

Converting Colors

XYZ(72.5765, 82.9671,
137.1748)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(72.5765, 82.9671, 137.1748)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(66.8509, 80.8496,
106.6899)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A8F5FF
RGB	168, 245, 255
RGB Percent	66%, 96%, 100%
CMY	0.3412, 0.0392, 0.0000
CMYK	0.34, 0.04, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	187°, 100%, 83%
HSV	187°, 34%, 100%
XYZ	66.8509, 80.8496, 106.6899
YIQ	223.1170, -49.1020, -13.2140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

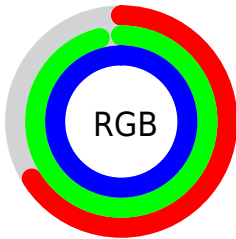
Format	Color
RYB	168, 209, 255
Decimal	11073023
CIELab	92.06, -21.14, -12.33
CIElCh	92, 24.471, 210.255
Yxy	80.8496, 0.2628, 0.3178
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289263103 (0xFFA8F5FF)
YUV	223.1170, 15.7183, -48.3376
Hunter-Lab	89.9164, -24.6428, -7.4088

Details

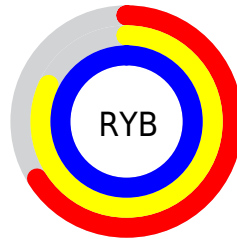
The XYZ color **66.8509, 80.8496, 106.6899** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **64.2287, 55.9281, 44.4578**, and the grayscale version is **70.1411, 73.7939, 80.3615**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85.1740, 94.9088, 108.4378**, and **35.0727, 43.9172, 60.0544** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61.0663, 76.5640, 106.1675**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **73.7183, 85.7182, 107.2676**.

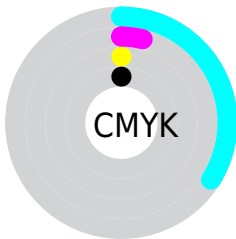
Distribution



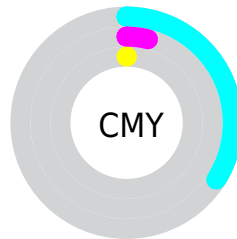
- Red (66%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 66.8509, 80.8496, 106.6899 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 66.8509, 80.8496, 106.6899 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

66.8509, 80.8496,
106.6899

66.8509, 80.8496,
106.6899

438.8547,
497.7914, 602.8637

49.2337, 60.4177,
81.2513

113.7577,
134.5596, 172.4524

35.0202, 43.7554,
60.2164

143.7781,
168.6065, 213.6134

23.8450, 30.4783,
43.1666

178.6635,
207.9605, 260.8523

15.3428, 20.2019,
29.6835

218.7794,
253.0060, 314.5876

9.1482, 12.5419,
19.3485

264.4911,
304.1275, 375.2378

4.8959, 7.1139,
11.7430

316.1640,

2.2204, 3.5334,

361.7093, 443.2216

6.4485

374.1634,
426.1358, 518.9573

■ 0.7535, 1.4161,
3.0465

■ 0.0000, 0.2286,
1.1184

■ 66.8509, 80.8496,
106.6899

■ 66.8509, 80.8496,
106.6899

■ 61.0663, 76.5640,
106.1675

■ 73.7183, 85.7182,
107.2676

■ 56.2955, 72.8198,
105.6963

■ 81.7194, 91.1902,
107.9021

■ 52.4715, 69.5844,
105.2733

■ 90.9099, 97.2964,
108.5964

■ 49.5166, 66.8175,
104.8950

■ 95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 47.3404, 64.4725,
104.5571

■ 45.8325, 62.4924,
104.2544

■ 45.1650, 61.4501,
104.0883

Harmonies

Analogous

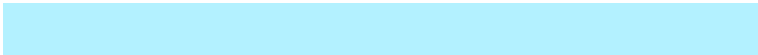
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65.3589, 80.8496, 88.1857



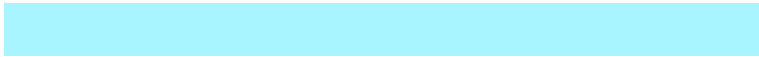
66.8509, 80.8496, 106.6899



70.9913, 80.8496, 121.7122

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.8509, 80.8496, 106.6899



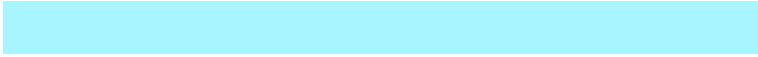
87.8477, 80.8496, 106.3867



76.7913, 80.8496, 57.7017

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.8509, 80.8496, 106.6899



64.2287, 55.9281, 44.4578

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.0122, 80.8496, 61.2193



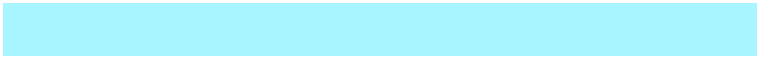
66.8509, 80.8496, 106.6899



89.6039, 80.8496, 87.8774

Square

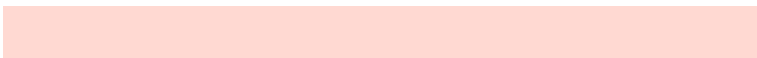
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



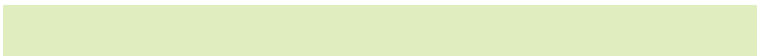
66.8509, 80.8496, 106.6899



83.1103, 80.8496, 121.5210



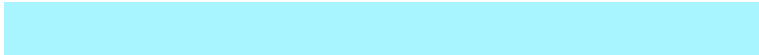
87.7889, 80.8496, 71.6860



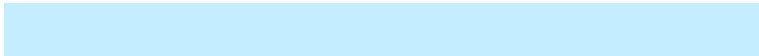
70.9030, 80.8496, 61.3403

Rectangle

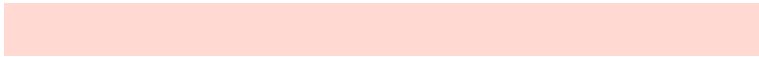
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.8509, 80.8496, 106.6899



74.8132, 80.8496, 126.8333



87.7889, 80.8496, 71.6860



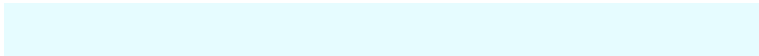
78.9135, 80.8496, 58.0800

Sweetspot

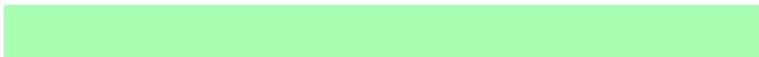
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.8531, 80.8527, 106.6903



85.3553, 93.6252, 108.1805



59.8157, 83.0078, 54.3099



17.9989, 19.8591, 23.1345



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.8531, 80.8527, 106.6903



62.7574, 77.8404, 106.3248



55.5087, 58.1640, 102.9089



18.3662, 20.1040, 23.1624



23.6708, 32.2512, 54.4121



2.3532, 3.2371, 5.3141

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71.7255, 55.8597, 93.3913



68.3940, 49.6869, 90.7697



73.9544, 75.3797, 47.6998



18.6975, 18.2623, 22.2900



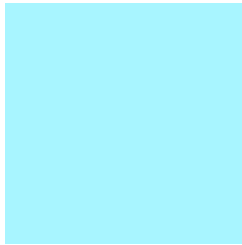
28.7361, 13.9837, 38.8565



2.8224, 1.3713, 3.9121

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 66.8509, 80.8496, 106.6899 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

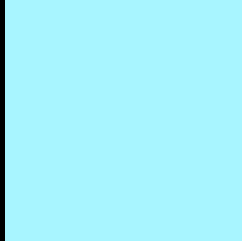
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 66.8509, 80.8496, 106.6899 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

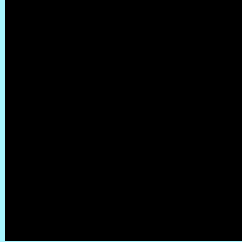
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 66.8509, 80.8496, 106.6899

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 66.8509, 80.8496, 106.6899.

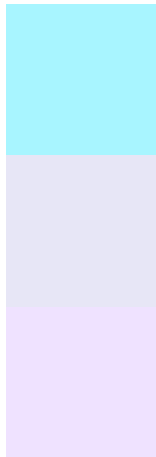


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 66.8509, 80.8496,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

66.8509, 80.8496, 106.6899

Protanopia

77.8864, 80.2364, 98.5709

Deuteranopia

80.8430, 79.9634, 105.7813



Tritanopia

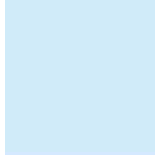
70.1964, 80.3590, 106.4188

Trichromacy



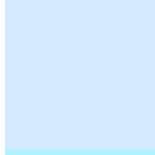
Original Color

66.8509, 80.8496, 106.6899



Protanomaly

72.8196, 79.6661, 101.1616



Deuteranomaly

74.6295, 79.6440, 106.0472



Tritanomaly

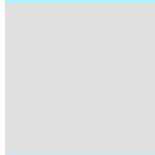
68.8582, 80.5480, 106.5259

Monochromacy



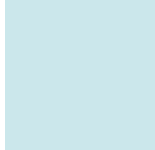
Original Color

66.8509, 80.8496, 106.6899



Achromatopsia

70.1384, 73.7910, 80.3584



Achromatomaly

68.1999, 75.8465, 89.6426

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 66.8509, 80.8496, 106.6899 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(168, 245, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(168, 245, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 245, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(168, 245, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 66.8509, 80.8496, 106.6899 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(168, 245, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(168, 245, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(168, 245, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(168, 245, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 245, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 245,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 66.8509, 80.8496, 106.6899 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(168, 245, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(168,  
245, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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