

# Converting Colors

XYZ(74.1180, 77.5327, 83.2084)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(74.1180, 77.5327, 83.2084)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(73.8297, 77.2522,  
82.9714)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E6E3E2
RGB	230, 227, 226
RGB Percent	90%, 89%, 89%
CMY	0.0980, 0.1098, 0.1137
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.02, 0.10
HSL	15°, 7%, 89%
HSV	15°, 2%, 90%
XYZ	73.8297, 77.2522, 82.9714
YIQ	227.7830, 2.1090, 0.3250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

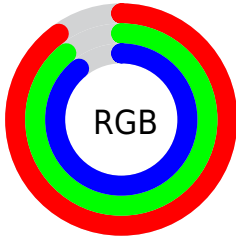
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	230, 227, 226
Decimal	15131618
CIE Lab	90.44, 0.84, 0.84
CIE LCh	90, 1.184, 44.850
Yxy	77.2522, 0.3154, 0.3301
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293321698 (0xFFE6E3E2)
YUV	227.7830, -0.8790, 1.9443
Hunter-Lab	87.8932, -3.8744, 5.5554

# Details

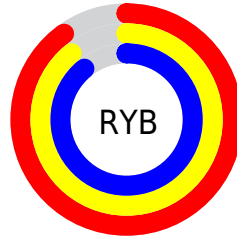
The XYZ color **73.8297, 77.2522, 82.9714** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **73.6662, 77.9194, 86.0213**, and the grayscale version is **73.5913, 77.4238, 84.3145**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **39.7824, 41.5593, 44.4531** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66.4053, 67.1192, 65.9562**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82.1534, 88.5041, 102.3770**.

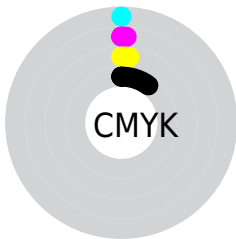
# Distribution



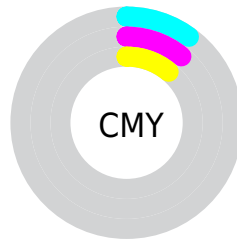
- Red (90%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 73.8297, 77.2522, 82.9714 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 73.8297, 77.2522, 82.9714 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 73.8297, 77.2522,  
82.9714

■ 73.8297, 77.2522,  
82.9714

462.9448,  
485.6235, 524.8597

■ 54.9455, 57.4599,  
61.6261

123.6512,  
129.4954, 139.3843

■ 39.5917, 41.3746,  
44.2968

155.3191,  
162.7151, 175.2889

■ 27.4031, 28.6119,  
30.5650

191.9790,  
201.1794, 216.8838

■ 18.0144, 18.7874,  
20.0122

233.9961,  
245.2727, 264.5873

■ 11.0601, 11.5168,  
12.2197

281.7359,  
295.3793, 318.8182

■ 6.1748, 6.4156,  
6.7691

335.5637,

■ 2.9934, 3.0994,

351.8838, 379.9948

3.2419

395.8449,  
415.1703, 448.5358

■ 1.1502, 1.1838,  
1.2194

■ 0.0665, 0.0484,  
0.0000

■ 73.8297, 77.2522,  
82.9714

■ 73.8297, 77.2522,  
82.9714

■ 66.4053, 67.1192,  
65.9562

■ 82.1534, 88.5041,  
102.3770

■ 59.8430, 58.0608,  
51.2335

■ 86.4436, 95.5632,  
108.4972

■ 54.1129, 50.0444,  
38.7063

■ 49.1804, 43.0319,  
28.2685

■ 45.0089, 36.9830,  
19.8054

■ 41.5583, 31.8544,  
13.1908

■ 38.7850, 27.5995,  
8.2841

■ 36.6399, 24.1671,  
4.9241

■ 35.0662, 21.5005,  
2.9179

# Harmonies

## Analogous

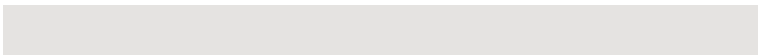
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73.9768, 77.2522, 83.6979



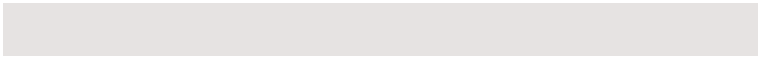
73.8297, 77.2522, 82.9714



73.5746, 77.2522, 82.5526

# Triad

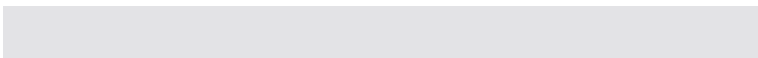
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



73.8297, 77.2522, 82.9714



72.8785, 77.2522, 83.6897



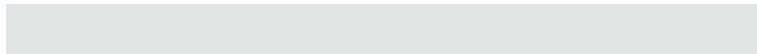
73.5717, 77.2522, 85.6982

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



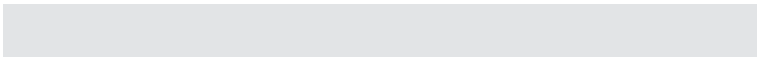
73.8297, 77.2522, 82.9714



73.6662, 77.9194, 86.0213

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



73.2774, 77.2522, 85.6960



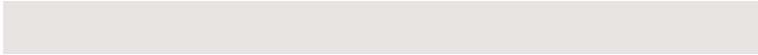
73.8297, 77.2522, 82.9714



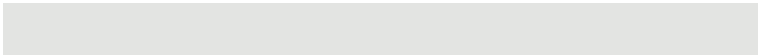
72.8777, 77.2522, 84.5325

# Square

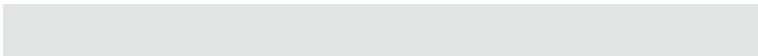
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



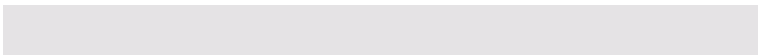
73.8297, 77.2522, 82.9714



73.0257, 77.2522, 82.9654



73.0236, 77.2522, 85.2681



73.8276, 77.2522, 85.2741



# Rectangle

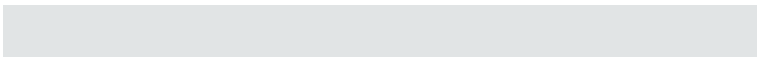
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



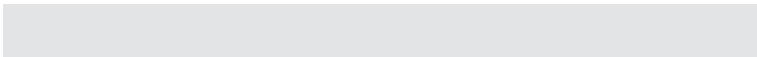
73.8297, 77.2522, 82.9714



73.3778, 77.2522, 82.5025



73.0236, 77.2522, 85.2681



73.4740, 77.2522, 85.7474

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73.8319, 77.2555, 82.9731



94.0358, 98.6243, 106.5500



73.9734, 76.8740, 85.0692



20.1382, 21.1242, 22.8308



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

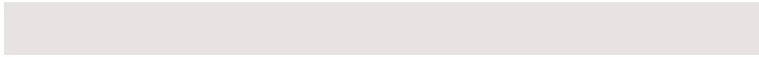


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

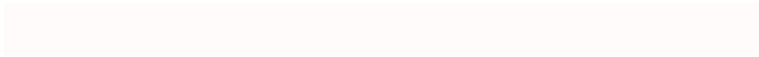


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73.8319, 77.2555, 82.9731



93.0331, 97.2628, 104.2305



74.3810, 78.3537, 83.1561



15.8960, 16.6251, 17.8336



19.4061, 11.3863, 1.1750



1.5066, 0.9866, 0.1110



# Inverse Universe

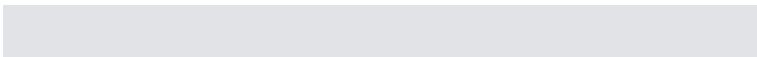
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73.6662, 77.9194, 86.0213



92.7915, 98.2314, 108.6777



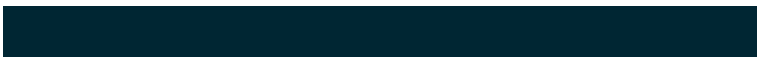
73.1171, 76.8213, 85.8383



15.8572, 16.7806, 18.5476



16.5690, 20.2000, 45.4089

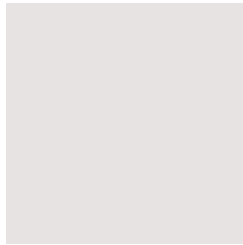


1.2970, 1.6379, 3.3798



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 73.8297, 77.2522, 82.9714 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

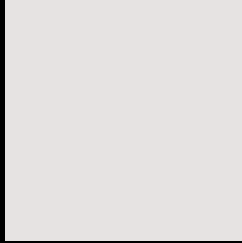
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 73.8297, 77.2522, 82.9714 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

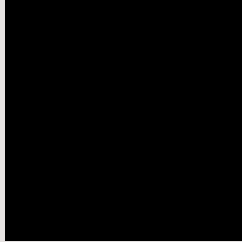
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

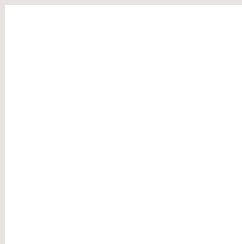
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 73.8297, 77.2522, 82.9714**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 73.8297, 77.2522, 82.9714.



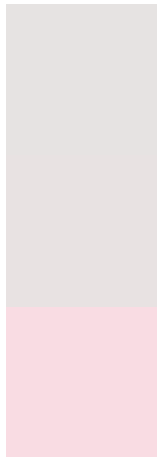
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 73.8297, 77.2522,

82.9714.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

73.8297, 77.2522, 82.9714

### Protanopia

74.2025, 77.0395, 82.9107

### Deuteranopia

78.5252, 76.8722, 83.3721



## Tritanopia

76.2309, 77.4170, 94.9296

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

73.8297, 77.2522, 82.9714

## Protanomaly

73.8788, 76.8726, 82.8956

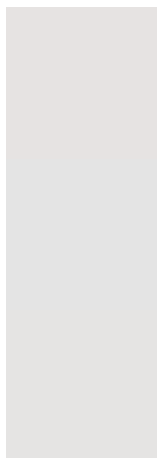
## Deuteranomaly

76.8708, 77.1986, 83.5224

## Tritanomaly

75.2917, 77.4378, 90.3356

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

73.8297, 77.2522, 82.9714

## Achromatopsia

73.7419, 77.5822, 84.4870

## Achromatomaly

73.9216, 77.6909, 83.7728

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 73.8297, 77.2522, 82.9714 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(230, 227, 226) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 227, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 227, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 227, 226) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 73.8297, 77.2522, 82.9714 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 227, 226) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 227, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 227, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(230, 227, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 227, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 227,  
226) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 73.8297, 77.2522, 82.9714 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 227, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230,  
227, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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