

# Converting Colors

XYZ(73.1833, 65.8433, 76.6190)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(73.1833, 65.8433, 76.6190)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(73.0294, 65.7953,  
76.5608)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FCC5DC
RGB	252, 197, 220
RGB Percent	99%, 77%, 86%
CMY	0.0118, 0.2274, 0.1373
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.13, 0.01
HSL	335°, 90%, 88%
HSV	335°, 22%, 99%
XYZ	73.0294, 65.7953, 76.5608
YIQ	216.0670, 25.3970, 18.8130

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

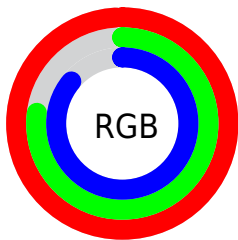
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	252, 197, 220
Decimal	16565724
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	84.89, 23.08, -3.90
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	85, 23.403, 350.420
Yxy	65.7953, 0.3391, 0.3055
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294755804 (0xFFFC5DC)
YUV	216.0670, 1.9390, 31.5132
Hunter-Lab	81.1143, 18.7583, 0.8184

# Details

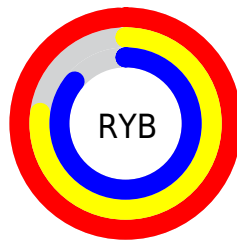
The XYZ color **73.0294, 65.7953, 76.5608** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **71.9819, 87.1500, 87.1607**, and the grayscale version is **65.2926, 68.6929, 74.8066**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94.7318, 99.3636, 108.7939**, and **39.1197, 33.9636, 40.0911** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65.9212, 54.5510, 65.0268**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81.2682, 79.0265, 89.3136**.

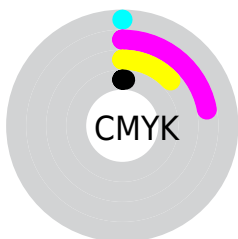
# Distribution



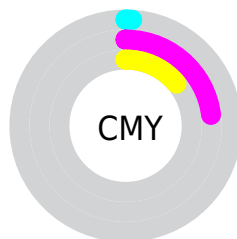
- Red (99%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (99%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (14%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 73.0294, 65.7953, 76.5608 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 73.0294, 65.7953, 76.5608 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



73.0294, 65.7953,  
76.5608

73.0294, 65.7953,  
76.5608

460.2189,  
445.6444, 502.6631

54.2885, 48.1063,  
56.3831

122.5219,  
113.1925, 130.2867

39.0639, 33.9110,  
40.1041

154.0041,  
143.6694, 164.6719

26.9904, 22.8253,  
27.3053

190.4641,  
179.1777, 204.6300

17.7026, 14.4645,  
17.5682

232.2673,  
220.1019, 250.5796

10.8350, 8.4445,  
10.4742

279.7791,  
266.8262, 302.9391

6.0225, 4.3806,  
5.6048

333.3647,

2.8996, 1.8887,

319.7352, 362.1272

2.5414

393.3895,  
379.2131, 428.5623

■ 1.1009, 0.5416,  
0.8620

■ 0.0258, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 73.0294, 65.7953,  
76.5608

■ 73.0294, 65.7953,  
76.5608

■ 65.9212, 54.5510,  
65.0268

■ 81.2682, 79.0265,  
89.3136

■ 59.8860, 45.1880,  
54.6687

■ 90.6804, 94.3259,  
103.3179

■ 54.8697, 37.6043,  
45.4469

■ 93.9552, 99.4356,  
108.8488

■ 50.8107, 31.6845,  
37.3174

■ 47.6406, 27.2995,  
30.2330

■ 45.2810, 24.3010,  
24.1419

■ 43.6383, 22.5104,  
18.9856

■ 42.7141, 21.7232,  
15.4062

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.6451, 65.7953, 91.6876



73.0294, 65.7953, 76.5608



72.4834, 65.7953, 62.0180

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



73.0294, 65.7953, 76.5608



59.0797, 65.7953, 47.8152



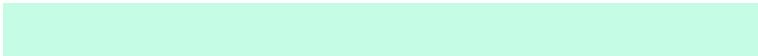
56.3216, 65.7953, 96.3159

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73.0294, 65.7953, 76.5608



71.9819, 87.1500, 87.1607

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.5439, 65.7953, 82.2089



73.0294, 65.7953, 76.5608



55.0733, 65.7953, 54.7508

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



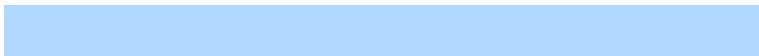
73.0294, 65.7953, 76.5608



64.2319, 65.7953, 46.7437



53.1001, 65.7953, 66.9345



60.8711, 65.7953, 104.1008



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73.0294, 65.7953, 76.5608



70.5420, 65.7953, 54.4801



53.1001, 65.7953, 66.9345



55.1607, 65.7953, 92.0704

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73.0313, 65.7983, 76.5622



87.9901, 88.4843, 98.5189



69.5873, 63.4854, 100.6825



18.7093, 18.7375, 20.9020



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73.0313, 65.7983, 76.5622



71.8225, 62.5060, 73.5317



71.0343, 66.3478, 61.8895



17.5457, 17.3456, 19.4632



22.3196, 11.3436, 8.3915



2.1187, 1.0712, 1.0485



# Inverse Universe

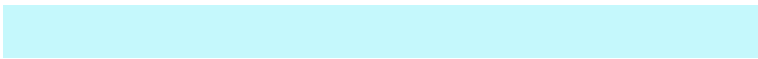
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73.0313, 65.7983, 76.5622



71.8225, 62.5060, 73.5317



74.2687, 86.2402, 104.8279



17.5457, 17.3456, 19.4632



22.3196, 11.3436, 8.3915



2.1187, 1.0712, 1.0485



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 73.0294, 65.7953, 76.5608 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

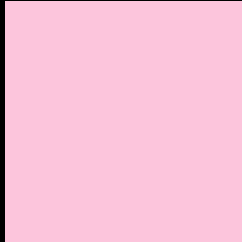
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 73.0294, 65.7953, 76.5608 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

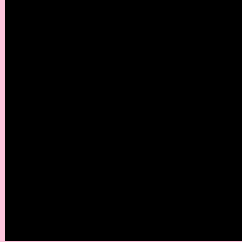
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 73.0294, 65.7953, 76.5608**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 73.0294, 65.7953, 76.5608.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 73.0294, 65.7953,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

73.0294, 65.7953, 76.5608

### Protanopia

64.1618, 66.0389, 82.7639

### Deuteranopia

67.3593, 66.0276, 75.5240



## Tritanopia

71.9880, 65.7015, 71.8383

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

73.0294, 65.7953, 76.5608

## Protanomaly

67.0259, 65.7476, 80.3921

## Deuteranomaly

69.4020, 66.0035, 76.0999

## Tritanomaly

72.3724, 65.8553, 73.8626

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

73.0294, 65.7953, 76.5608

## Achromatopsia

65.2694, 68.6685, 74.7800

## Achromatomaly

67.6379, 67.2687, 75.0649

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 73.0294, 65.7953, 76.5608 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(252, 197, 220)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(252, 197, 220)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 197, 220) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(252, 197, 220) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 73.0294, 65.7953, 76.5608 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(252, 197, 220) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(252, 197, 220) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(252, 197, 220)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(252, 197, 220); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 197, 220);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 197,  
220) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 73.0294, 65.7953, 76.5608 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(252, 197, 220) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(252,  
197, 220) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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