

# Converting Colors

XYZ(74.2656, 71.4462,  
104.4840)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(74.2656, 71.4462, 104.4840)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(74.4774, 71.6315,  
104.5086)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E6D5FF
RGB	230, 213, 255
RGB Percent	90%, 84%, 100%
CMY	0.0980, 0.1647, 0.0000
CMYK	0.10, 0.16, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	264°, 100%, 92%
HSV	264°, 16%, 100%
XYZ	74.4774, 71.6315, 104.5086
YIQ	222.8710, -3.3500, 16.6660

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

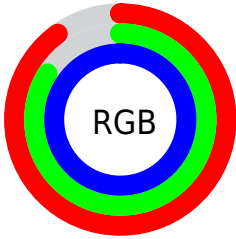
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	230, 213, 255
Decimal	15128063
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	87.79, 13.59, -18.34
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	88, 22.821, 306.541
Yxy	71.6315, 0.2972, 0.2858
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293318143 (0xFFE6D5FF)
YUV	222.8710, 15.8396, 6.2521
Hunter-Lab	84.6354, 8.9644, -13.9671

# Details

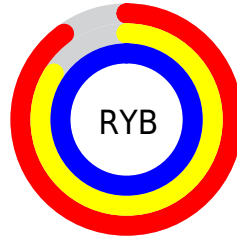
The XYZ color **74.4774, 71.6315, 104.5086** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **83.0317, 94.5020, 76.8187**, and the grayscale version is **69.9423, 73.5848, 80.1338**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **39.8755, 37.5296, 58.5684** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63.9001, 57.3957, 102.3183**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86.4913, 88.1087, 107.0558**.

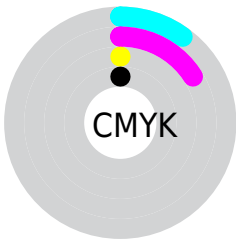
# Distribution



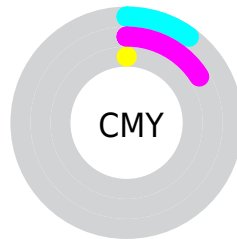
- Red (90%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 74.4774, 71.6315, 104.5086 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 74.4774, 71.6315, 104.5086 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



74.4774, 71.6315,  
104.5086

74.4774, 71.6315,  
104.5086

465.1443,  
466.2580, 595.9227

55.4775, 52.8577,  
79.4334

124.5642,  
121.5325, 169.4451

40.0195, 37.6892,  
58.7288

156.3818,  
153.4284, 210.1434

27.7380, 25.7416,  
41.9762

193.2028,  
190.4673, 256.8865

18.2677, 16.6304,  
28.7573

235.3923,  
233.0333, 310.0929

11.2432, 9.9713,  
18.6533

283.3159,  
281.5111, 370.1812

6.2992, 5.3799,  
11.2457

337.3389,

3.0702, 2.4719,

336.2848, 437.5699

6.1161

397.8266,  
397.7390, 512.6775

■ 1.1910, 0.8625,  
2.8459

■ 0.0993, 0.0000,  
1.0165

■ 74.4774, 71.6315,  
104.5086

■ 74.4774, 71.6315,  
104.5086

■ 63.9001, 57.3957,  
102.3183

■ 86.4913, 88.1087,  
107.0558

■ 54.6957, 45.2929,  
100.4674

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 46.8042, 35.2188,  
98.9388

■ 40.1586, 27.0567,  
97.7136

■ 34.6852, 20.6773,  
96.7708

■ 30.3015, 15.9350,  
96.0864

■ 26.9125, 12.6595,  
95.6328

■ 24.4016, 10.6395,  
95.3753

■ 23.6676, 10.1160,  
95.3129

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



69.2774, 71.6315, 111.5542



74.4774, 71.6315, 104.5086



78.0957, 71.6315, 90.4866

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74.4774, 71.6315, 104.5086



72.3161, 71.6315, 53.6989



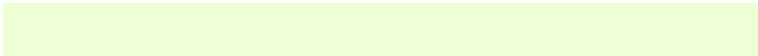
58.2481, 71.6315, 81.4433

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74.4774, 71.6315, 104.5086



83.0317, 94.5020, 76.8187

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.9660, 71.6315, 66.7086



74.4774, 71.6315, 104.5086



66.9036, 71.6315, 51.9467

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



74.4774, 71.6315, 104.5086



76.8023, 71.6315, 61.5430



62.0666, 71.6315, 56.3931



60.0510, 71.6315, 97.1440



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74.4774, 71.6315, 104.5086



79.0222, 71.6315, 79.8087



62.0666, 71.6315, 56.3931



58.2041, 71.6315, 76.2081

# Sweetspot

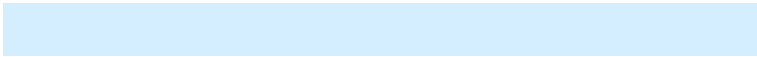
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74.4794, 71.6344, 104.5091



88.3793, 90.7221, 107.4608



76.1254, 82.6337, 106.5454



18.7226, 19.1493, 22.9593



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74.4794, 71.6344, 104.5091



70.5827, 66.3558, 103.6956



81.5574, 75.2833, 104.8403



17.6990, 17.7366, 22.7406



12.5250, 5.3674, 49.8104



1.3393, 0.5843, 4.8555



# Inverse Universe

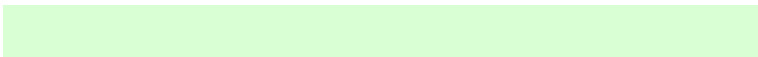
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80.4686, 75.0243, 91.1311



77.7357, 70.4069, 87.6047



76.4470, 91.1074, 76.5105



18.4633, 18.1686, 21.0566



24.5771, 12.3201, 16.9554



2.4471, 1.2212, 1.9360



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 74.4774, 71.6315, 104.5086 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

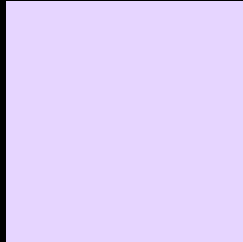
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 74.4774, 71.6315, 104.5086 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

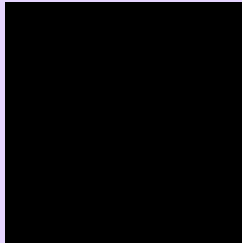
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 74.4774, 71.6315, 104.5086**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 74.4774, 71.6315, 104.5086.



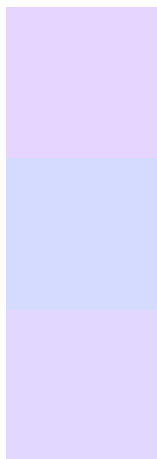
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 74.4774, 71.6315,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

74.4774, 71.6315, 104.5086

### Protanopia

70.5620, 71.5089, 104.6913

### Deuteranopia

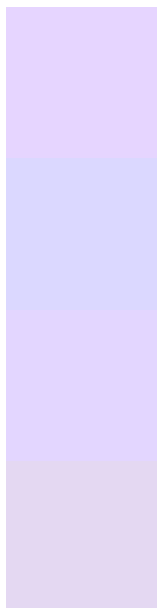
73.4018, 71.8284, 104.6033



## Tritanopia

71.3427, 71.8971, 87.9593

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

74.4774, 71.6315, 104.5086

## Protanomaly

71.8193, 71.3918, 104.6025

## Deuteranomaly

73.7751, 71.6440, 104.5481

## Tritanomaly

72.5778, 72.0165, 94.0797

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

74.4774, 71.6315, 104.5086

## Achromatopsia

70.1384, 73.7910, 80.3584

## Achromatomaly

71.6909, 72.8299, 88.8763

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 74.4774, 71.6315, 104.5086 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(230, 213, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 213, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 213, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 213, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 74.4774, 71.6315, 104.5086 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 213, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 213, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(230, 213, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(230, 213, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 213, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 213,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 74.4774, 71.6315, 104.5086 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 213, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230,  
213, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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