

# Converting Colors

XYZ(73.8682, 80.7481,  
100.4996)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(73.8682, 80.7481, 100.4996)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(73.8027, 80.6171,  
100.4778)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D3ECF8
RGB	211, 236, 248
RGB Percent	83%, 93%, 97%
CMY	0.1725, 0.0745, 0.0274
CMYK	0.15, 0.05, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	199°, 73%, 90%
HSV	199°, 15%, 97%
XYZ	73.8027, 80.6171, 100.4778
YIQ	229.8930, -18.7520, -1.5680

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

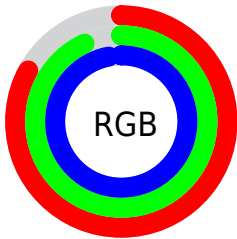
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	211, 226, 248
Decimal	13888760
CIE Lab	91.96, -5.78, -8.58
CIE LCh	92, 10.343, 236.005
Yxy	80.6171, 0.2895, 0.3163
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292078840 (0xFFD3ECF8)
YUV	229.8930, 8.9268, -16.5692
Hunter-Lab	89.7870, -10.4047, -3.4986

# Details

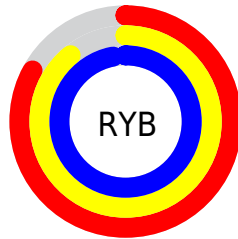
The XYZ color **73.8027, 80.6171, 100.4778** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **76.8575, 77.4348, 72.5251**, and the grayscale version is **75.0826, 78.9928, 86.0231**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **39.5460, 43.5162, 56.1843** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64.9758, 72.7088, 99.4179**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83.8346, 89.3057, 101.6274**.

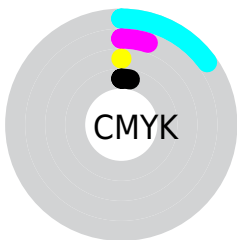
# Distribution



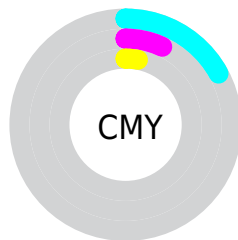
- Red (83%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (83%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (3%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 73.8027, 80.6171, 100.4778 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 73.8027, 80.6171, 100.4778 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 73.8027, 80.6171,  
100.4778

■ 73.8027, 80.6171,  
100.4778

462.8530,  
497.0101, 582.9832

■ 54.9233, 60.2263,  
76.0805

123.6131,  
134.2330, 163.8712

■ 39.5739, 43.6011,  
55.9915

155.2748,  
168.2269, 203.7045

■ 27.3892, 30.3570,  
39.7921

191.9279,  
207.5239, 249.5201

■ 18.0038, 20.1097,  
27.0640

233.9379,  
252.5085, 301.7367

■ 11.0524, 12.4748,  
17.3884

281.6700,  
303.5650, 360.7727

■ 6.1697, 7.0679,  
10.3469

335.4896,

■ 2.9902, 3.5046,

361.0778, 427.0468

5.5210

395.7622,  
425.4314, 500.9775

■ 1.1486, 1.4005,  
2.4920

■ 0.0652, 0.2171,  
0.8359

■ 73.8027, 80.6171,  
100.4778

■ 73.8027, 80.6171,  
100.4778

■ 64.9758, 72.7088,  
99.4179

■ 83.8346, 89.3057,  
101.6274

■ 57.2955, 65.5421,  
98.4393

■ 93.0214, 97.7131,  
102.7660

■ 50.7088, 59.0899,  
97.5411

■ 93.9435, 99.5574,  
103.0734

■ 45.1554, 53.3190,  
96.7199

■ 40.5688, 48.1931,  
95.9722

■ 36.8744, 43.6712,  
95.2941

■ 33.9851, 39.7065,  
94.6812

■ 31.7946, 36.2417,  
94.1278

■ 30.8706, 34.6315,  
93.8657

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



72.1231, 80.6171, 94.3517



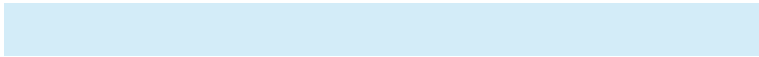
73.8027, 80.6171, 100.4778



76.2687, 80.6171, 103.1999

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



73.8027, 80.6171, 100.4778



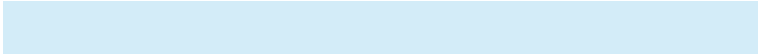
81.8350, 80.6171, 88.8018



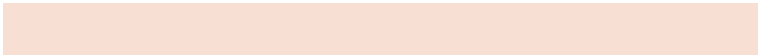
74.4057, 80.6171, 75.2727

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



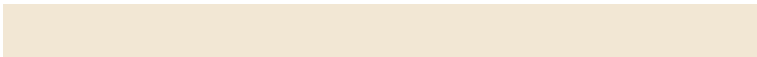
73.8027, 80.6171, 100.4778



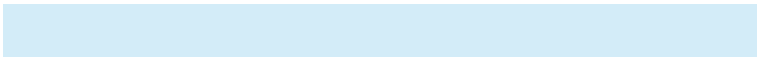
76.8575, 77.4348, 72.5251

# Split Complementary

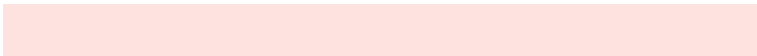
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76.9807, 80.6171, 73.9751



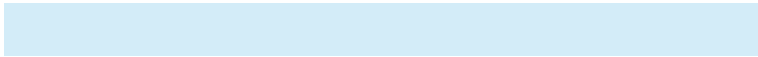
73.8027, 80.6171, 100.4778



81.3086, 80.6171, 81.5176

# Square

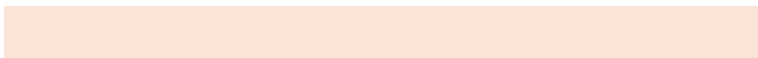
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



73.8027, 80.6171, 100.4778



80.9388, 80.6171, 96.2168



79.5166, 80.6171, 76.1967



72.4656, 80.6171, 79.8482



# Rectangle

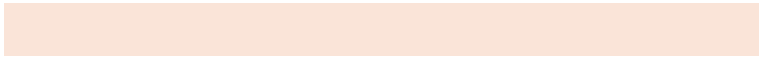
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



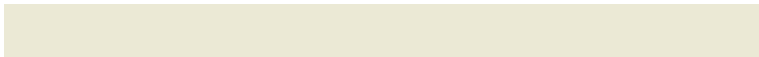
73.8027, 80.6171, 100.4778



78.0415, 80.6171, 102.6088



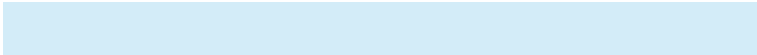
79.5166, 80.6171, 76.1967



75.2240, 80.6171, 74.4505

# Sweetspot

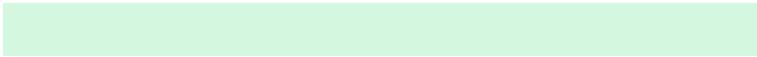
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73.8051, 80.6204, 100.4796



90.3504, 96.0245, 108.3803



73.7139, 86.2976, 82.3854



19.1547, 20.3965, 23.1773



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

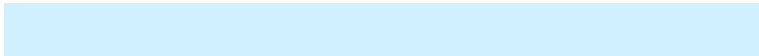


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73.8051, 80.6204, 100.4796



75.5675, 83.1793, 106.6801



68.8240, 70.6583, 98.8192



17.2637, 18.6042, 22.0664



16.8090, 18.9735, 50.7499



1.6530, 1.9497, 4.7324



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77.1479, 72.6029, 89.3083



79.8106, 73.2083, 92.4537



81.9901, 87.7000, 74.2360



17.7396, 17.4232, 20.4846



24.7764, 12.3263, 21.3289

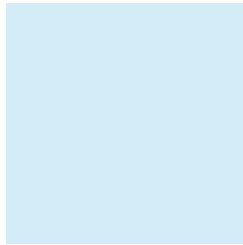


2.3433, 1.1611, 2.2312



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 73.8027, 80.6171, 100.4778 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

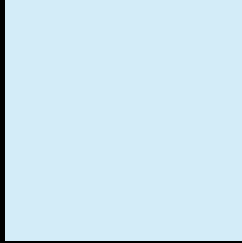
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 73.8027, 80.6171, 100.4778 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

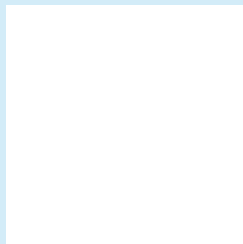
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 73.8027, 80.6171, 100.4778**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 73.8027, 80.6171, 100.4778.



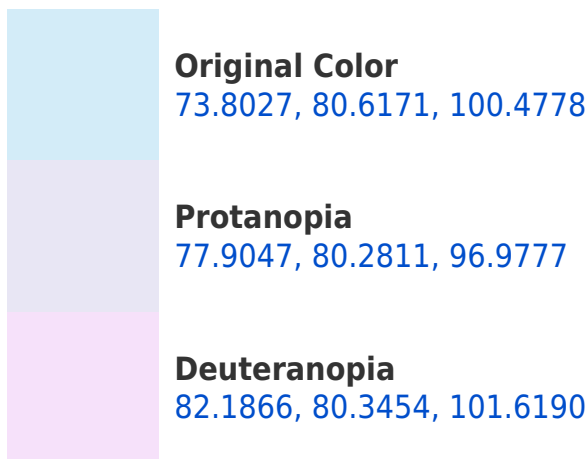
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 73.8027, 80.6171,

100.4778.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

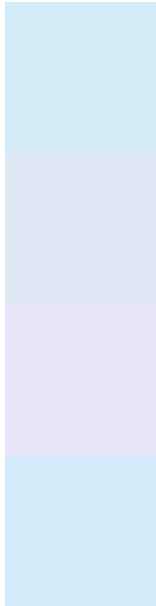




## Tritanopia

74.7491, 80.5695, 105.3777

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

73.8027, 80.6171, 100.4778

## Protanomaly

76.0785, 80.1531, 97.8475

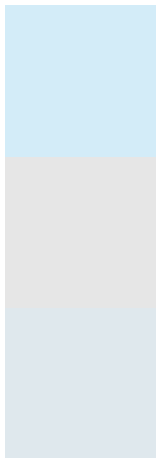
## Deuteranomaly

78.7225, 80.2018, 100.9539

## Tritanomaly

74.4304, 80.4420, 103.6994

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

73.8027, 80.6171, 100.4778

## Achromatopsia

75.2129, 79.1298, 86.1723

## Achromatomaly

74.5741, 79.5156, 91.5383

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 73.8027, 80.6171, 100.4778 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(211, 236, 248)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(211, 236, 248)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(211, 236, 248) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(211, 236, 248) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 73.8027, 80.6171, 100.4778 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(211, 236, 248) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(211, 236, 248) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(211, 236, 248)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(211, 236, 248); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 236, 248);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 236,  
248) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 73.8027, 80.6171, 100.4778 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(211, 236, 248) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(211,  
236, 248) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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