

# Converting Colors

XYZ(73.1079, 90.4965, 26.1847)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(73.1079, 90.4965, 26.1847)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(73.0833, 90.4838, 26.1836)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(73.0833, 90.4838,  
26.1836)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EDFF66
RGB	237, 255, 102
RGB Percent	93%, 100%, 40%
CMY	0.0706, 0.0000, 0.6000
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.60, 0.00
HSL	67°, 100%, 70%
HSV	67°, 60%, 100%
XYZ	73.0833, 90.4838, 26.1836
YIQ	232.1760, 38.3850, -51.3990

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

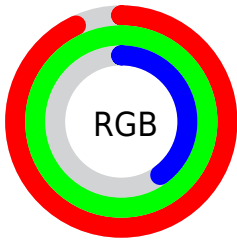
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">102, 255, 120</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15597414</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">96.20, -25.54, 69.07</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">96, 73.643, 110.292</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">90.4838, 0.3852, 0.4769</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4293787494 (0xFFEDFF66)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">232.1760, -64.1768, 4.2306</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">95.1230, -29.3231, 50.2659</a>

# Details

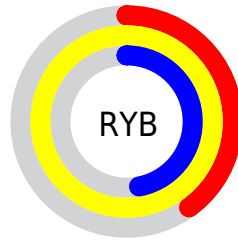
The XYZ color **73.0833, 90.4838, 26.1836** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF66**. A complement of this color would be **30.5483, 20.7171, 96.9965**, and the grayscale version is **77.2785, 81.3030, 88.5389**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83.1716, 95.2486, 46.3490**, and **38.9902, 50.0276, 9.8868** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71.0136, 89.5412, 20.4702**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **75.5588, 91.5907, 33.9479**.

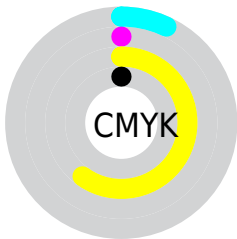
# Distribution



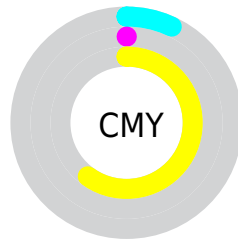
- Red (93%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (60%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 73.0833, 90.4838, 26.1836 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 73.0833, 90.4838, 26.1836 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 73.0833, 90.4838,  
26.1836

 73.0833, 90.4838,  
26.1836


460.4028,  
529.6034, 297.3163

 54.3327, 68.3820,  
16.7340


 122.5980,  
148.0102, 54.5587


 39.0994, 50.2086,  
9.8851


 154.0927,  
184.2036, 74.3213

 27.0182, 35.5791,  
5.2182

 190.5662,  
225.8630, 98.3587

 17.7235, 24.1093,  
2.3149

 232.3839,  
273.3727, 127.0895

 10.8502, 15.4147,  
0.7395

279.9110,  
327.1173, 160.9320

 6.0327, 9.1110,  
0.0000

333.5130,

 2.9058, 4.8136,

387.4809, 200.3050

0.0000

393.5551,  
454.8482, 245.6269

■ 1.1042, 2.1383,  
0.0000

■ 0.0286, 0.6861,  
0.0000

■ 73.0833, 90.4838,  
26.1836

■ 73.0833, 90.4838,  
26.1836

■ 71.0136, 89.5412,  
20.4702

■ 75.5588, 91.5907,  
33.9479

■ 69.3124, 88.7478,  
16.6094


■ 78.4722, 92.8747,  
43.9297


■ 67.9355, 88.0862,  
14.3703

■ 81.8527, 94.3475,  
56.2824

■ 66.8110, 87.5274,  
13.3733

■ 85.7266, 96.0196,  
71.1450

 66.8108, 87.5273,  
13.3732

 90.1185, 97.9009,  
88.6457

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



92.7985, 90.4838, 24.0250



73.0833, 90.4838, 26.1836



59.1794, 90.4838, 42.7022

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



73.0833, 90.4838, 26.1836



63.2646, 90.4838, 212.9117



130.8317, 90.4838, 118.7384

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73.0833, 90.4838, 26.1836



30.5483, 20.7171, 96.9965

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



119.9066, 90.4838, 189.3078



73.0833, 90.4838, 26.1836



79.5460, 90.4838, 256.2533

# Square

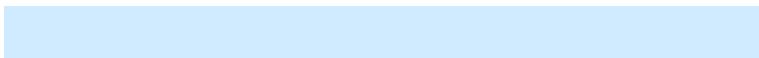
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



73.0833, 90.4838, 26.1836



54.1646, 90.4838, 142.9236



100.3602, 90.4838, 246.2261



128.3661, 90.4838, 64.4237



# Rectangle

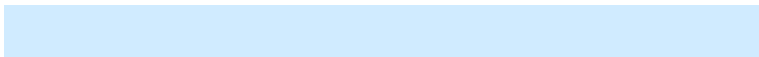
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73.0833, 90.4838, 26.1836



54.0639, 90.4838, 65.2403



100.3602, 90.4838, 246.2261



128.5453, 90.4838, 141.5449

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73.0834, 90.4838, 26.1848



86.5620, 96.3785, 74.4271



50.3374, 35.6173, 16.7933



18.2689, 20.5177, 14.9149



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73.0834, 90.4838, 26.1848



70.6448, 89.3709, 19.5557



52.7866, 80.0205, 25.2349



19.3384, 20.9759, 19.1738



34.9937, 45.7780, 6.9917



3.4642, 4.4866, 0.6834



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.5483, 20.7171, 96.9965



24.8431, 14.1047, 96.0209



45.6584, 28.5067, 97.7036



17.2015, 17.4801, 22.7173



9.7735, 3.9489, 49.6817

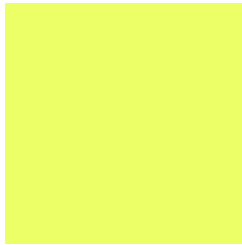


1.0122, 0.4157, 4.8402



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 73.0833, 90.4838, 26.1836 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 73.0833, 90.4838, 26.1836 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 73.0833, 90.4838, 26.1836**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 73.0833, 90.4838, 26.1836.



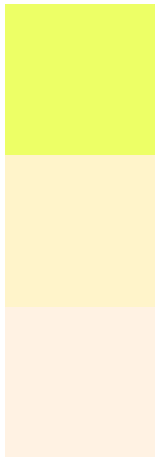
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 73.0833, 90.4838,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

73.0833, 90.4838, 26.1836

### Protanopia

84.2514, 90.2256, 68.8519

### Deuteranopia

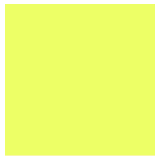
86.8573, 90.3103, 85.5268



## Tritanopia

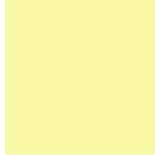
88.9937, 90.0494, 107.2985

# Trichromacy



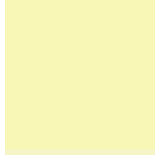
## Original Color

73.0833, 90.4838, 26.1836



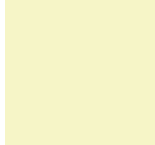
## Protanomaly

79.1617, 89.8444, 49.2458



## Deuteranomaly

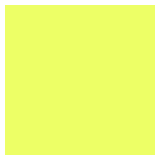
80.4157, 89.8554, 57.3614



## Tritanomaly

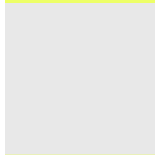
80.9672, 89.0212, 66.9482

# Monochromacy



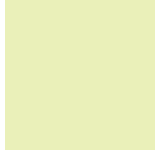
## Original Color

73.0833, 90.4838, 26.1836



## Achromatopsia

76.7008, 80.6952, 87.8771



## Achromatomaly

73.8487, 83.3154, 58.0882

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 73.0833, 90.4838, 26.1836 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(237, 255, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(237, 255, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 255, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(237, 255, 102) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 73.0833, 90.4838, 26.1836 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(237, 255, 102) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(237, 255, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(237, 255, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(237, 255, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 255, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 255,  
102) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 73.0833, 90.4838, 26.1836 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(237, 255, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(237,  
255, 102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor