

# Converting Colors

XYZ(73.5987, 75.4632,  
103.6153)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(73.5987, 75.4632, 103.6153)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(73.5987, 75.4632,  
103.6153)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DBE0FD
RGB	219, 224, 253
RGB Percent	86%, 88%, 99%
CMY	0.1412, 0.1215, 0.0078
CMYK	0.13, 0.11, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	231°, 89%, 93%
HSV	231°, 13%, 99%
XYZ	73.5987, 75.4632, 103.6153
YIQ	225.8110, -12.2890, 7.9590

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

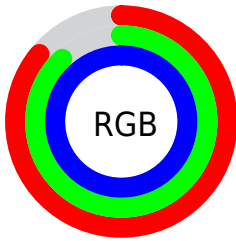
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	219, 223, 253
Decimal	14409981
CIE Lab	89.61, 3.93, -14.64
CIE LCh	90, 15.154, 285.026
Yxy	75.4632, 0.2913, 0.2987
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292600061 (0xFFDBE0FD)
YUV	225.8110, 13.4042, -5.9732
Hunter-Lab	86.8696, -0.7907, -9.9106

# Details

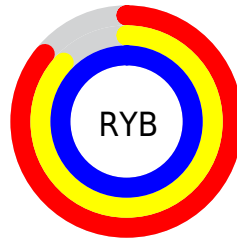
The XYZ color **73.5987, 75.4632, 103.6153** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **86.8621, 93.1316, 80.4176**, and the grayscale version is **72.0667, 75.8198, 82.5678**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **39.4616, 40.2540, 57.9145** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61.1226, 60.9638, 101.4754**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87.9721, 92.0370, 106.0580**.

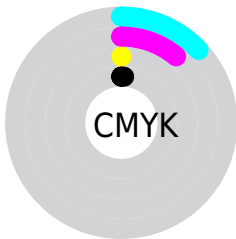
# Distribution



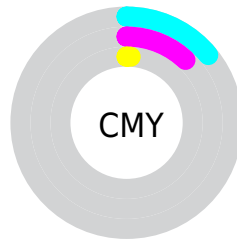
- Red (86%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (1%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 73.5987, 75.4632, 103.6153 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 73.5987, 75.4632, 103.6153 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 73.5987, 75.4632,  
103.6153

■ 73.5987, 75.4632,  
103.6153

462.1589,  
479.5081, 593.0679

■ 54.7558, 55.9924,  
78.6896

123.3253,  
126.9678, 168.2117

■ 39.4393, 40.1969,  
58.1208

154.9397,  
159.7705, 208.7194

■ 27.2839, 27.6921,  
41.4904

191.5420,  
197.7859, 255.2583

■ 17.9242, 18.0937,  
28.3799

233.4975,  
241.3985, 308.2468

■ 10.9950, 11.0173,  
18.3707

281.1716,  
290.9926, 368.1034

■ 6.1307, 6.0784,  
11.0443

334.9296,

■ 2.9661, 2.8928,

346.9526, 435.2468

5.9821

395.1370,  
409.6630, 510.0955

■ 1.1359, 1.0760,  
2.7656

■ 0.0548, 0.0000,  
0.9762

■ 73.5987, 75.4632,  
103.6153

■ 73.5987, 75.4632,  
103.6153

■ 61.1226, 60.9638,  
101.4754

■ 87.9721, 92.0370,  
106.0580

■ 50.4574, 48.4477,  
99.6217

94.7299, 99.8719,  
107.2141

■ 41.5202, 37.8307,  
98.0434

■ 34.2189, 29.0191,  
96.7274

■ 28.4527, 21.9110,  
95.6593

■ 24.1093, 16.3941,  
94.8234

■ 21.0607, 12.3422,  
94.2020

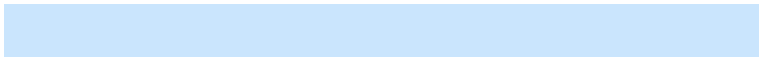
■ 19.1547, 9.6089,  
93.7748

■ 18.3985, 8.4292,  
93.5870

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



69.8906, 75.4632, 103.6209



73.5987, 75.4632, 103.6153



76.9132, 75.4632, 97.5358

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



73.5987, 75.4632, 103.6153



76.9084, 75.4632, 68.4915



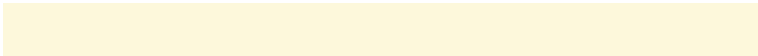
65.0257, 75.4632, 76.9791

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73.5987, 75.4632, 103.6153



86.8621, 93.1316, 80.4176

# Split Complementary

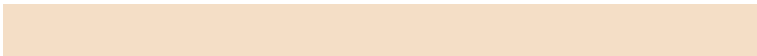
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.7765, 75.4632, 68.5031



73.5987, 75.4632, 103.6153



73.5923, 75.4632, 63.8990

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



73.5987, 75.4632, 103.6153



78.8686, 75.4632, 76.9619



69.8844, 75.4632, 63.9031



65.0273, 75.4632, 87.6008



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73.5987, 75.4632, 103.6153



78.4169, 75.4632, 91.1360



69.8844, 75.4632, 63.9031



65.4260, 75.4632, 73.8059

# Sweetspot

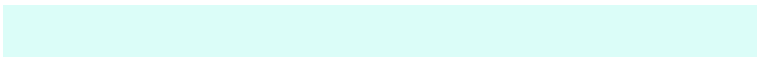
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73.6010, 75.4663, 103.6170



88.6838, 92.6912, 107.8248



81.2679, 92.0831, 102.2174



18.7334, 19.5539, 23.0369



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73.6010, 75.4663, 103.6170



71.4865, 72.8394, 104.8994



75.9854, 74.7289, 103.3490



17.2186, 17.8089, 22.7799



9.8501, 4.6098, 49.8052



1.0201, 0.5709, 4.8697



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79.2959, 76.9293, 81.1940



78.2824, 74.6325, 78.1309



84.2226, 94.0848, 80.7407



18.1183, 18.0306, 19.2399



21.7601, 11.1933, 2.1211

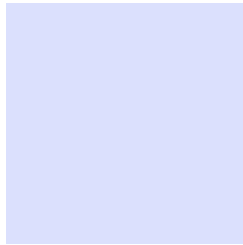


2.1495, 1.1022, 0.3688



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 73.5987, 75.4632, 103.6153 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

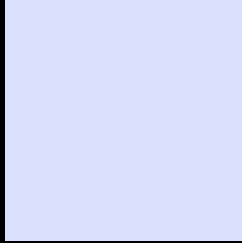
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 73.5987, 75.4632, 103.6153 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

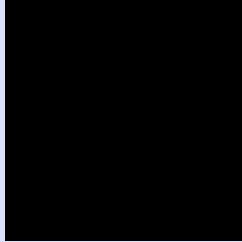
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 73.5987, 75.4632, 103.6153

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 73.5987, 75.4632, 103.6153.



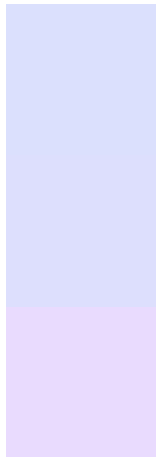
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 73.5987, 75.4632,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

73.5987, 75.4632, 103.6153

### Protanopia

73.9361, 75.2394, 103.5543

### Deuteranopia

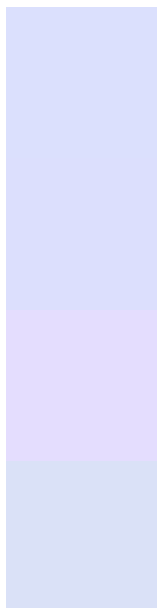
76.8252, 75.1424, 104.2207



## Tritanopia

71.9893, 75.6155, 95.5950

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

73.5987, 75.4632, 103.6153

## Protanomaly

73.6325, 75.0828, 103.5401

## Deuteranomaly

75.7408, 75.3626, 104.3204

## Tritanomaly

72.6272, 75.4713, 98.7352

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

73.5987, 75.4632, 103.6153

## Achromatopsia

72.2879, 76.0525, 82.8211

## Achromatomaly

72.4970, 75.5945, 90.1271

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 73.5987, 75.4632, 103.6153 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(219, 224, 253)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 224, 253)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 224, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 224, 253) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 73.5987, 75.4632, 103.6153 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 224, 253) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 224, 253) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 224, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(219, 224, 253); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 224, 253);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 224,  
253) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 73.5987, 75.4632, 103.6153 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 224, 253) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219,  
224, 253) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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