

# Converting Colors

XYZ(72.6231, 81.2658, 70.6677)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(72.6231, 81.2658, 70.6677)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(72.5980, 81.0809,  
70.8553)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E1EDCF
RGB	225, 237, 207
RGB Percent	88%, 93%, 81%
CMY	0.1176, 0.0706, 0.1882
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.13, 0.07
HSL	84°, 45%, 87%
HSV	84°, 13%, 93%
XYZ	72.5980, 81.0809, 70.8553
YIQ	229.9920, 2.4780, -11.8740

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

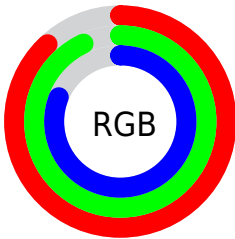
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">207, 237, 219</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">14806479</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">92.17, -9.19, 13.18</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">92, 16.068, 124.878</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">81.0809, 0.3233, 0.3611</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4292996559 (0xFFE1EDCF)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">229.9920, -11.3351, -4.3780</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">90.0449, -13.6645, 16.3768</a>

# Details

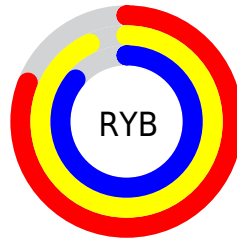
The XYZ color **72.5980, 81.0809, 70.8553** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **66.8154, 65.8023, 89.3046**, and the grayscale version is **75.2897, 79.2106, 86.2604**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **38.8512, 43.8937, 36.5616** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67.0413, 78.5288, 56.5884**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **78.7583, 83.8987, 87.4242**.

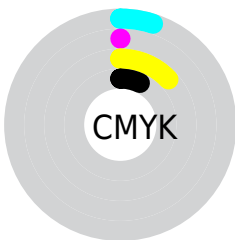
# Distribution



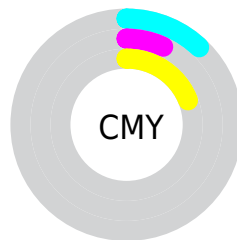
- Red (88%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (19%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 72.5980, 81.0809, 70.8553 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 72.5980, 81.0809, 70.8553 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



72.5980, 81.0809,  
70.8553

72.5980, 81.0809,  
70.8553

458.7457,  
498.5681, 482.4175

53.9345, 60.6082,  
51.7430

121.9126,  
134.8844, 122.1202

38.7798, 43.9091,  
36.4194

153.2944,  
168.9839, 155.1099

26.7684, 30.5990,  
24.4661

189.6463,  
208.3946, 193.5625

17.5351, 20.2937,  
15.4643

231.3338,  
253.5008, 237.8965

10.7144, 12.6087,  
8.9957

278.7221,  
304.6868, 288.5304

5.9410, 7.1597,  
4.6416

332.1766,

2.8495, 3.5622,

362.3371, 345.8829

1.9835

392.0627,  
426.8361, 410.3724

■ 1.0747, 1.4318,  
0.5451

■ 0.0038, 0.2400,  
0.0000

■ 72.5980, 81.0809,  
70.8553

■ 72.5980, 81.0809,  
70.8553

■ 67.0413, 78.5288,  
56.5884

■ 78.7583, 83.8987,  
87.4242

■ 62.0597, 76.2227,  
44.5164

■ 85.5363, 86.9803,  
106.3852

■ 57.6318, 74.1565,  
34.5315

■ 89.0074, 88.7586,  
107.0487

■ 53.7324, 72.3197,  
26.5146

■ 89.5758, 89.0516,  
107.0753

■ 50.3338, 70.7008,  
20.3350

■ 47.4051, 69.2874,  
15.8458

■ 44.9112, 68.0649,  
12.8776

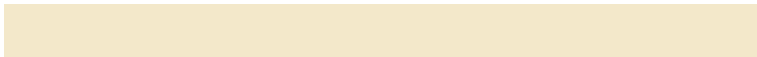
■ 42.8102, 67.0161,  
11.2258

■ 41.4720, 66.3383,  
10.6188

# Harmonies

## Analogous

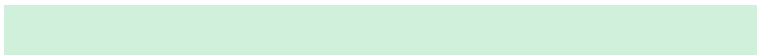
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



76.3894, 81.0809, 67.4430



72.5980, 81.0809, 70.8553



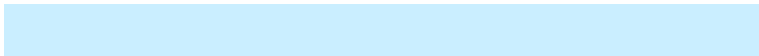
70.0737, 81.0809, 78.9456

# Triad

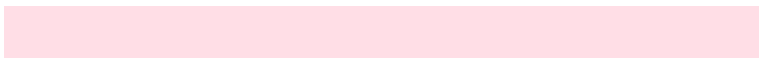
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



72.5980, 81.0809, 70.8553



73.7315, 81.0809, 110.5972



85.2795, 81.0809, 86.3572

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72.5980, 81.0809, 70.8553



66.8154, 65.8023, 89.3046

# Split Complementary

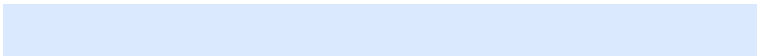
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



84.5064, 81.0809, 98.3297



72.5980, 81.0809, 70.8553



77.7445, 81.0809, 113.0272

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



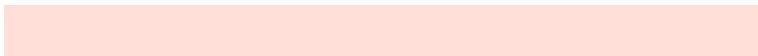
72.5980, 81.0809, 70.8553



70.7115, 81.0809, 101.9852



81.7115, 81.0809, 108.3576



83.7880, 81.0809, 75.8671



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72.5980, 81.0809, 70.8553



69.3984, 81.0809, 86.2617



81.7115, 81.0809, 108.3576



85.2764, 81.0809, 90.3363

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72.6002, 81.0844, 70.8571



91.9654, 98.5946, 100.4098



71.5220, 73.1753, 69.3873



19.5630, 21.0479, 21.1610



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72.6002, 81.0844, 70.8571



84.0840, 94.9889, 79.3783



68.1275, 78.7786, 70.6477



15.7351, 17.3090, 16.0304



22.7931, 36.2948, 5.8043



1.8979, 2.9057, 0.4608



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.8154, 65.8023, 89.3046



76.0946, 73.8817, 104.8577



71.5335, 68.2346, 89.5254



14.8016, 14.8430, 19.0071



11.0509, 4.7329, 44.0741

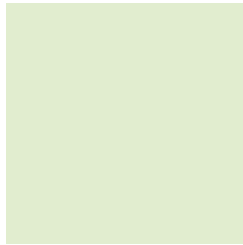


0.9737, 0.4262, 3.4658



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 72.5980, 81.0809, 70.8553 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

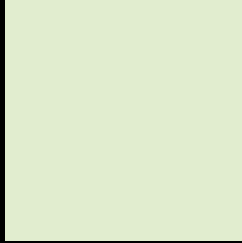
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 72.5980, 81.0809, 70.8553 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

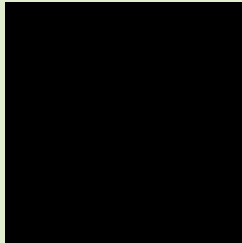
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

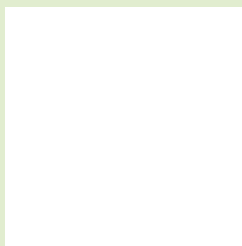
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 72.5980, 81.0809, 70.8553**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 72.5980, 81.0809, 70.8553.



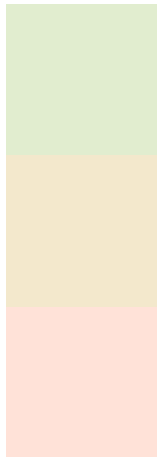
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 72.5980, 81.0809,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

72.5980, 81.0809, 70.8553

### Protanopia

76.7178, 81.1275, 68.7425

### Deuteranopia

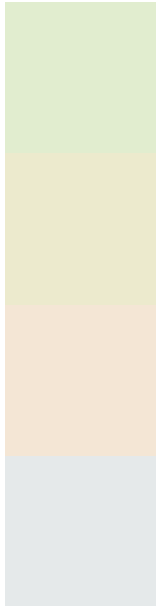
80.8310, 80.6106, 76.2649



## Tritanopia

78.6298, 80.9803, 101.1091

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

72.5980, 81.0809, 70.8553

## Protanomaly

75.0343, 81.0863, 69.4541

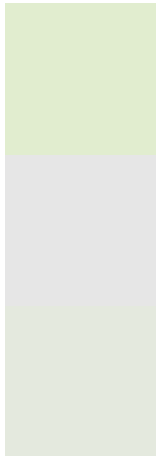
## Deuteranomaly

77.6153, 80.6308, 74.4233

## Tritanomaly

76.3033, 80.8764, 89.4310

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

72.5980, 81.0809, 70.8553

## Achromatopsia

75.2129, 79.1298, 86.1723

## Achromatomaly

74.3186, 80.0457, 80.6406

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 72.5980, 81.0809, 70.8553 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(225, 237, 207)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(225, 237, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 237, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(225, 237, 207) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 72.5980, 81.0809, 70.8553 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(225, 237, 207) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(225, 237, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(225, 237, 207)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(225, 237, 207); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 237, 207);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 237,  
207) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 72.5980, 81.0809, 70.8553 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(225, 237, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(225,  
237, 207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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