

# Converting Colors

XYZ(73.5630, 77.9156, 83.8351)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(73.5630, 77.9156, 83.8351)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(73.5630, 77.9156,  
83.8351)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E3E5E3
RGB	227, 229, 227
RGB Percent	89%, 90%, 89%
CMY	0.1098, 0.1019, 0.1098
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.01, 0.10
HSL	120°, 4%, 89%
HSV	120°, 1%, 90%
XYZ	73.5630, 77.9156, 83.8351
YIQ	228.1740, -0.5500, -1.0460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

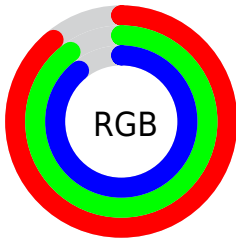
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	227, 229, 229
Decimal	14935523
CIE Lab	90.74, -1.02, 0.73
CIE LCh	91, 1.256, 144.622
Yxy	77.9156, 0.3126, 0.3311
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293125603 (0xFFE3E5E3)
YUV	228.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296
Hunter-Lab	88.2698, -5.7124, 5.4776

# Details

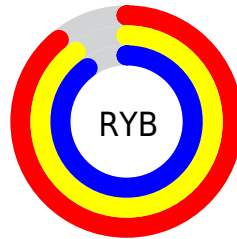
The XYZ color **73.5630, 77.9156, 83.8351** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **73.9279, 77.2553, 85.1480**, and the grayscale version is **73.8764, 77.7238, 84.6412**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **39.5957, 42.0213, 45.0537** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63.8618, 73.2579, 67.9662**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84.6497, 83.2434, 101.9662**.

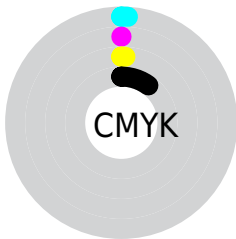
# Distribution



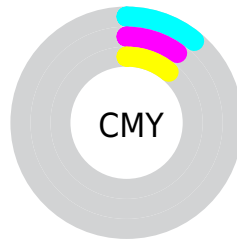
- Red (89%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 73.5630, 77.9156, 83.8351 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 73.5630, 77.9156, 83.8351 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 73.5630, 77.9156,  
83.8351

■ 73.5630, 77.9156,  
83.8351

462.0374,  
487.8801, 527.8092

■ 54.7265, 58.0046,  
62.3347

123.2750,  
130.4311, 140.6042

■ 39.4157, 41.8124,  
44.8657

154.8811,  
163.8045, 176.7099

■ 27.2655, 28.9544,  
31.0094

191.4745,  
202.4342, 218.5211

■ 17.9103, 19.0463,  
20.3475

233.4204,  
246.7045, 266.4565

■ 10.9849, 11.7038,  
12.4613

281.0844,  
296.9998, 320.9344

■ 6.1239, 6.5423,  
6.9323

334.8316,

■ 2.9620, 3.1775,

353.7046, 382.3735

3.3420

395.0275,  
417.2033, 451.1922

■ 1.1337, 1.2251,  
1.2718

■ 0.0530, 0.0821,  
0.0385

■ 73.5630, 77.9156,  
83.8351

■ 73.5630, 77.9156,  
83.8351

■ 63.8618, 73.2579,  
67.9662

■ 84.6497, 83.2434,  
101.9662

■ 55.4855, 69.2343,  
54.2658

■ 87.3108, 84.5217,  
106.3203

■ 48.3785, 65.8204,  
42.6414

■ 42.4789, 62.9866,  
32.9917

■ 37.7197, 60.7005,  
25.2071

■ 34.0273, 58.9268,  
19.1673

■ 31.3195, 57.6261,  
14.7377

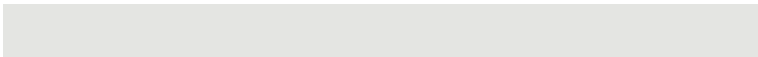
■ 29.5020, 56.7531,  
11.7644

■ 28.4625, 56.2538,  
10.0634

# Harmonies

## Analogous

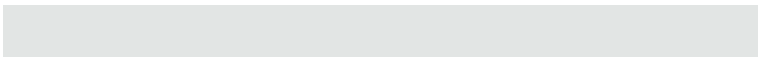
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73.8040, 77.9156, 83.2675



73.5630, 77.9156, 83.8351



73.4542, 77.9156, 84.6741

# Triad

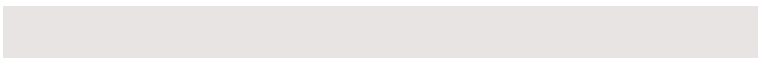
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



73.5630, 77.9156, 83.8351



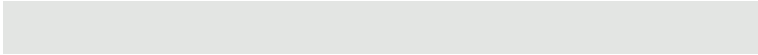
73.9996, 77.9156, 86.5781



74.6092, 77.9156, 84.1152

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73.5630, 77.9156, 83.8351



73.9279, 77.2553, 85.1480

# Split Complementary

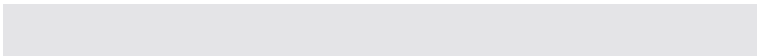
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74.6620, 77.9156, 84.9998



73.5630, 77.9156, 83.8351



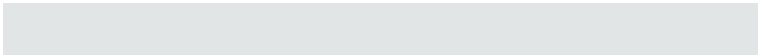
74.3094, 77.9156, 86.4258

# Square

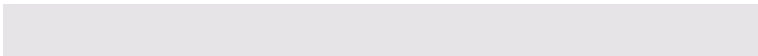
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



73.5630, 77.9156, 83.8351



73.7058, 77.9156, 86.2611



74.5521, 77.9156, 85.8465



74.4082, 77.9156, 83.4284



# Rectangle

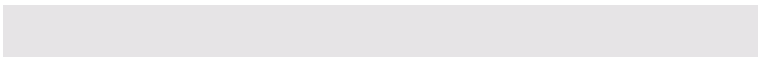
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



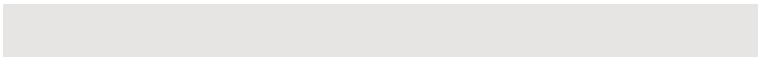
73.5630, 77.9156, 83.8351



73.4711, 77.9156, 85.2761



74.5521, 77.9156, 85.8465



74.6449, 77.9156, 84.3991

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73.5652, 77.9189, 83.8368

95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000



74.2010, 78.2467, 83.8664



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

# Same Dimension

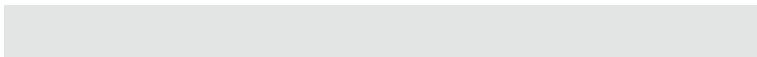
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73.5652, 77.9189, 83.8368



93.7102, 99.3564, 106.7087



73.7039, 77.9744, 84.5673



16.0048, 16.9612, 18.2316



16.0202, 32.0402, 5.3406



1.1839, 2.3677, 0.3948



# Inverse Universe

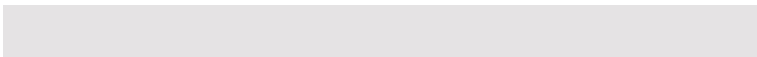
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73.9279, 77.2553, 85.1480



94.2419, 98.3838, 108.6304



73.7884, 77.1995, 84.4132



16.0901, 16.8051, 18.5400



26.5593, 12.7580, 43.4360

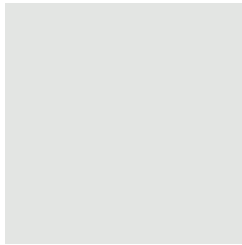


1.9627, 0.9428, 3.2099



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 73.5630, 77.9156, 83.8351 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

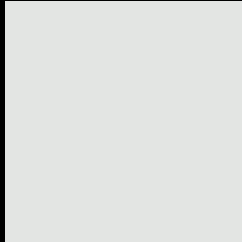
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 73.5630, 77.9156, 83.8351 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

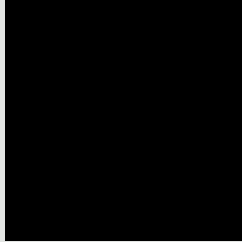
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

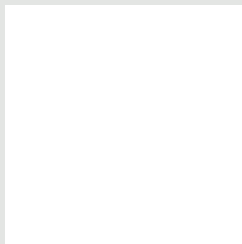


# XYZ 73.5630, 77.9156, 83.8351

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 73.5630, 77.9156, 83.8351.



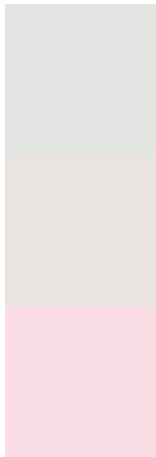
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 73.5630, 77.9156,

83.8351.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

73.5630, 77.9156, 83.8351

### Protanopia

74.8008, 77.7528, 83.0169

### Deuteranopia

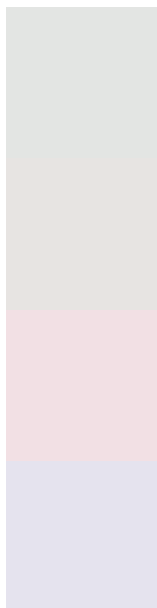
79.4236, 77.6940, 84.9391



## Tritanopia

76.1586, 77.7474, 96.5807

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

73.5630, 77.9156, 83.8351

## Protanomaly

74.4259, 77.9667, 83.0779

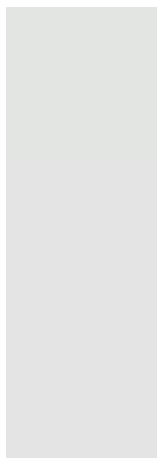
## Deuteranomaly

77.2772, 77.7900, 84.3408

## Tritanomaly

75.2148, 77.7692, 91.9356

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

73.5630, 77.9156, 83.8351

## Achromatopsia

73.7419, 77.5822, 84.4870

## Achromatomaly

73.7419, 77.5822, 84.4870

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 73.5630, 77.9156, 83.8351 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(227, 229, 227) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 229, 227)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 229, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 229, 227) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 73.5630, 77.9156, 83.8351 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 229, 227) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 229, 227) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(227, 229, 227)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(227, 229, 227); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 229, 227);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 229,  
227) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 73.5630, 77.9156, 83.8351 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 229, 227) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
229, 227) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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