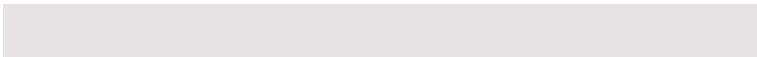
72.3853, 76.9306, 82.2681



72.9265, 75.9477, 84.2183

# Split Complementary

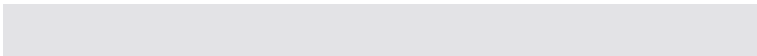
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74.0253, 76.9306, 84.0122



72.3853, 76.9306, 82.2681



73.4967, 76.9306, 86.1461

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



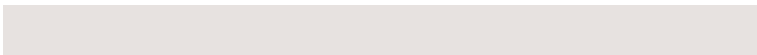
72.3853, 76.9306, 82.2681



72.5959, 76.9306, 85.8940



73.8601, 76.9306, 85.2786



73.6471, 76.9306, 81.6702



# Rectangle

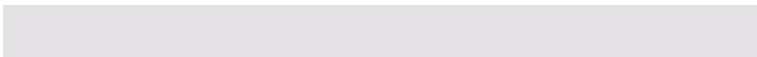
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



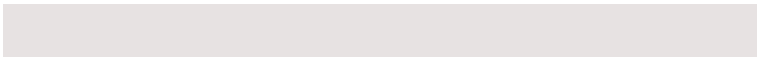
72.3853, 76.9306, 82.2681



72.2471, 76.9306, 84.4163



73.8601, 76.9306, 85.2786



74.0004, 76.9306, 83.1158

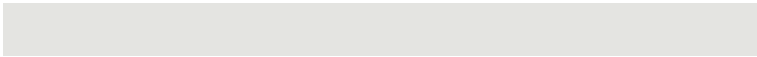
# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72.3875, 76.9339, 82.2698

95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000



73.3323, 77.4210, 82.3138



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

# Same Dimension

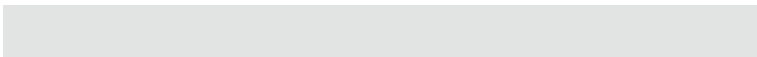
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72.3875, 76.9339, 82.2698



92.3882, 98.7214, 104.5464



72.5933, 77.0162, 83.3537



15.7924, 16.8592, 17.8843



16.0201, 32.0402, 5.3405



1.1838, 2.3677, 0.3947



# Inverse Universe

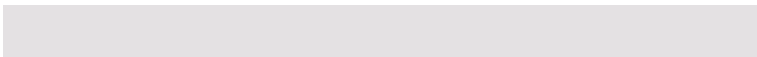
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72.9265, 75.9477, 84.2183



93.4445, 96.7891, 108.3645



72.7189, 75.8647, 83.1248



15.9620, 16.5490, 18.4973



26.5597, 12.7581, 43.4380

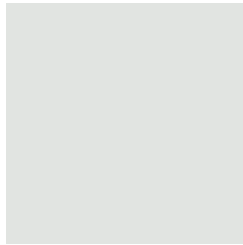


1.9627, 0.9428, 3.2100



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 72.3853, 76.9306, 82.2681 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

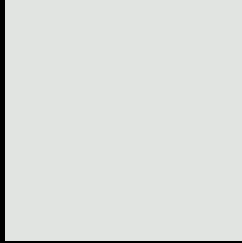
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 72.3853, 76.9306, 82.2681 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

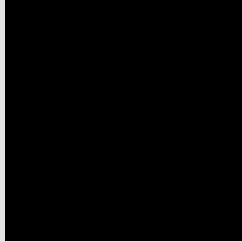
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

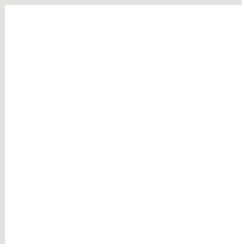


# XYZ 72.3853, 76.9306, 82.2681

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 72.3853, 76.9306, 82.2681.



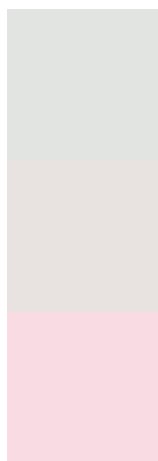
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 72.3853, 76.9306,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

72.3853, 76.9306, 82.2681

### Protanopia

73.9296, 76.9303, 81.4735

### Deuteranopia

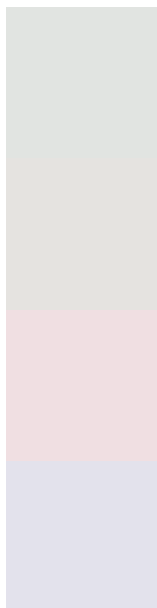
78.5252, 76.8722, 83.3721



## Tritanopia

75.0978, 76.8155, 95.6628

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

72.3853, 76.9306, 82.2681

## Protanomaly

73.2367, 76.9780, 81.5193

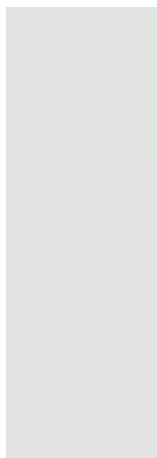
## Deuteranomaly

76.0503, 76.7916, 82.7655

## Tritanomaly

74.0152, 76.7797, 90.2758

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

72.3853, 76.9306, 82.2681

## Achromatopsia

73.0128, 76.8151, 83.6517

## Achromatomaly

72.5606, 76.5979, 82.9120

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 72.3853, 76.9306, 82.2681 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(225, 228, 225) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(225, 228, 225)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 228, 225) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(225, 228, 225) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 72.3853, 76.9306, 82.2681 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(225, 228, 225) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(225, 228, 225) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(225, 228, 225)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(225, 228, 225); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 228, 225);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 228,  
225) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 72.3853, 76.9306, 82.2681 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(225, 228, 225) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(225,  
228, 225) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor