

# Converting Colors

XYZ(74.4294, 82.4971, 86.0925)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(74.4294, 82.4971, 86.0925)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(74.5246, 82.6058,  
86.1454)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	DCEFE5
RGB	220, 239, 229
RGB Percent	86%, 94%, 90%
CMY	0.1372, 0.0627, 0.1020
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.04, 0.06
HSL	148°, 37%, 90%
HSV	148°, 8%, 94%
XYZ	74.5246, 82.6058, 86.1454
YIQ	232.1790, -8.1140, -7.1380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

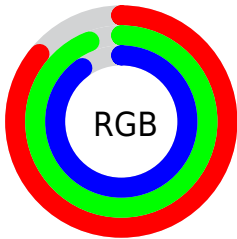
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	220, 233, 239
Decimal	14479333
CIE Lab	92.84, -8.09, 2.68
CIE LCh	93, 8.518, 161.663
Yxy	82.6058, 0.3063, 0.3396
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292669413 (0xFFDCEFE5)
YUV	232.1790, -1.5672, -10.6810
Hunter-Lab	90.8877, -12.6901, 7.4250

# Details

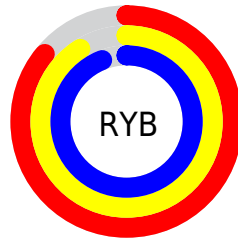
The XYZ color **74.5246, 82.6058, 86.1454** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **75.4758, 75.2525, 85.4141**, and the grayscale version is **76.8535, 80.8558, 88.0520**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **40.0905, 44.9223, 46.6023** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66.1085, 78.4651, 76.9120**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84.1069, 87.3376, 96.1015**.

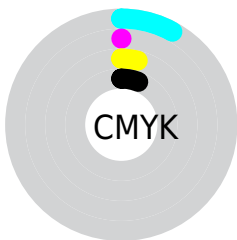
# Distribution



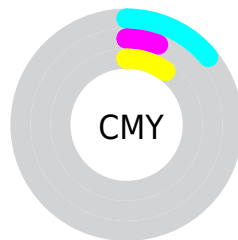
- Red (86%)
- Green (94%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (10%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 74.5246, 82.6058, 86.1454 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 74.5246, 82.6058, 86.1454 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



74.5246, 82.6058,  
86.1454

74.5246, 82.6058,  
86.1454

465.3044,  
503.6718, 535.6536

55.5163, 61.8650,  
64.2326

124.6307,  
137.0232, 143.8607

40.0507, 44.9236,  
46.3917

156.4592,  
171.4686, 180.5003

27.7625, 31.3973,  
32.2042

193.2919,  
211.2510, 222.8860

18.2862, 20.9016,  
21.2514

235.4940,  
256.7548, 271.4362

11.2566, 13.0521,  
13.1148

283.4309,  
308.3644, 326.5696

6.3083, 7.4644,  
7.3760

337.4681,

3.0759, 3.7542,

366.4642, 388.7045

3.6164

397.9708,  
431.4385, 458.2597

■ 1.1940, 1.5370,  
1.4173

■ 0.1016, 0.3146,  
0.1552

■ 74.5246, 82.6058,  
86.1454

■ 74.5246, 82.6058,  
86.1454

■ 66.1085, 78.4651,  
76.9120

■ 84.1069, 87.3376,  
96.1015

■ 58.8052, 74.8814,  
68.3797

■ 90.0238, 90.1625,  
106.5625

■ 52.5675, 71.8330,  
60.5334

■ 90.1581, 90.2161,  
107.2694

■ 47.3421, 69.2926,  
53.3558

■ 43.0706, 67.2307,  
46.8286

■ 39.6886, 65.6142,  
40.9327

■ 37.1231, 64.4059,  
35.6476

■ 35.2884, 63.5622,  
30.9520

■ 34.0683, 63.0233,  
26.8217

# Harmonies

## Analogous

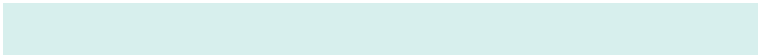
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



75.7057, 82.6058, 81.1008



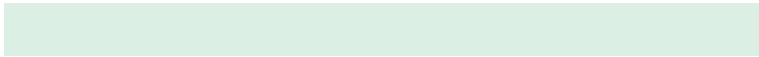
74.5246, 82.6058, 86.1454



74.4002, 82.6058, 92.4424

# Triad

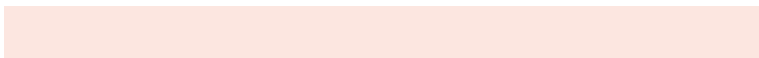
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74.5246, 82.6058, 86.1454



79.3820, 82.6058, 102.4792



81.7526, 82.6058, 82.0454

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



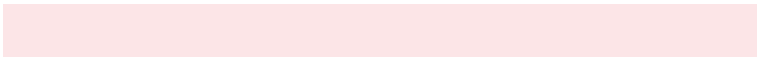
74.5246, 82.6058, 86.1454



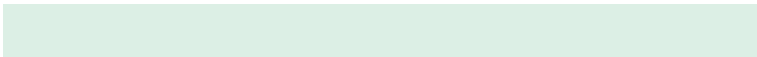
75.4758, 75.2525, 85.4141

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



82.7774, 82.6058, 87.4904



74.5246, 82.6058, 86.1454



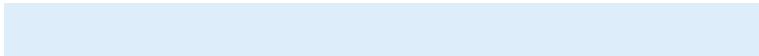
81.3915, 82.6058, 99.4070

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



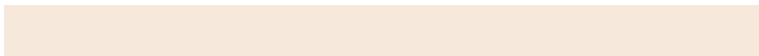
74.5246, 82.6058, 86.1454



77.1766, 82.6058, 102.0772



82.6440, 82.6058, 93.8520



79.8674, 82.6058, 78.8119



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



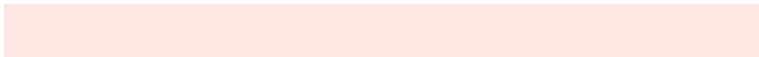
74.5246, 82.6058, 86.1454



74.9304, 82.6058, 96.5270



82.6440, 82.6058, 93.8520



82.2107, 82.6058, 83.6667

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74.5269, 82.6093, 86.1472



92.7692, 98.8738, 106.5528



76.4637, 83.7492, 79.8466



19.8803, 21.1749, 22.8314



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

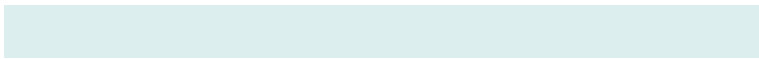
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74.5269, 82.6093, 86.1472



84.1964, 94.6458, 97.5022



75.8712, 83.1470, 93.2258



15.8776, 17.7811, 18.3782



18.7758, 34.8024, 14.7344



1.6119, 2.9152, 1.4887



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.4758, 75.2525, 85.4141



85.5640, 84.0422, 96.4454



74.1947, 74.7400, 78.6679



16.1205, 15.8979, 18.1905



21.8128, 10.9975, 12.1966

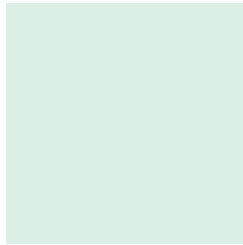


1.8649, 0.9350, 1.2793



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 74.5246, 82.6058, 86.1454 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

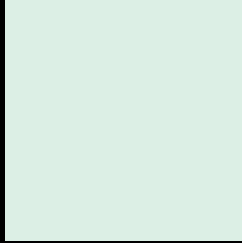
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 74.5246, 82.6058, 86.1454 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

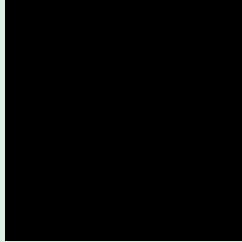
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

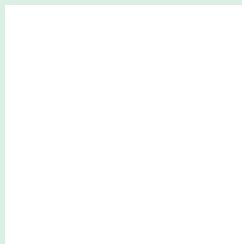
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 74.5246, 82.6058, 86.1454

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 74.5246, 82.6058, 86.1454.



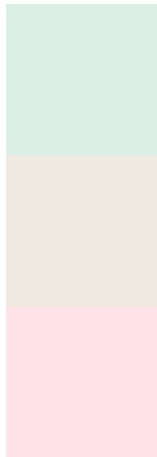
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 74.5246, 82.6058,

86.1454.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

74.5246, 82.6058, 86.1454

### Protanopia

78.8016, 82.2941, 83.6826

### Deuteranopia

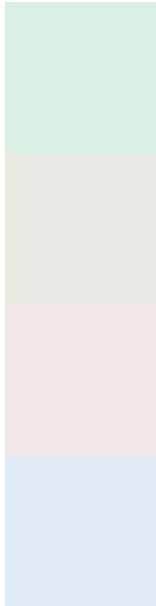
83.2746, 82.0244, 87.7872



## Tritanopia

78.3382, 82.4197, 105.5457

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

74.5246, 82.6058, 86.1454

## Protanomaly

77.1777, 82.2864, 84.4882

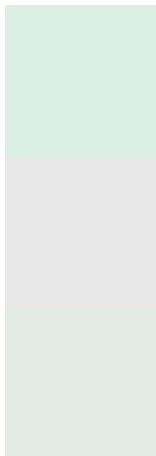
## Deuteranomaly

79.6177, 81.7986, 87.1937

## Tritanomaly

76.9083, 82.2715, 98.2127

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

74.5246, 82.6058, 86.1454

## Achromatopsia

76.7008, 80.6952, 87.8771

## Achromatomaly

76.1270, 81.6802, 87.3548

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 74.5246, 82.6058, 86.1454 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(220, 239, 229)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(220, 239, 229)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(220, 239, 229) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(220, 239, 229) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 74.5246, 82.6058, 86.1454 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(220, 239, 229) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(220, 239, 229) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(220, 239, 229)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(220, 239, 229); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 239, 229);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 239,  
229) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 74.5246, 82.6058, 86.1454 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(220, 239, 229) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(220,  
239, 229) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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