

# Converting Colors

XYZ(72.7157, 80.6144,  
106.3353)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(72.7157, 80.6144, 106.3353)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(72.7119, 80.7866,  
106.3688)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C9EEFF
RGB	201, 238, 255
RGB Percent	79%, 93%, 100%
CMY	0.2118, 0.0666, 0.0000
CMYK	0.21, 0.07, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	199°, 100%, 89%
HSV	199°, 21%, 100%
XYZ	72.7119, 80.7866, 106.3688
YIQ	228.8750, -27.5090, -2.5570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

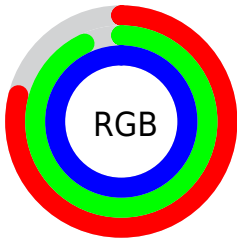
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	201, 223, 255
Decimal	13233919
CIE Lab	92.04, -8.38, -12.18
CIE LCh	92, 14.786, 235.454
Yxy	80.7866, 0.2798, 0.3109
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291423999 (0xFFC9EEFF)
YUV	228.8750, 12.8796, -24.4464
Hunter-Lab	89.8814, -12.8901, -7.2489

# Details

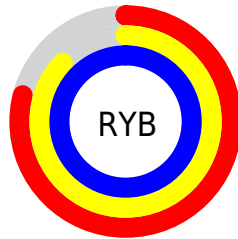
The XYZ color **72.7119, 80.7866, 106.3688** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **76.8537, 75.6188, 65.8052**, and the grayscale version is **74.3089, 78.1788, 85.1367**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **38.7751, 43.6441, 59.8066** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64.1332, 72.9742, 105.3130**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82.5370, 89.4004, 107.5136**.

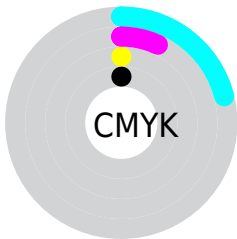
# Distribution



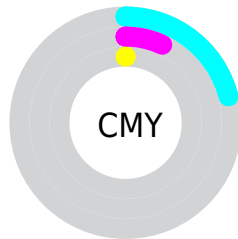
- Red (79%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 72.7119, 80.7866, 106.3688 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 72.7119, 80.7866, 106.3688 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 72.7119, 80.7866,  
106.3688

■ 72.7119, 80.7866,  
106.3688

459.1350,  
497.5798, 601.8445

■ 54.0280, 60.3659,  
80.9835

122.0735,  
134.4711, 172.0101

■ 38.8548, 43.7136,  
59.9971

153.4818,  
168.5036, 213.1033

■ 26.8270, 30.4454,  
42.9910

189.8623,  
207.8422, 260.2694

■ 17.5792, 20.1769,  
29.5467

231.5804,  
252.8713, 313.9271

■ 10.7462, 12.5237,  
19.2457

279.0013,  
303.9751, 374.4950

■ 5.9625, 7.1014,  
11.6693

332.4905,

■ 2.8627, 3.5256,

361.5383, 442.3914

6.3991

392.4132,  
425.9450, 518.0351

■ 1.0816, 1.4119,  
3.0166

■ 0.0096, 0.2255,  
1.1031

■ 72.7119, 80.7866,  
106.3688

■ 72.7119, 80.7866,  
106.3688

■ 64.1332, 72.9742,  
105.3130

■ 82.5370, 89.4004,  
107.5136

■ 56.7370, 65.9220,  
104.3416

■ 93.6556, 98.8355,  
108.7487

■ 50.4632, 59.5990,  
103.4518

■ 95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 45.2435, 53.9680,  
102.6400

■ 41.0016, 48.9875,  
101.9023

■ 37.6500, 44.6103,  
101.2340

■ 35.0840, 40.7802,  
100.6300

■ 33.3297, 37.7794,  
100.1432

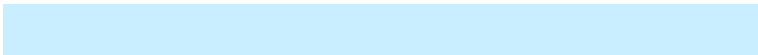
# Harmonies

## Analogous

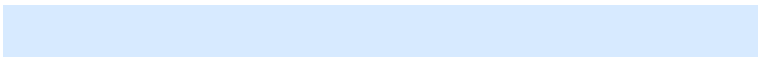
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.3687, 80.7866, 97.2761



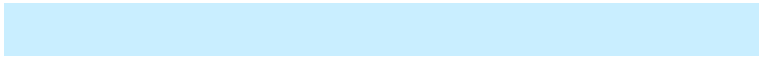
72.7119, 80.7866, 106.3688



76.2070, 80.7866, 110.5397

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



72.7119, 80.7866, 106.3688



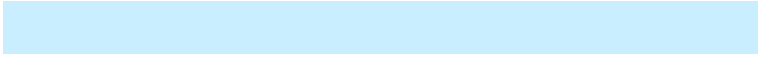
84.3095, 80.7866, 89.6336



73.6845, 80.7866, 70.3725

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



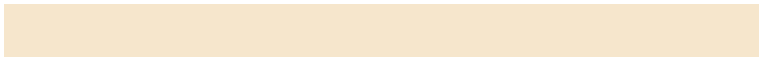
72.7119, 80.7866, 106.3688



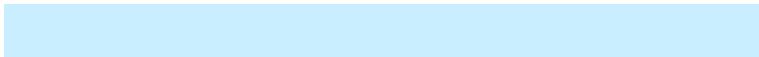
76.8537, 75.6188, 65.8052

# Split Complementary

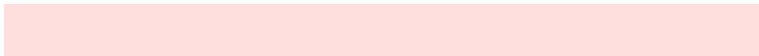
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.3664, 80.7866, 68.6906



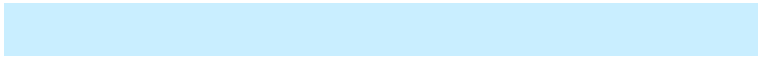
72.7119, 80.7866, 106.3688



83.5805, 80.7866, 79.2639

# Square

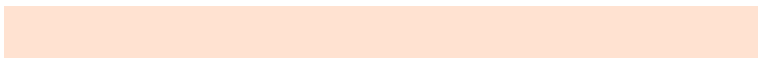
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



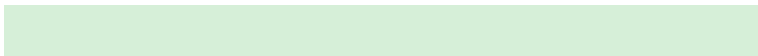
72.7119, 80.7866, 106.3688



82.9685, 80.7866, 100.3839



81.0079, 80.7866, 71.8130

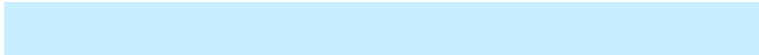


70.9171, 80.7866, 76.6112



# Rectangle

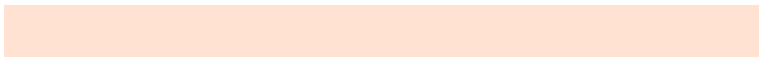
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72.7119, 80.7866, 106.3688



78.7507, 80.7866, 109.7365



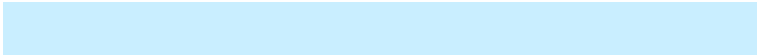
81.0079, 80.7866, 71.8130



74.8528, 80.7866, 69.2786

# Sweetspot

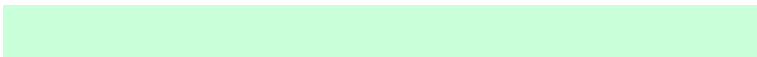
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72.7141, 80.7898, 106.3693



88.1264, 94.1787, 108.1413



72.3988, 88.9581, 79.1382



18.7075, 20.0264, 23.1294



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

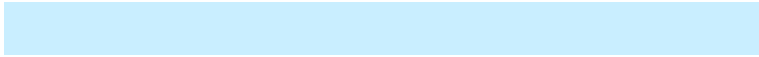


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

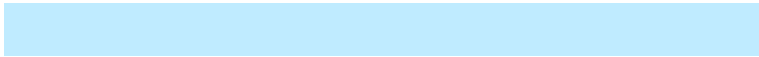


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72.7141, 80.7898, 106.3693



69.2886, 77.7085, 105.9551



65.6321, 66.6259, 104.0086



18.0444, 19.4604, 23.0551



17.5554, 20.0203, 52.3736



1.8073, 2.1453, 5.1321



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77.5606, 69.2078, 90.1633



74.9114, 64.6252, 87.0740



84.1940, 90.2993, 68.2520



18.5350, 18.1973, 21.4347



25.6493, 12.7490, 22.6016

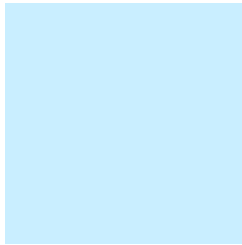


2.5469, 1.2611, 2.4612



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 72.7119, 80.7866, 106.3688 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

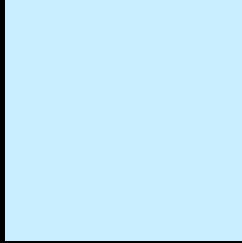
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 72.7119, 80.7866, 106.3688 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

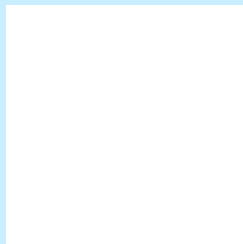
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 72.7119, 80.7866, 106.3688

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 72.7119, 80.7866, 106.3688.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 72.7119, 80.7866,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

72.7119, 80.7866, 106.3688

### Protanopia

78.1853, 80.3188, 101.8247

### Deuteranopia

81.5220, 80.3135, 105.8131



## Tritanopia

73.2360, 80.6257, 106.3101

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

72.7119, 80.7866, 106.3688

## Protanomaly

75.9230, 80.3662, 103.6061

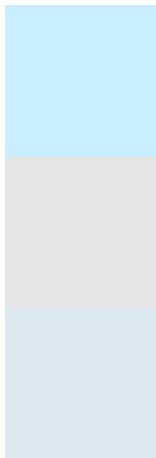
## Deuteranomaly

77.7108, 79.9824, 105.9501

## Tritanomaly

72.9628, 80.4849, 106.2973

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

72.7119, 80.7866, 106.3688

## Achromatopsia

74.4753, 78.3538, 85.3273

## Achromatomaly

73.5026, 78.9463, 92.2531

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 72.7119, 80.7866, 106.3688 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(201, 238, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(201, 238, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 238, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(201, 238, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 72.7119, 80.7866, 106.3688 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(201, 238, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(201, 238, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(201, 238, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 238, 255); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 238, 255); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 238, 255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 72.7119, 80.7866, 106.3688 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(201, 238, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(201,  
238, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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