

# Converting Colors

XYZ(74.2773, 89.4911, 98.9011)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(74.2773, 89.4911, 98.9011)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(74.3373, 89.5210,  
98.9492)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C2FFF4
RGB	194, 255, 244
RGB Percent	76%, 100%, 96%
CMY	0.2392, 0.0000, 0.0431
CMYK	0.24, 0.00, 0.04, 0.00
HSL	169°, 100%, 88%
HSV	169°, 24%, 100%
XYZ	74.3373, 89.5210, 98.9492
YIQ	235.5070, -32.8250, -16.3530

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

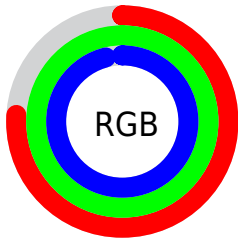
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	194, 228, 255
Decimal	12779508
CIELab	95.80, -21.21, -0.97
CIELCh	96, 21.236, 182.613
Yxy	89.5210, 0.2829, 0.3406
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290969588 (0xFFC2FFF4)
YUV	235.5070, 4.1870, -36.4016
Hunter-Lab	94.6155, -25.3338, 4.2252

# Details

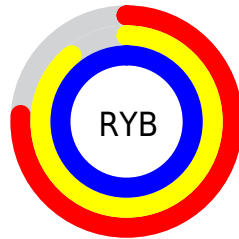
The XYZ color **74.3373, 89.5210, 98.9492** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **71.5520, 64.2527, 66.3891**, and the grayscale version is **79.3389, 83.4707, 90.8996**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.9549, 99.4354, 108.8487**, and **39.9186, 49.5080, 55.0290** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67.6555, 86.1560, 95.0385**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82.1614, 93.4728, 103.0071**.

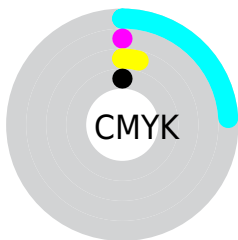
# Distribution



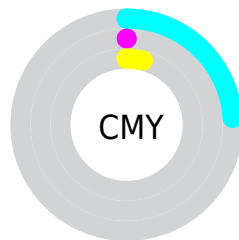
- Red (76%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 74.3373, 89.5210, 98.9492 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 74.3373, 89.5210, 98.9492 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 74.3373, 89.5210,  
98.9492

 74.3373, 89.5210,  
98.9492

464.6690,  
526.4715, 578.0363

 55.3624, 67.5834,  
74.8113


 124.3668,  
146.6729, 161.7517

 39.9269, 49.5589,  
54.9575


156.1521,  
182.6559, 201.2533

 27.6655, 35.0631,  
38.9693

192.9382,  
224.0897, 246.7132

 18.2129, 23.7114,  
26.4282

235.0905,  
271.3584, 298.5499

 11.2035, 15.1197,  
16.9156

282.9744,  
324.8465, 357.1821

 6.2722, 8.9034,  
10.0130

336.9553,

 3.0535, 4.6783,

384.9385, 423.0282

5.3019

397.3983,  
452.0187, 496.5067

■ 1.1821, 2.0597,  
2.3636

■ 0.0922, 0.6418,  
0.7665

■ 74.3373, 89.5210,  
98.9492

■ 74.3373, 89.5210,  
98.9492

■ 67.6555, 86.1560,  
95.0385

■ 82.1614, 93.4728,  
103.0071

■ 62.0556, 83.3468,  
91.2673

■ 91.1783, 98.0374,  
107.2110

■ 57.4761, 81.0617,  
87.6335

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 53.8480, 79.2651,  
84.1332

■ 51.0936, 77.9169,  
80.7620

■ 49.1229, 76.9708,  
77.5151

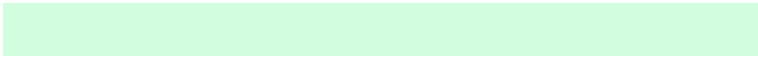
■ 47.8259, 76.3701,  
74.3866

■ 47.2713, 76.1245,  
72.5377

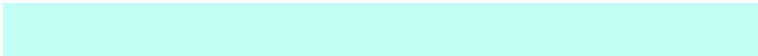
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



75.4847, 89.5210, 83.3922



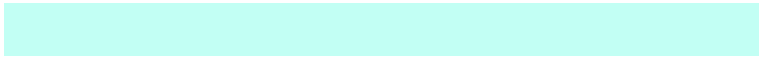
74.3373, 89.5210, 98.9492



75.9591, 89.5210, 115.8876

# Triad

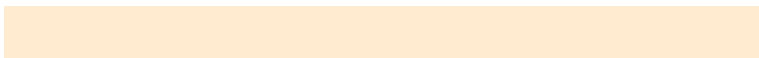
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74.3373, 89.5210, 98.9492



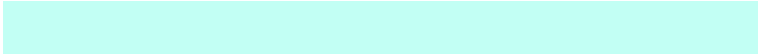
91.2948, 89.5210, 127.2057



90.3671, 89.5210, 71.5750

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



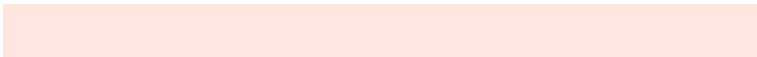
74.3373, 89.5210, 98.9492



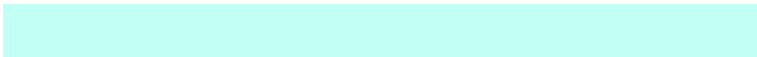
71.5520, 64.2527, 66.3891

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



94.9183, 89.5210, 81.1206



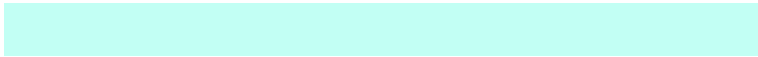
74.3373, 89.5210, 98.9492



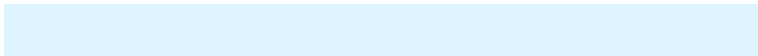
95.4710, 89.5210, 113.0561

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



74.3373, 89.5210, 98.9492



85.6009, 89.5210, 133.3273



96.8261, 89.5210, 96.0119

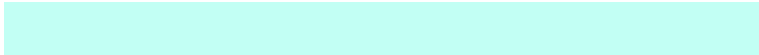


84.5752, 89.5210, 68.7027

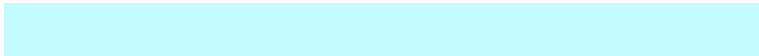


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74.3373, 89.5210, 98.9492



78.4379, 89.5210, 125.3763



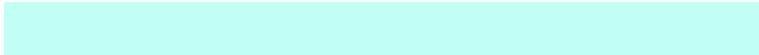
96.8261, 89.5210, 96.0119



92.1017, 89.5210, 74.0513

# Sweetspot

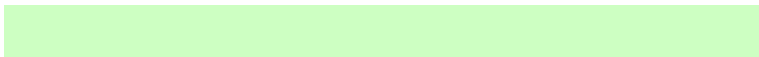
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74.3383, 89.5215, 98.9507



88.2712, 96.5648, 105.9005



70.7260, 88.4207, 64.3798



18.7746, 20.6086, 22.6124



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

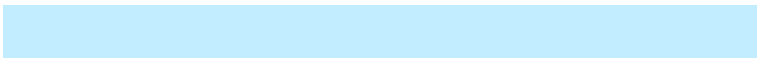
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74.3383, 89.5215, 98.9507



70.8047, 87.7406, 96.9457



70.2035, 78.4989, 106.0594



18.4060, 20.4219, 22.4412



24.7512, 39.7971, 38.1708



2.4449, 3.8889, 3.9008



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71.5520, 64.2527, 66.3891



67.5548, 58.2404, 58.9462



74.8524, 72.9041, 61.1673



18.1431, 18.0405, 19.3706



21.8446, 11.2271, 2.5659

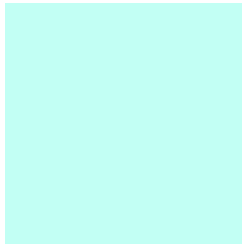


2.1614, 1.1069, 0.4316



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 74.3373, 89.5210, 98.9492 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

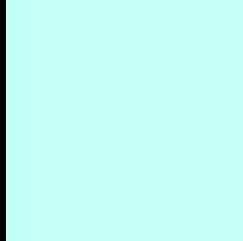
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 74.3373, 89.5210, 98.9492 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

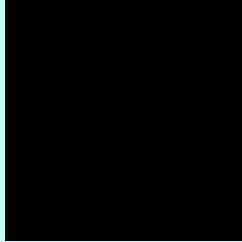
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

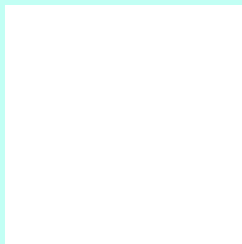
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 74.3373, 89.5210, 98.9492

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 74.3373, 89.5210, 98.9492.



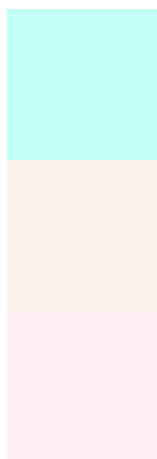
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 74.3373, 89.5210,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

74.3373, 89.5210, 98.9492

### Protanopia

85.3070, 88.9232, 92.0246

### Deuteranopia

88.4491, 89.0629, 99.7179



## **Tritanopia**

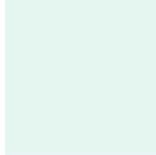
82.0571, 89.1391, 107.4884

# Trichromacy



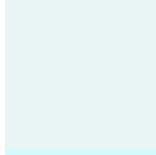
## Original Color

74.3373, 89.5210, 98.9492



## Protanomaly

80.5307, 88.6375, 94.5257



## Deuteranomaly

82.4364, 88.6176, 99.1462



## Tritanomaly

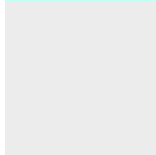
79.0198, 89.0125, 104.2831

# Monochromacy



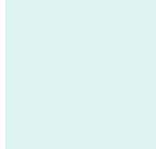
## Original Color

74.3373, 89.5210, 98.9492



## Achromatopsia

79.7278, 83.8799, 91.3452



## Achromatomaly

77.4494, 85.7053, 94.1221

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 74.3373, 89.5210, 98.9492 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 255, 244)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 255, 244)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 255, 244) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 255, 244) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 74.3373, 89.5210, 98.9492 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 255, 244) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 255, 244) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 255, 244)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(194, 255, 244); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 255, 244);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 255,  
244) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 74.3373, 89.5210, 98.9492 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 255, 244) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194,  
255, 244) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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