

# Converting Colors

XYZ(74.2637, 100.0000,  
67.6369)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(74.2637, 100.0000, 67.6369)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(67.7161, 86.8430,  
65.4179)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C1FFC4
RGB	193, 255, 196
RGB Percent	76%, 100%, 77%
CMY	0.2431, 0.0000, 0.2314
CMYK	0.24, 0.00, 0.23, 0.00
HSL	123°, 100%, 88%
HSV	123°, 24%, 100%
XYZ	67.7161, 86.8430, 65.4179
YIQ	229.7360, -18.0130, -31.4930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

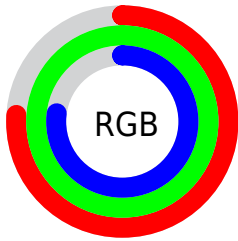
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">193, 252, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12713924</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">94.67, -30.46, 22.05</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">95, 37.608, 144.102</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">86.8430, 0.3078, 0.3948</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290904004 (0xFFC1FFC4)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">229.7360, -16.6318, -32.2175</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">93.1896, -33.3750, 23.6119</a>

# Details

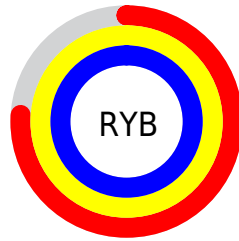
The XYZ color **67.7161, 86.8430, 65.4179** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **77.8807, 66.4287, 100.8119**, and the grayscale version is **75.1468, 79.0602, 86.0966**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.9140, 98.9358, 107.1279**, and **35.5578, 47.7444, 32.9327** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59.2236, 82.7586, 51.7498**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77.7773, 91.6843, 81.4939**.

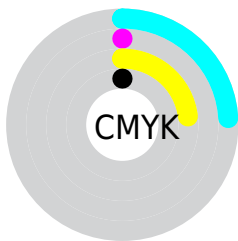
# Distribution



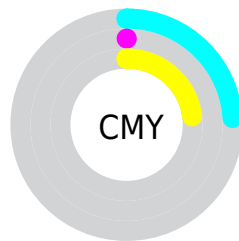
- Red (76%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (77%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (99%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (23%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 67.7161, 86.8430, 65.4179 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 67.7161, 86.8430, 65.4179 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 67.7161, 86.8430,  
65.4179

 67.7161, 86.8430,  
65.4179


441.8820,  
517.7068, 462.6395

 49.9396, 65.3653,  
47.3465


 114.9901,  
142.9453, 114.2695

 35.5830, 47.7573,  
32.9534


145.2183,  
178.3387, 145.8868

 24.2810, 33.6348,  
21.8199


180.3277,  
219.1394, 182.8564

 15.6680, 22.6132,  
13.5276

220.6839,  
265.7318, 225.5970

 9.3789, 14.3081,  
7.6579

266.6520,  
318.5004, 274.5271

 5.0482, 8.3353,  
3.7922

318.5975,

 2.3106, 4.3102,

377.8295, 330.0651

1.5120

376.8857,  
444.1035, 392.6298

■ 0.8001, 1.8486,  
0.2269

■ 0.0000, 0.5172,  
0.0000

■ 67.7161, 86.8430,  
65.4179

■ 67.7161, 86.8430,  
65.4179

■ 59.2236, 82.7586,  
51.7498

■ 77.7773, 91.6843,  
81.4939

■ 52.2190, 79.3923,  
40.3699

■ 89.4789, 97.3174,  
100.0814

■ 46.6173, 76.7026,  
31.1544

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 42.3237, 74.6439,  
23.9662

■ 39.2322, 73.1645,  
18.6526

■ 37.2197, 72.2050,  
15.0393

■ 36.1370, 71.6926,  
12.9191

■ 35.8285, 71.5474,  
12.2806

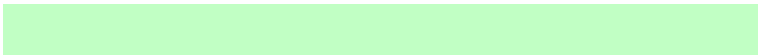
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74.8235, 86.8430, 52.1534



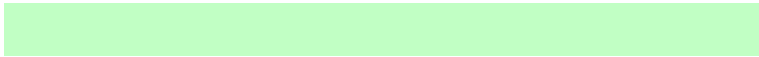
67.7161, 86.8430, 65.4179



64.6061, 86.8430, 88.9280

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67.7161, 86.8430, 65.4179



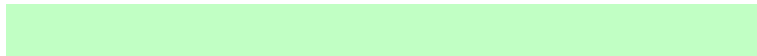
80.5520, 86.8430, 161.7859



101.6747, 86.8430, 73.5141

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67.7161, 86.8430, 65.4179



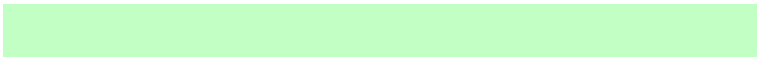
77.8807, 66.4287, 100.8119

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



103.5228, 86.8430, 100.4192



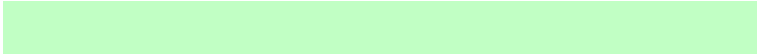
67.7161, 86.8430, 65.4179



90.7732, 86.8430, 155.3244

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67.7161, 86.8430, 65.4179



71.6162, 86.8430, 147.4630



99.3871, 86.8430, 131.2733

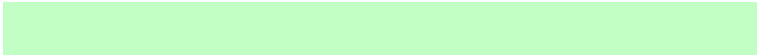


94.5254, 86.8430, 56.1132



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67.7161, 86.8430, 65.4179



65.0189, 86.8430, 108.8444



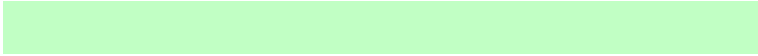
99.3871, 86.8430, 131.2733



102.9598, 86.8430, 81.5785

# Sweetspot

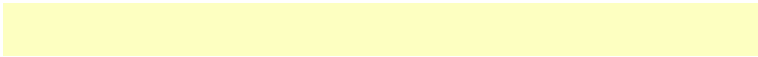
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67.7167, 86.8432, 65.4192



86.1698, 95.7242, 94.8347



85.8695, 96.2405, 64.5032



18.2884, 20.4141, 20.0517



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

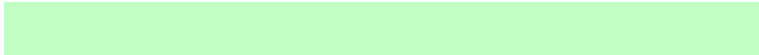


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

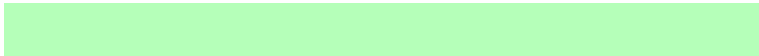


# Same Dimension

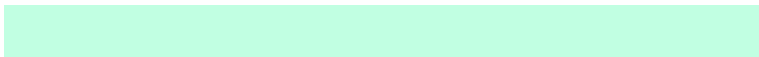
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67.7167, 86.8432, 65.4192



63.5457, 84.8370, 58.7201



71.4893, 88.3523, 85.2857



17.8072, 20.1824, 19.2877



18.7361, 37.3910, 6.4955



1.8362, 3.6454, 0.6955



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77.8807, 66.4287, 100.8119



75.2530, 61.3197, 99.4843



73.4862, 64.6708, 77.6704



18.7525, 18.2843, 22.5795



29.9915, 14.4859, 45.4673

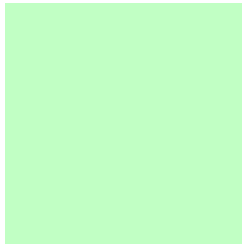


2.9314, 1.4149, 4.4862



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 67.7161, 86.8430, 65.4179 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

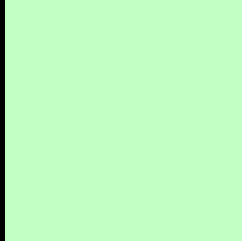
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 67.7161, 86.8430, 65.4179 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 67.7161, 86.8430, 65.4179**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 67.7161, 86.8430, 65.4179.



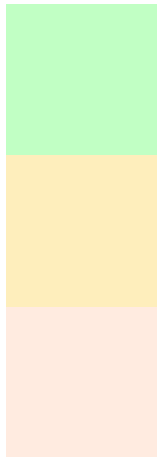
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 67.7161, 86.8430,

65.4179.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

67.7161, 86.8430, 65.4179

### Protanopia

80.5247, 85.8507, 59.9037

### Deuteranopia

84.4029, 86.0585, 82.6834



## Tritanopia

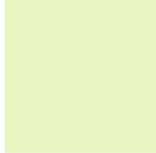
79.6158, 86.5368, 107.1148

# Trichromacy



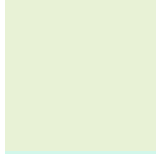
## Original Color

67.7161, 86.8430, 65.4179



## Protanomaly

75.0334, 85.6188, 61.8616



## Deuteranomaly

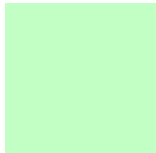
77.1684, 85.5151, 76.0572



## Tritanomaly

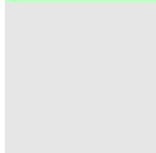
74.6904, 86.1637, 90.5366

# Monochromacy



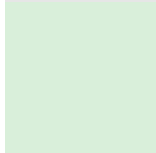
## Original Color

67.7161, 86.8430, 65.4179



## Achromatopsia

75.2129, 79.1298, 86.1723



## Achromatomaly

72.1367, 81.5467, 78.2677

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 67.7161, 86.8430, 65.4179 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(193, 255, 196)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(193, 255, 196)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(193, 255, 196) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(193, 255, 196) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 67.7161, 86.8430, 65.4179 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(193, 255, 196) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(193, 255, 196) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(193, 255, 196)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(193, 255, 196); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 255, 196);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 255,  
196) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 67.7161, 86.8430, 65.4179 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(193, 255, 196) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(193,  
255, 196) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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