

# Converting Colors

XYZ(74.0749, 73.9918, 52.7615)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(74.0749, 73.9918, 52.7615)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(74.1895, 74.1404,  
53.0481)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFD9B3
RGB	255, 217, 179
RGB Percent	100%, 85%, 70%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1490, 0.2980
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.30, 0.00
HSL	30°, 100%, 85%
HSV	30°, 30%, 100%
XYZ	74.1895, 74.1404, 53.0481
YIQ	224.0300, 34.8460, -3.7620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

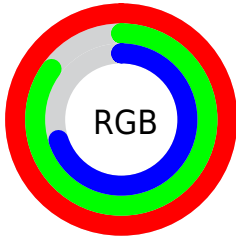
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 255, 179
Decimal	16767411
CIE Lab	88.99, 7.83, 23.64
CIE LCh	89, 24.904, 71.676
Yxy	74.1404, 0.3684, 0.3682
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294957491 (0xFFFFD9B3)
YUV	224.0300, -22.1998, 27.1607
Hunter-Lab	86.1048, 3.1155, 23.7455

# Details

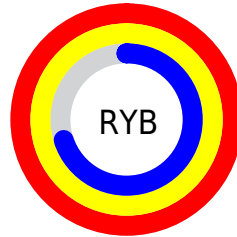
The XYZ color **74.1895, 74.1404, 53.0481** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **61.4524, 66.4272, 104.1906**, and the grayscale version is **71.0108, 74.7089, 81.3580**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.9954, 98.7782, 92.8147**, and **39.7122, 39.2173, 25.2153** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68.6856, 66.8852, 39.6447**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80.4279, 82.1009, 69.0508**.

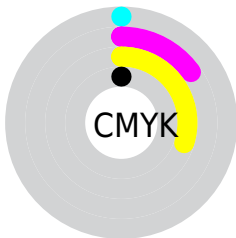
# Distribution



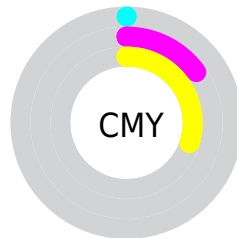
- Red (100%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (30%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 74.1895, 74.1404, 53.0481 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 74.1895, 74.1404, 53.0481 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 74.1895, 74.1404,  
53.0481

 74.1895, 74.1404,  
53.0481


464.1674,  
474.9578, 415.5412

 55.2410, 54.9090,  
37.4532


 124.1585,  
125.0948, 96.1174

 39.8293, 39.3288,  
25.2600


155.9096,  
157.5866, 124.4289

 27.5891, 27.0156,  
16.0501


192.6590,  
195.2672, 157.8163

 18.1550, 17.5850,  
9.4049

234.7720,  
238.5212, 196.6982

 11.1617, 10.6524,  
4.9058

282.6140,  
287.7328, 241.4930

 6.2438, 5.8336,  
2.1343

336.5503,

 3.0359, 2.7442,

343.2865, 292.6195

0.6361

396.9463,  
405.5667, 350.4960

■ 1.1728, 0.9997,  
0.0000

■ 0.0847, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 74.1895, 74.1404,  
53.0481

■ 74.1895, 74.1404,  
53.0481

■ 68.6856, 66.8852,  
39.6447

■ 80.4279, 82.1009,  
69.0508

■ 63.8787, 60.3031,  
28.6956

■ 87.4251, 90.7772,  
87.7781

■ 59.7357, 54.3742,  
20.0481

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 56.2184, 49.0734,  
13.5306

■ 53.2835, 44.3731,  
8.9468

■ 50.8804, 40.2424,  
6.0633

■ 48.9319, 36.6394,  
4.5075

■ 48.8966, 36.5731,  
4.4822

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



79.5199, 74.1404, 60.5370



74.1895, 74.1404, 53.0481



68.1399, 74.1404, 52.2958

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74.1895, 74.1404, 53.0481



59.6780, 74.1404, 87.6586



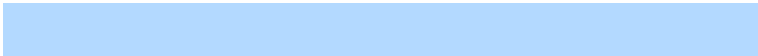
78.4903, 74.1404, 108.2576

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74.1895, 74.1404, 53.0481



61.4524, 66.4272, 104.1906

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



72.8490, 74.1404, 117.9492



74.1895, 74.1404, 53.0481



62.1309, 74.1404, 104.9688

# Square

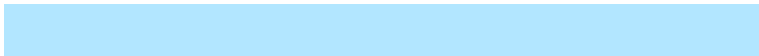
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



74.1895, 74.1404, 53.0481



59.9911, 74.1404, 70.6977



66.8735, 74.1404, 116.6662



82.0992, 74.1404, 91.6611



# Rectangle

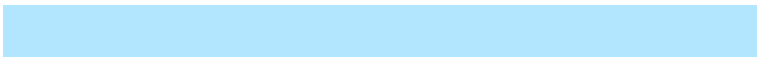
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74.1895, 74.1404, 53.0481



64.5339, 74.1404, 55.5614



66.8735, 74.1404, 116.6662



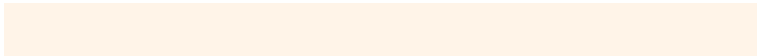
76.7556, 74.1404, 112.5311

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74.1914, 74.1438, 53.0496



88.0210, 91.5059, 89.4044



69.8849, 58.5107, 73.2566



18.6099, 19.3043, 18.5086



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74.1914, 74.1438, 53.0496



70.6955, 69.5649, 44.4457



85.1369, 96.0347, 56.6981



18.7599, 19.4879, 18.9171



25.6988, 19.4088, 2.3918

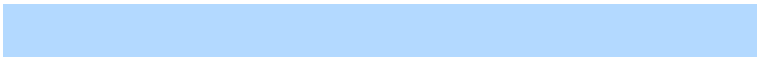


2.6114, 2.1082, 0.2693

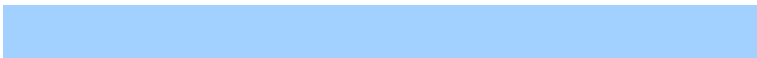


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.4524, 66.4272, 104.1906



56.0186, 60.6743, 103.3666



52.7613, 49.0448, 101.2935



17.7533, 18.8782, 22.9581



13.5790, 12.0675, 51.0482



1.4313, 1.3934, 5.0068



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 74.1895, 74.1404, 53.0481 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

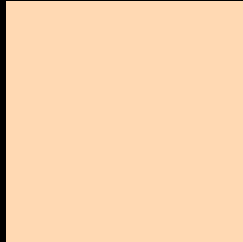
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 74.1895, 74.1404, 53.0481 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

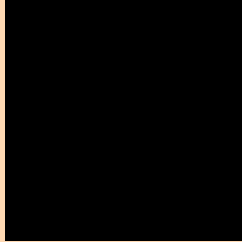
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 74.1895, 74.1404, 53.0481**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 74.1895, 74.1404, 53.0481.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 74.1895, 74.1404,

53.0481.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

74.1895, 74.1404, 53.0481

### Protanopia

69.7562, 74.1573, 54.8932

### Deuteranopia

74.7655, 73.9596, 57.3488



## Tritanopia

78.7617, 74.3395, 82.1493

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

74.1895, 74.1404, 53.0481

## Protanomaly

71.5052, 74.2822, 54.2852

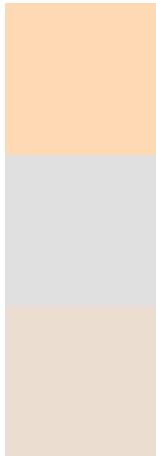
## Deuteranomaly

74.4476, 73.8324, 55.6747

## Tritanomaly

76.7952, 73.9566, 70.5491

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

74.1895, 74.1404, 53.0481

## Achromatopsia

70.8507, 74.5404, 81.1745

## Achromatomaly

71.5026, 73.9291, 70.1757

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 74.1895, 74.1404, 53.0481 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 217, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 217, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 217, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 217, 179) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 74.1895, 74.1404, 53.0481 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 217, 179) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 217, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 217, 179)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 217, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 217, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 217,  
179) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 74.1895, 74.1404, 53.0481 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 217, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
217, 179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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