

# Converting Colors

XYZ(74.1635, 73.6469, 77.1049)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(74.1635, 73.6469, 77.1049)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(74.2170, 73.6174,  
77.3158)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F2D9DB
RGB	242, 217, 219
RGB Percent	95%, 85%, 86%
CMY	0.0510, 0.1490, 0.1412
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.10, 0.05
HSL	355°, 49%, 90%
HSV	355°, 10%, 95%
XYZ	74.2170, 73.6174, 77.3158
YIQ	224.7030, 14.2580, 5.9220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

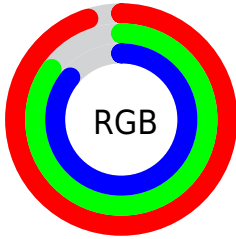
Format	Color
RYB	242, 217, 219
Decimal	15915483
CIELab	88.74, 8.95, 2.16
CIElCh	89, 9.210, 13.559
Yxy	73.6174, 0.3296, 0.3270
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294105563 (0xFFFF2D9DB)
YUV	224.7030, -2.8116, 15.1695
Hunter-Lab	85.8006, 4.2504, 6.6336

# Details

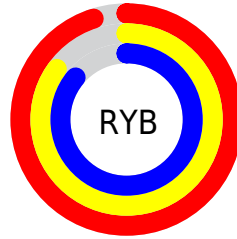
The XYZ color **74.2170, 73.6174, 77.3158** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **76.0984, 84.5491, 94.7510**, and the grayscale version is **71.3689, 75.0856, 81.7683**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **39.8709, 38.9601, 40.5406** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65.6929, 60.9505, 60.9658**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84.0521, 88.2769, 96.0393**.

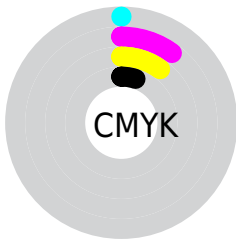
# Distribution



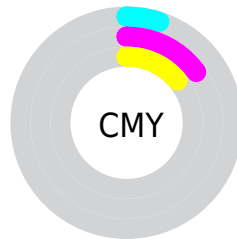
- Red (95%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (14%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 74.2170, 73.6174, 77.3158 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 74.2170, 73.6174, 77.3158 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



74.2170, 73.6174,  
77.3158

74.2170, 73.6174,  
77.3158

464.2607,  
473.1518, 505.3063

55.2636, 54.4810,  
56.9990

124.1972,  
124.3533, 131.3622

39.8475, 38.9863,  
40.5951

155.9547,  
156.7215, 165.9290

27.6033, 26.7491,  
27.6855

192.7110,  
194.2692, 206.0827

18.1658, 17.3849,  
17.8518

234.8313,  
237.3806, 252.2421

11.1695, 10.5093,  
10.6753

282.6811,  
286.4401, 304.8256

6.2491, 5.7379,  
5.7375

336.6257,

3.0392, 2.6864,

341.8323, 364.2518

2.6199

397.0305,  
403.9414, 430.9392

■ 1.1745, 0.9703,  
0.9027

■ 0.0861, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 74.2170, 73.6174,  
77.3158

■ 74.2170, 73.6174,  
77.3158

■ 65.6929, 60.9505,  
60.9658

■ 84.0521, 88.2769,  
96.0393

■ 58.4185, 50.1810,  
46.8900

■ 90.4284, 97.6175,  
108.6837

■ 52.3369, 41.2205,  
34.9889

■ 47.3841, 33.9697,  
25.1541

■ 43.4906, 28.3197,  
17.2675

■ 40.5786, 24.1492,  
11.1994

■ 38.5600, 21.3195,  
6.8041

■ 37.3306, 19.6656,  
3.9133

■ 36.7387, 18.9256,  
2.3474

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74.1591, 73.6174, 83.6780



74.2170, 73.6174, 77.3158



73.1203, 73.6174, 71.9994

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74.2170, 73.6174, 77.3158



67.0616, 73.6174, 71.5942



68.7662, 73.6174, 92.5038

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74.2170, 73.6174, 77.3158



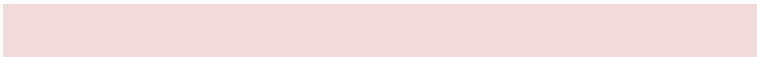
76.0984, 84.5491, 94.7510

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.9137, 73.6174, 88.9083



74.2170, 73.6174, 77.3158



65.9439, 73.6174, 76.7358

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



74.2170, 73.6174, 77.3158



68.9720, 73.6174, 68.8163



65.8904, 73.6174, 83.0666



70.9799, 73.6174, 92.6795



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74.2170, 73.6174, 77.3158



71.8952, 73.6174, 69.6698



65.8904, 73.6174, 83.0666



68.0817, 73.6174, 91.6468

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74.2191, 73.6206, 77.3174



91.5451, 94.7707, 102.2427



76.7489, 74.5505, 94.3499



19.3989, 19.9933, 21.5123



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

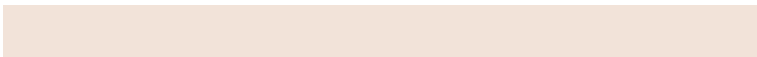
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74.2191, 73.6206, 77.3174



81.8468, 80.3240, 83.7501



76.7277, 79.0560, 76.8649



15.8240, 15.7793, 16.6295



19.7553, 10.1745, 1.3620



1.6610, 0.8535, 0.2058

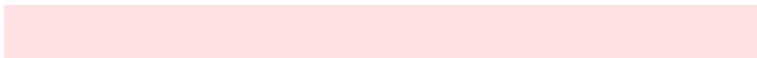


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.2191, 73.6206, 77.3174



81.8468, 80.3240, 83.7501



73.3845, 78.6441, 95.3174



15.8240, 15.7793, 16.6295



19.7553, 10.1745, 1.3620

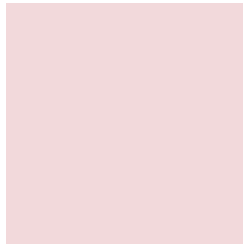


1.6610, 0.8535, 0.2058



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 74.2170, 73.6174, 77.3158 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

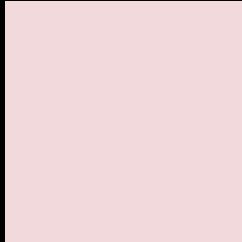
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 74.2170, 73.6174, 77.3158 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

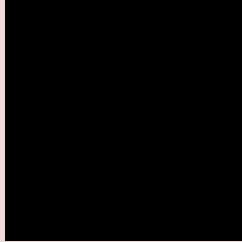
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 74.2170, 73.6174, 77.3158**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 74.2170, 73.6174, 77.3158.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 74.2170, 73.6174,

77.3158.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

74.2170, 73.6174, 77.3158

### Protanopia

70.9846, 73.8474, 79.6199

### Deuteranopia

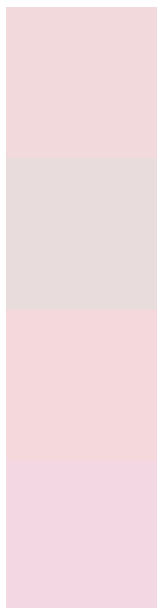
75.3481, 73.8190, 77.2951



## Tritanopia

76.1742, 73.6602, 86.5470

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

74.2170, 73.6174, 77.3158

## Protanomaly

71.9231, 73.5627, 78.8149

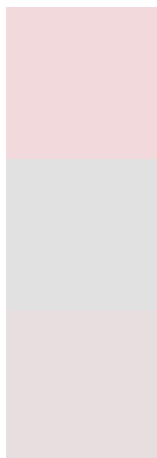
## Deuteranomaly

74.9982, 73.6387, 77.2787

## Tritanomaly

75.3831, 73.7125, 82.9279

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

74.2170, 73.6174, 77.3158

## Achromatopsia

71.5672, 75.2942, 81.9954

## Achromatomaly

72.3956, 74.5592, 80.3877

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 74.2170, 73.6174, 77.3158 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(242, 217, 219) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 217, 219)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 217, 219) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 217, 219) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 74.2170, 73.6174, 77.3158 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 217, 219) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 217, 219) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 217, 219)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 217, 219); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 217, 219);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 217,  
219) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 74.2170, 73.6174, 77.3158 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 217, 219) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
217, 219) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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