

Converting Colors

XYZ(73.2769, 100.0000,
150.3148)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(73.2769, 100.0000, 150.3148)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(57.4662, 80.6248,
107.1411)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-------------------------------|
| Hex | 54FFFF |
| RGB | 84, 255, 255 |
| RGB Percent | 33%, 100%, 100% |
| CMY | 0.6705, 0.0000, 0.0000 |
| CMYK | 0.67, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00 |
| HSL | 180°, 100%, 66% |
| HSV | 180°, 67%, 100% |
| XYZ | 57.4662, 80.6248, 107.1411 |
| YIQ | 203.8710, -101.9160, -36.2520 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

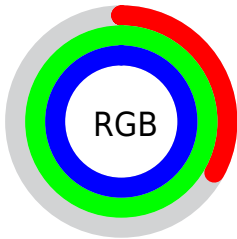
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| RYB | 84, 170, 255 |
| Decimal | 5570559 |
| CIELab | 91.96, -42.57, -12.78 |
| CIELCh | 92, 44.448, 196.713 |
| Yxy | 80.6248, 0.2343, 0.3288 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4283760639 (0xFF54FFFF) |
| YUV | 203.8710, 25.2066, -105.1269 |
| Hunter-Lab | 89.7913, -42.8953, -7.8923 |

Details

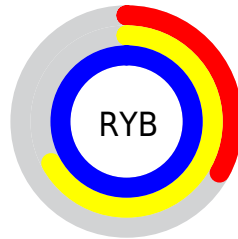
The XYZ color **57.4662, 80.6248, 107.1411** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFFF**. The color can be described as light muted cyan. A complement of this color would be **46.0119, 28.2426, 11.4161**, and the grayscale version is **57.2065, 60.1857, 65.5423**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67.1364, 85.6100, 107.5937**, and **30.3871, 44.4654, 60.4072** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.5848, 79.6549, 107.0531**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60.1797, 82.0237, 107.2681**.

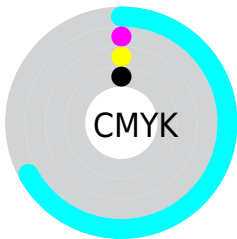
Distribution



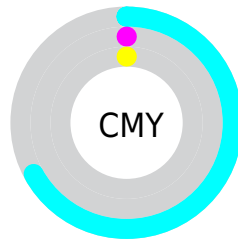
- Red (33%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 57.4662, 80.6248, 107.1411 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 57.4662, 80.6248, 107.1411 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

57.4662, 80.6248,
107.1411

57.4662, 80.6248,
107.1411

405.1799,
497.0360, 604.2942

41.6213, 60.2326,
81.6276

100.2726,
134.2438, 173.0738

28.9946, 43.6062,
60.5246

127.9647,
168.2394, 214.3300

19.2210, 30.3610,
43.4136

160.3366,
207.5384, 261.6709

11.9351, 20.1128,
29.8759

197.7536,
252.5250, 315.5150

6.7714, 12.4770,
19.4932

240.5810,
303.5836, 376.2808

3.3646, 7.0694,
11.8468

289.1844,

1.3494, 3.5056,

361.0987, 444.3869

6.5182

343.9289,
425.4547, 520.2519

■ 0.2197, 1.4010,
3.0888

■ 0.0000, 0.2175,
1.1402

■ 57.4662, 80.6248,
107.1411

■ 57.4662, 80.6248,
107.1411

■ 55.5848, 79.6549,
107.0531

■ 60.1797, 82.0237,
107.2681

■ 54.4376, 79.0635,
106.9994

■ 63.8035, 83.8918,
107.4377

■ 53.9040, 78.7885,
106.9744

■ 68.4096, 86.2664,
107.6533

■ 53.8100, 78.7400,
106.9700

■ 74.0624, 89.1805,
107.9178

■ 80.8206, 92.6645,
108.2341

■ 88.7388, 96.7464,
108.6046

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.1863, 80.6248, 74.1120



57.4662, 80.6248, 107.1411



62.5403, 80.6248, 141.9805

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.4662, 80.6248, 107.1411



93.7522, 80.6248, 138.3497



81.7898, 80.6248, 39.7054

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.4662, 80.6248, 107.1411



46.0119, 28.2426, 11.4161

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92.6946, 80.6248, 49.5062



57.4662, 80.6248, 107.1411



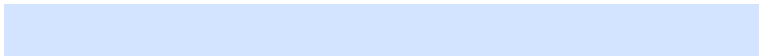
100.0496, 80.6248, 103.0478

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.4662, 80.6248, 107.1411



83.1210, 80.6248, 162.8406



99.6444, 80.6248, 70.9159



70.4888, 80.6248, 40.2814

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.4662, 80.6248, 107.1411



68.2742, 80.6248, 159.1449



99.6444, 80.6248, 70.9159



85.6443, 80.6248, 41.7668

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.4672, 80.6253, 107.1412



78.7118, 91.5774, 108.1354



41.0178, 74.0456, 20.5202



16.4367, 19.3895, 23.1262



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.4672, 80.6253, 107.1412



55.1752, 79.4438, 107.0339



35.9894, 37.6697, 99.9819



18.5550, 20.4815, 23.2253



28.1169, 41.1433, 55.8941



2.7376, 4.0060, 5.4422

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.4612, 34.8224, 98.0371



60.4738, 30.8477, 97.3746



57.1229, 50.4647, 15.1197



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



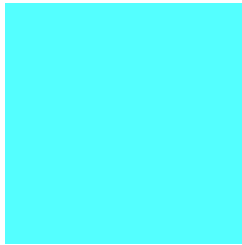
30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.4662, 80.6248, 107.1411 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

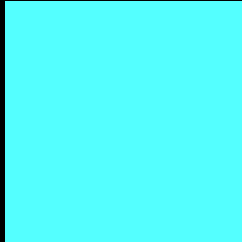
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.4662, 80.6248, 107.1411 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

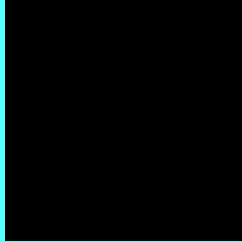
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 57.4662, 80.6248, 107.1411

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.4662, 80.6248, 107.1411.

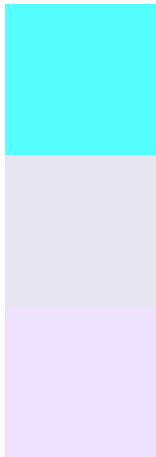


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.4662, 80.6248,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57.4662, 80.6248, 107.1411

Protanopia

76.5543, 79.2595, 92.9251

Deuteranopia

79.5673, 78.9033, 105.6440



Tritanopia

66.8952, 79.9791, 106.5195

Trichromacy



Original Color

57.4662, 80.6248, 107.1411



Protanomaly

65.4161, 77.2066, 97.8408



Deuteranomaly

67.1015, 77.0347, 105.9403



Tritanomaly

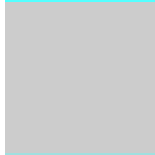
61.9582, 79.2305, 106.6352

Monochromacy



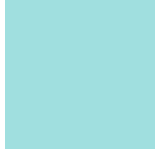
Original Color

57.4662, 80.6248, 107.1411



Achromatopsia

57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568



Achromatomaly

54.2042, 65.5766, 79.6127

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 57.4662, 80.6248, 107.1411 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(84, 255, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(84, 255, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(84, 255, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 57.4662, 80.6248, 107.1411 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(84, 255, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(84, 255, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(84, 255, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(84, 255, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 255, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 255,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 57.4662, 80.6248, 107.1411 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(84, 255, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(84, 255,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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