

# Converting Colors

XYZ(72.9806, 82.9670, 77.9146)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(72.9806, 82.9670, 77.9146)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(72.8931, 82.8258,  
77.7907)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	DAF1D9
RGB	218, 241, 217
RGB Percent	85%, 95%, 85%
CMY	0.1451, 0.0549, 0.1490
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.10, 0.05
HSL	118°, 46%, 90%
HSV	118°, 10%, 95%
XYZ	72.8931, 82.8258, 77.7907
YIQ	231.3870, -6.0040, -12.3400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

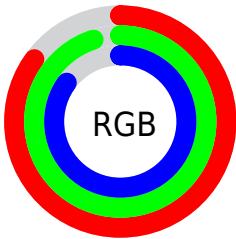
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	217, 241, 240
Decimal	14348761
CIE Lab	92.94, -11.89, 9.03
CIE LCh	93, 14.931, 142.785
Yxy	82.8258, 0.3122, 0.3547
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292538841 (0xFFDAF1D9)
YUV	231.3870, -7.0928, -11.7404
Hunter-Lab	91.0087, -16.2962, 13.0273

# Details

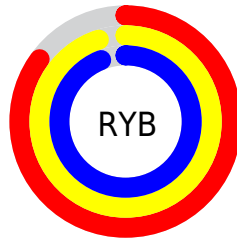
The XYZ color **72.8931, 82.8258, 77.7907** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **76.6285, 74.5041, 93.5654**, and the grayscale version is **76.3003, 80.2738, 87.4182**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **38.9748, 45.0931, 40.8321** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63.5525, 78.3491, 62.1676**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83.6586, 87.9889, 95.8735**.

# Distribution



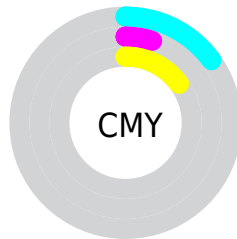
- Red (85%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 72.8931, 82.8258, 77.7907 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 72.8931, 82.8258, 77.7907 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



72.8931, 82.8258,  
77.7907

72.8931, 82.8258,  
77.7907

459.7538,  
504.4058, 506.9648

54.1766, 62.0465,  
57.3866

122.3294,  
137.3315, 132.0382

38.9741, 45.0702,  
40.9043

153.7799,  
171.8265, 166.7187

26.9202, 31.5128,  
27.9252

190.2058,  
211.6624, 206.9952

17.6496, 20.9896,  
18.0307

231.9725,  
257.2233, 253.2861

10.7969, 13.1164,  
10.8024

279.4453,  
308.8937, 306.0099

5.9967, 7.5088,  
5.8216

332.9895,

2.8837, 3.7823,

367.0579, 365.5853

2.6699

392.9705,  
432.1005, 432.4308

■ 1.0926, 1.5525,  
0.9282

■ 0.0189, 0.3253,  
0.0000

■ 72.8931, 82.8258,  
77.7907

■ 72.8931, 82.8258,  
77.7907

■ 63.5525, 78.3491,  
62.1676

■ 83.6586, 87.9889,  
95.8735

■ 55.5706, 74.5198,  
48.8930

■ 90.7469, 91.3939,  
107.4656

■ 48.8863, 71.3113,  
37.8549

■ 43.4309, 68.6908,  
28.9303

■ 39.1295, 66.6227,  
21.9843

■ 35.8991, 65.0673,  
16.8664

■ 33.6456, 63.9798,  
13.4047

■ 32.2583, 63.3077,  
11.3944

■ 31.5842, 62.9794,  
10.4944

# Harmonies

## Analogous

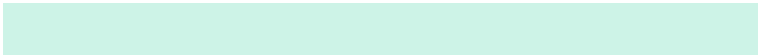
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



75.8508, 82.8258, 71.7720



72.8931, 82.8258, 77.7907



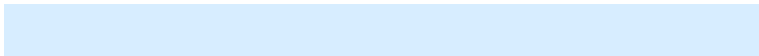
71.5057, 82.8258, 87.5088

# Triad

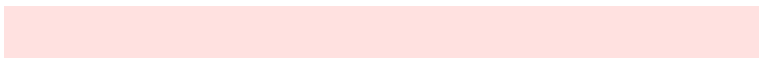
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



72.8931, 82.8258, 77.7907



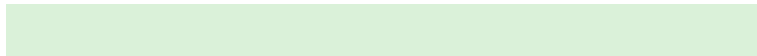
77.7840, 82.8258, 113.2472



85.8521, 82.8258, 82.1079

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72.8931, 82.8258, 77.7907



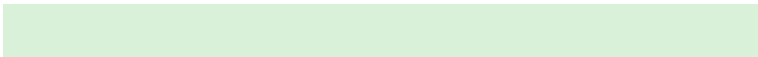
76.6285, 74.5041, 93.5654

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



86.4112, 82.8258, 92.9116



72.8931, 82.8258, 77.7907



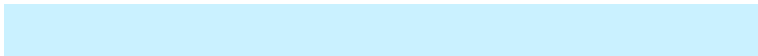
81.6677, 82.8258, 111.5011

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



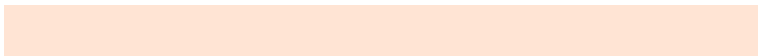
72.8931, 82.8258, 77.7907



74.2682, 82.8258, 108.4181



84.8567, 82.8258, 103.8266

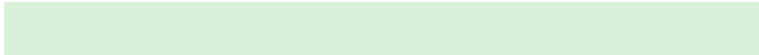


83.3533, 82.8258, 74.1169



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



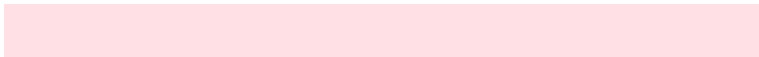
72.8931, 82.8258, 77.7907



71.6246, 82.8258, 95.0267



84.8567, 82.8258, 103.8266



86.2764, 82.8258, 85.5072

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72.8954, 82.8293, 77.7925



91.1966, 98.1530, 102.4180



79.9049, 85.9172, 78.0191



19.3048, 20.9057, 21.5603



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

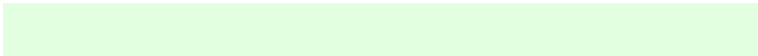


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72.8954, 82.8293, 77.7925



80.5308, 93.0397, 84.5198



74.0490, 83.2564, 85.4231



15.6268, 17.6877, 16.7402



17.1532, 34.1644, 5.6903



1.4483, 2.8531, 0.4744



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76.6285, 74.5041, 93.5654



85.5861, 81.7657, 105.8792



75.4024, 74.0530, 85.3326



16.3854, 15.9959, 19.9455



26.5042, 12.6688, 46.1763

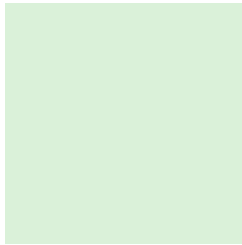


2.2249, 1.0643, 3.8424



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 72.8931, 82.8258, 77.7907 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

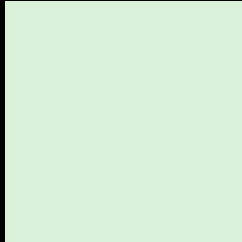
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 72.8931, 82.8258, 77.7907 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

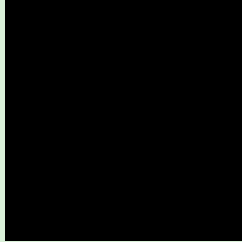
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

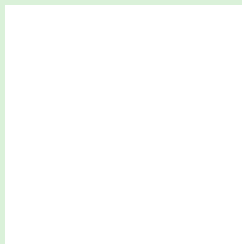
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 72.8931, 82.8258, 77.7907**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 72.8931, 82.8258, 77.7907.



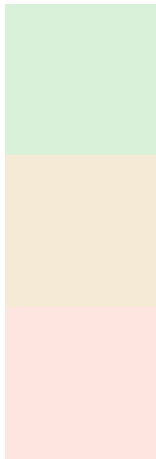
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 72.8931, 82.8258,

77.7907.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

72.8931, 82.8258, 77.7907

### Protanopia

78.7413, 82.8828, 74.7987

### Deuteranopia

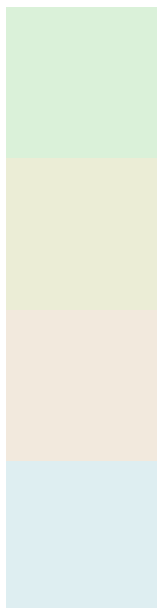
82.7139, 82.6804, 82.1204



## **Tritanopia**

78.6253, 82.9940, 105.6414

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

72.8931, 82.8258, 77.7907

## Protanomaly

76.6827, 83.0856, 75.6138

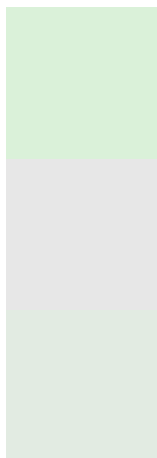
## Deuteranomaly

78.8080, 82.3755, 80.1531

## Tritanomaly

76.5759, 83.0295, 95.2094

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

72.8931, 82.8258, 77.7907

## Achromatopsia

75.9547, 79.9103, 87.0223

## Achromatomaly

74.7998, 81.0764, 83.6584

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 72.8931, 82.8258, 77.7907 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(218, 241, 217) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(218, 241, 217)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(218, 241, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(218, 241, 217) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 72.8931, 82.8258, 77.7907 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(218, 241, 217) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(218, 241, 217) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(218, 241, 217)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(218, 241, 217); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 241, 217);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 241,  
217) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 72.8931, 82.8258, 77.7907 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(218, 241, 217) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(218,  
241, 217) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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