

# Converting Colors

XYZ(73.3578, 89.0660, 71.1379)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(73.3578, 89.0660, 71.1379)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(73.3252, 89.1403,  
71.0988)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D3FECD
RGB	211, 254, 205
RGB Percent	83%, 100%, 80%
CMY	0.1725, 0.0039, 0.1961
CMYK	0.17, 0.00, 0.19, 0.00
HSL	113°, 96%, 90%
HSV	113°, 19%, 100%
XYZ	73.3252, 89.1403, 71.0988
YIQ	235.5570, -9.8990, -24.3550

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

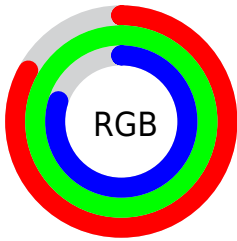
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">205, 254, 248</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">13893325</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">95.64, -22.63, 18.97</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">96, 29.528, 140.030</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">89.1403, 0.3139, 0.3817</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4292083405 (0xFFD3FECD)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">235.5570, -15.0646, -21.5365</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">94.4141, -26.5956, 21.4414</a>

# Details

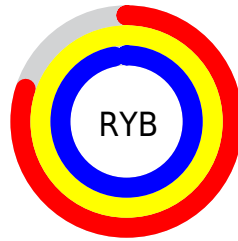
The XYZ color **73.3252, 89.1403, 71.0988** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **78.4359, 70.7775, 103.2980**, and the grayscale version is **79.5090, 83.6497, 91.0945**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **39.2625, 49.2348, 36.7121** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64.5557, 84.9480, 55.9617**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83.4829, 93.9959, 88.9028**.

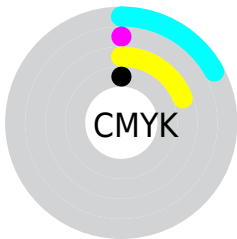
# Distribution



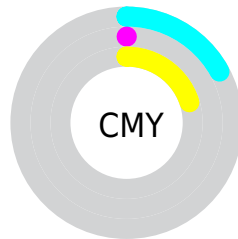
- Red (83%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (20%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 73.3252, 89.1403, 71.0988 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 73.3252, 89.1403, 71.0988 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 73.3252, 89.1403,  
71.0988

 73.3252, 89.1403,  
71.0988

461.2275,  
525.2303, 483.2917

 54.5312, 67.2678,  
51.9405


122.9394,  
146.1437, 122.4702

 39.2589, 49.3023,  
36.5757


154.4904,  
182.0433, 155.5203

 27.1428, 34.8594,  
24.5860


191.0244,  
223.3875, 194.0381

 17.8177, 23.5546,  
15.5527

232.9068,  
270.5607, 238.4422

 10.9180, 15.0035,  
9.0572

280.5029,  
323.9471, 289.1511

 6.0786, 8.8219,  
4.6812

334.1782,

 2.9341, 4.6252,

383.9313, 346.5832

2.0060

394.2979,  
450.8975, 411.1573

■ 1.1190, 2.0291,  
0.5590

■ 0.0409, 0.6243,  
0.0000

■ 73.3252, 89.1403,  
71.0988

■ 73.3252, 89.1403,  
71.0988

■ 64.5557, 84.9480,  
55.9617

■ 83.4829, 93.9959,  
88.9028

■ 57.1069, 81.3793,  
43.3577

94.7336, 99.3672,  
108.7945

■ 50.9167, 78.4077,  
33.1500

■ 45.9148, 76.0002,  
25.1870

■ 42.0241, 74.1207,  
19.2994

■ 39.1582, 72.7289,  
15.2942

■ 37.2173, 71.7784,  
12.9421

■ 36.0702, 71.2091,  
11.8953

■ 36.0115, 71.1800,  
11.8411

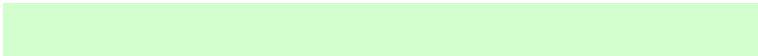
# Harmonies

## Analogous

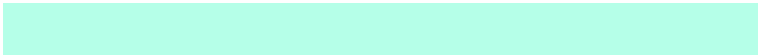
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



79.4945, 89.1403, 60.8497



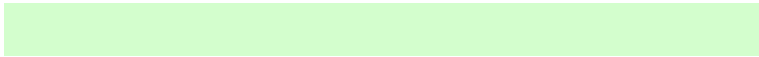
73.3252, 89.1403, 71.0988



70.2733, 89.1403, 89.5285

# Triad

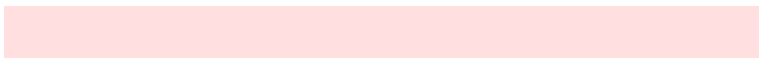
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



73.3252, 89.1403, 71.0988



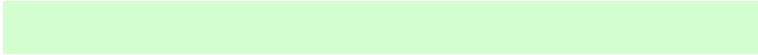
82.0534, 89.1403, 148.0350



100.2399, 89.1403, 82.5489

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73.3252, 89.1403, 71.0988



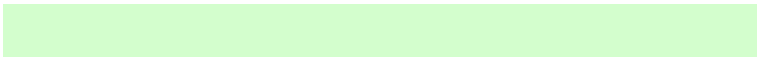
78.4359, 70.7775, 103.2980

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



101.0338, 89.1403, 104.9996



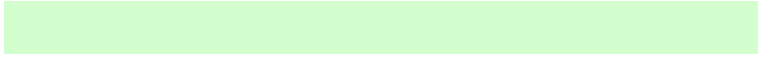
73.3252, 89.1403, 71.0988



90.1804, 89.1403, 145.3650

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



73.3252, 89.1403, 71.0988



75.0956, 89.1403, 135.4745



97.2494, 89.1403, 128.6741

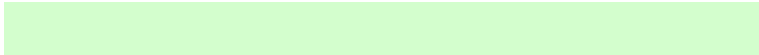


95.1447, 89.1403, 66.6923

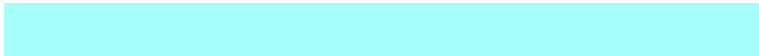


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73.3252, 89.1403, 71.0988



70.2758, 89.1403, 105.0480



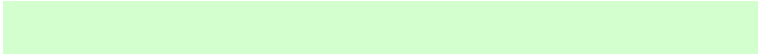
97.2494, 89.1403, 128.6741



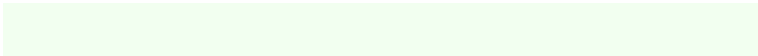
101.0307, 89.1403, 89.4850

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73.3276, 89.1441, 71.1008



87.9152, 96.5952, 96.2157



85.3001, 92.2902, 71.0770



18.6581, 20.5993, 20.3119



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

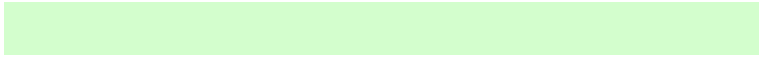


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

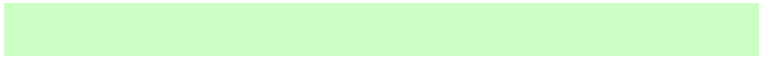


# Same Dimension

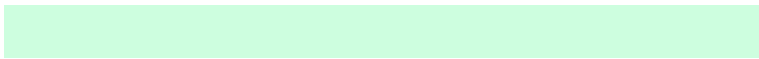
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73.3276, 89.1441, 71.1008



70.5368, 88.2925, 65.7581



73.9363, 89.1927, 83.1100



17.9781, 20.2746, 19.1102



19.0482, 37.5578, 6.2454



1.9170, 3.6890, 0.6110



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78.4359, 70.7775, 103.2980



76.5166, 66.7815, 103.4650



77.8528, 70.7939, 88.9469



18.5609, 18.1809, 22.7809



25.5454, 12.0796, 50.4198



2.5462, 1.2065, 4.9120



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 73.3252, 89.1403, 71.0988 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 73.3252, 89.1403, 71.0988 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

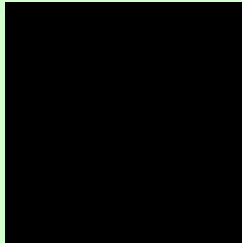
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

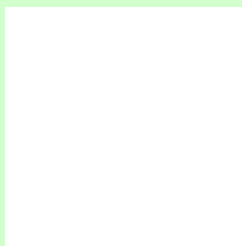
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 73.3252, 89.1403, 71.0988**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 73.3252, 89.1403, 71.0988.



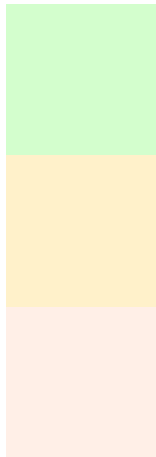
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 73.3252, 89.1403,

71.0988.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

73.3252, 89.1403, 71.0988

### Protanopia

83.3560, 88.4349, 68.5534

### Deuteranopia

86.5303, 88.7625, 88.1735



## Tritanopia

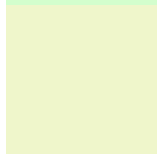
83.3557, 88.9103, 107.3758

# Trichromacy



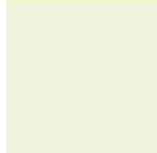
## Original Color

73.3252, 89.1403, 71.0988



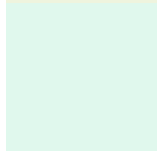
## Protanomaly

79.3319, 88.5741, 69.4152



## Deuteranomaly

81.1321, 88.3260, 81.8797



## Tritanomaly

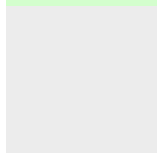
79.5939, 89.0965, 93.1231

# Monochromacy



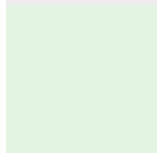
## Original Color

73.3252, 89.1403, 71.0988



## Achromatopsia

79.7278, 83.8799, 91.3452



## Achromatomaly

77.3198, 85.8683, 83.7332

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 73.3252, 89.1403, 71.0988 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(211, 254, 205)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(211, 254, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(211, 254, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(211, 254, 205) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 73.3252, 89.1403, 71.0988 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(211, 254, 205) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(211, 254, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(211, 254, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(211, 254, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 254, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 254,  
205) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 73.3252, 89.1403, 71.0988 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(211, 254, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(211,  
254, 205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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