

# Converting Colors

XYZ(73.0505, 76.1145, 73.0814)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(73.0505, 76.1145, 73.0814)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(73.0698, 76.2661,  
73.1570)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	<a href="#">EBE1D4</a>
RGB	<a href="#">235, 225, 212</a>
RGB Percent	<a href="#">92%, 88%, 83%</a>
CMY	<a href="#">0.0784, 0.1176, 0.1686</a>
CMYK	<a href="#">0.00, 0.04, 0.10, 0.08</a>
HSL	<a href="#">34°, 37%, 88%</a>
HSV	<a href="#">34°, 10%, 92%</a>
XYZ	<a href="#">73.0698, 76.2661, 73.1570</a>
YIQ	<a href="#">226.5080, 10.1330, -1.9230</a>

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

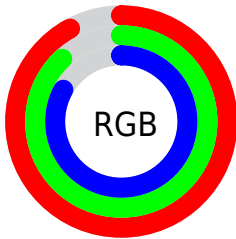
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	230, 235, 212
Decimal	15458772
CIE Lab	89.98, 1.22, 7.56
CIE LCh	90, 7.655, 80.848
Yxy	76.2661, 0.3284, 0.3428
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293648852 (0xFFEBE1D4)
YUV	226.5080, -7.1524, 7.4475
Hunter-Lab	87.3305, -3.4765, 11.4639

# Details

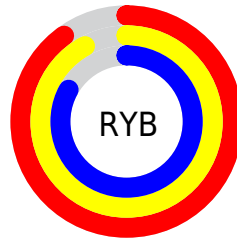
The XYZ color **73.0698, 76.2661, 73.1570** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **68.2678, 72.2363, 88.9428**, and the grayscale version is **72.7034, 76.4896, 83.2972**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **39.0509, 40.7675, 37.7090** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67.6403, 69.8104, 57.7707**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **79.1002, 83.2314, 90.8741**.

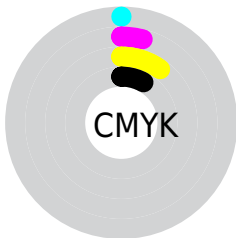
# Distribution



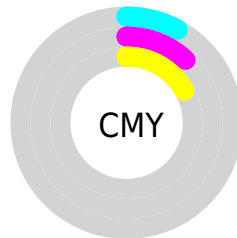
- Red (92%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (92%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (17%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 73.0698, 76.2661, 73.1570 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 73.0698, 76.2661, 73.1570 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



73.0698, 76.2661,  
73.1570

73.0698, 76.2661,  
73.1570

460.3567,  
482.2581, 490.6441

54.3216, 56.6507,  
53.6117

122.5789,  
128.1030, 125.4230

39.0905, 40.7249,  
37.9003

154.0705,  
161.0933, 158.9809

27.0112, 28.1042,  
25.6041

190.5407,  
199.3107, 198.0468

17.7183, 18.4042,  
16.3046

232.3547,  
243.1396, 243.0391

10.8464, 11.2406,  
9.5833

279.8780,  
292.9644, 294.3764

6.0302, 6.2289,  
5.0216

333.4758,

2.9043, 2.9848,

349.1695, 352.4774

2.2010

393.5136,  
412.1393, 417.7604

■ 1.1033, 1.1238,  
0.6749

■ 0.0279, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 73.0698, 76.2661,  
73.1570

■ 73.0698, 76.2661,  
73.1570

■ 67.6403, 69.8104,  
57.7707

■ 79.1002, 83.2314,  
90.8741

■ 62.7840, 63.8412,  
44.6115

■ 85.0943, 90.4484,  
107.5811

■ 58.4801, 58.3478,  
33.5754

■ 88.0712, 96.4023,  
108.5734

■ 54.7040, 53.3158,  
24.5477

■ 51.4291, 48.7293,  
17.4031

■ 48.6257, 44.5715,  
12.0017

■ 46.2605, 40.8237,  
8.1842

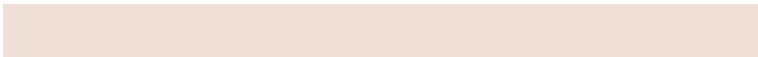
■ 44.2943, 37.4647,  
5.7610

■ 42.6640, 34.4636,  
4.4179

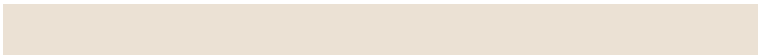
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74.8140, 76.2661, 75.2073



73.0698, 76.2661, 73.1570



71.1994, 76.2661, 73.6641

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



73.0698, 76.2661, 73.1570



69.1360, 76.2661, 86.8110



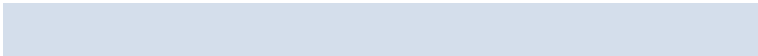
75.3516, 76.2661, 89.8063

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73.0698, 76.2661, 73.1570



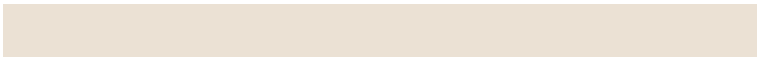
68.2678, 72.2363, 88.9428

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



73.7934, 76.2661, 93.1813



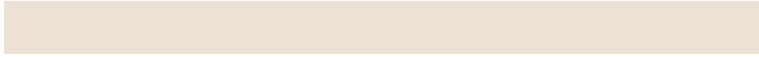
73.0698, 76.2661, 73.1570



70.2120, 76.2661, 91.4003

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



73.0698, 76.2661, 73.1570



68.9499, 76.2661, 81.3919



71.9106, 76.2661, 93.7770

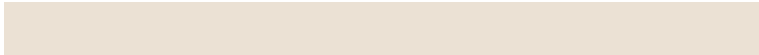


76.1464, 76.2661, 84.7119



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73.0698, 76.2661, 73.1570



70.1311, 76.2661, 75.3934



71.9106, 76.2661, 93.7770



74.8985, 76.2661, 91.1886

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73.0719, 76.2694, 73.1586



92.7911, 97.4142, 102.1913



71.0371, 70.0429, 79.1299



19.7343, 20.7047, 21.4989



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

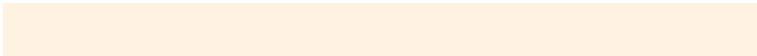


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73.0719, 76.2694, 73.1586



86.4123, 89.9904, 83.6212



75.4752, 81.6379, 74.0682



15.7722, 16.4675, 15.8660



23.8555, 19.4053, 2.4883



1.9686, 1.7146, 0.2272

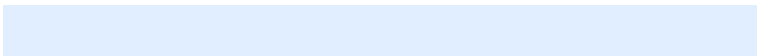


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68.2678, 72.2363, 88.9428



79.4013, 84.1048, 106.6567



66.0240, 67.2548, 88.0995



14.7697, 15.6258, 19.1599



11.1186, 8.8843, 44.8718

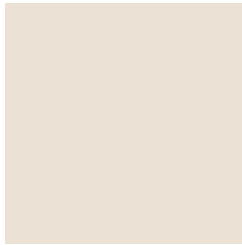


0.9672, 0.8858, 3.5549



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 73.0698, 76.2661, 73.1570 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

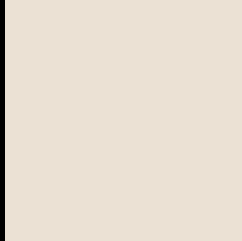
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 73.0698, 76.2661, 73.1570 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

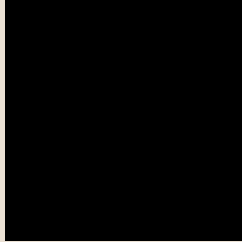
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 73.0698, 76.2661, 73.1570

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 73.0698, 76.2661, 73.1570.



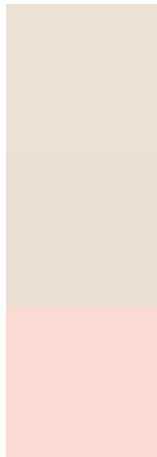
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 73.0698, 76.2661,

73.1570.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

73.0698, 76.2661, 73.1570

### Protanopia

72.7406, 76.0963, 73.1416

### Deuteranopia

77.8498, 76.3498, 73.5846



## Tritanopia

76.8857, 76.2367, 91.5518

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

73.0698, 76.2661, 73.1570

## Protanomaly

72.7406, 76.0963, 73.1416

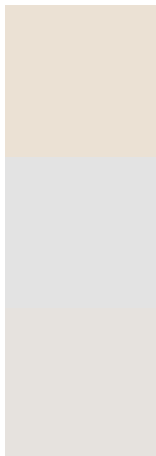
## Deuteranomaly

75.8727, 76.1098, 73.6425

## Tritanomaly

75.5240, 76.0768, 84.8325

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

73.0698, 76.2661, 73.1570

## Achromatopsia

73.0128, 76.8151, 83.6517

## Achromatomaly

73.0143, 76.4896, 80.0230

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 73.0698, 76.2661, 73.1570 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(235, 225, 212) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 225, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 225, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 225, 212) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 73.0698, 76.2661, 73.1570 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 225, 212) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 225, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(235, 225, 212)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(235, 225, 212); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 225, 212);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 225,  
212) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 73.0698, 76.2661, 73.1570 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 225, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235,  
225, 212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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