

# Converting Colors

XYZ(74.4515, 87.2359, 92.3610)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(74.4515, 87.2359, 92.3610)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(74.5028, 87.4065,  
92.3013)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CDFAEC
RGB	205, 250, 236
RGB Percent	80%, 98%, 93%
CMY	0.1961, 0.0196, 0.0745
CMYK	0.18, 0.00, 0.06, 0.02
HSL	161°, 82%, 89%
HSV	161°, 18%, 98%
XYZ	74.5028, 87.4065, 92.3013
YIQ	234.9490, -22.3260, -13.8940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

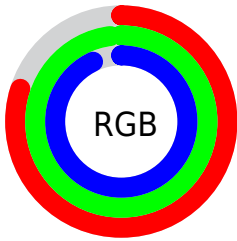
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	205, 232, 250
Decimal	13499116
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	94.91, -17.05, 1.94
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	95, 17.158, 173.503
Yxy	87.4065, 0.2931, 0.3438
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291689196 (0xFFC DFAEC)
YUV	234.9490, 0.5181, -26.2653
Hunter-Lab	93.4914, -21.3644, 6.9088

# Details

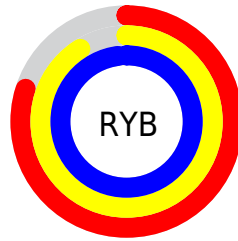
The XYZ color **74.5028, 87.4065, 92.3013** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **74.0450, 69.1035, 76.4574**, and the grayscale version is **78.9372, 83.0481, 90.4394**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **39.8859, 47.9192, 50.3271** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67.0445, 83.6918, 86.1813**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83.1172, 91.7163, 98.7361**.

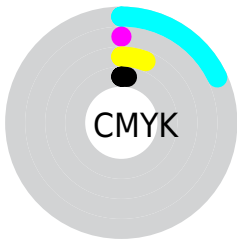
# Distribution



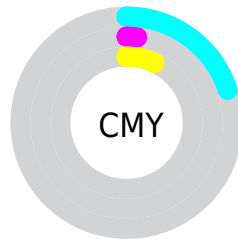
- Red (80%)
- Green (98%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (2%)




- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (7%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 74.5028, 87.4065, 92.3013 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 74.5028, 87.4065, 92.3013 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 74.5028, 87.4065,  
92.3013

 74.5028, 87.4065,  
92.3013


465.2304,  
519.5577, 556.2509

 55.4984, 65.8317,  
69.3065


124.6000,  
143.7306, 152.4942

 40.0363, 48.1358,  
50.4880


156.4235,  
179.2486, 190.5294

 27.7512, 33.9344,  
35.4274


193.2507,  
220.1832, 234.4152

 18.2777, 22.8432,  
23.7061

235.4470,  
266.9187, 284.5700

 11.2504, 14.4778,  
14.9056

283.3778,  
319.8395, 341.4124

 6.3041, 8.4537,  
8.6073

337.4084,

 3.0733, 4.3866,

379.3300, 405.3610

4.3926

397.9042,  
445.7746, 476.8344

■ 1.1926, 1.8921,  
1.8431

■ 0.1005, 0.5436,  
0.4562

■ 74.5028, 87.4065,  
92.3013

■ 74.5028, 87.4065,  
92.3013

■ 67.0445, 83.6918,  
86.1813

■ 83.1172, 91.7163,  
98.7361

■ 60.6821, 80.5340,  
80.3646

■ 92.9283, 96.6349,  
105.4852

■ 55.3609, 77.9074,  
74.8471

■ 93.4772, 96.8544,  
108.3757

■ 51.0185, 75.7799,  
69.6226

■ 47.5856, 74.1159,  
64.6843

■ 44.9835, 72.8749,  
60.0252

■ 43.1193, 72.0091,  
55.6372

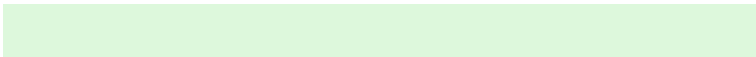
■ 41.8671, 71.4536,  
51.5108

■ 41.6540, 71.3612,  
50.7153

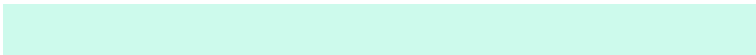
# Harmonies

## Analogous

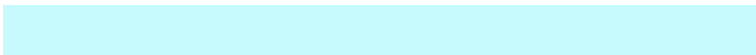
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



76.0919, 87.4065, 80.7323



74.5028, 87.4065, 92.3013



75.1413, 87.4065, 105.7570

# Triad

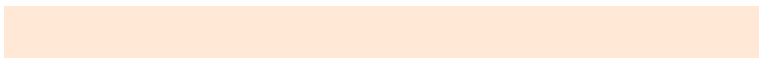
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74.5028, 87.4065, 92.3013



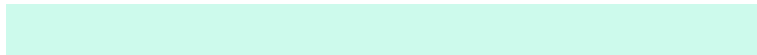
86.6958, 87.4065, 120.6497



88.5120, 87.4065, 76.0266

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



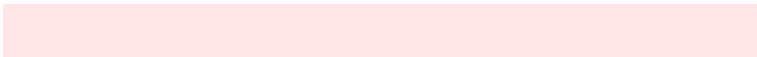
74.5028, 87.4065, 92.3013



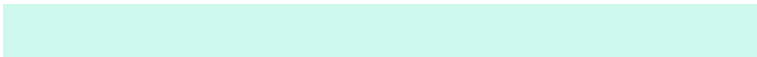
74.0450, 69.1035, 76.4574

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



91.5532, 87.4065, 85.3158



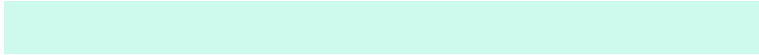
74.5028, 87.4065, 92.3013



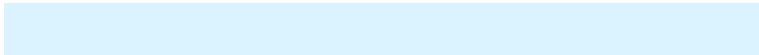
90.4775, 87.4065, 111.2357

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



74.5028, 87.4065, 92.3013



82.0692, 87.4065, 122.9609



92.2856, 87.4065, 98.0992

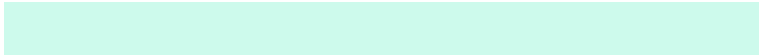


84.0936, 87.4065, 71.9191

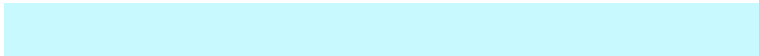


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



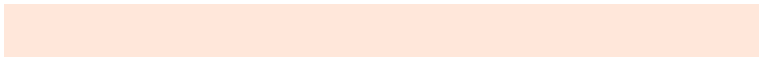
74.5028, 87.4065, 92.3013



76.7565, 87.4065, 113.9177



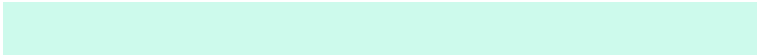
92.2856, 87.4065, 98.0992



89.7359, 87.4065, 78.6025

# Sweetspot

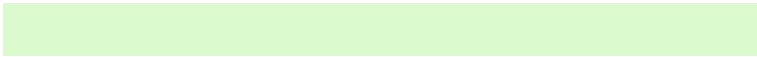
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74.5053, 87.4101, 92.3033



89.8816, 97.4086, 105.3582



74.4966, 87.8817, 70.7955



19.0884, 20.7743, 22.4459



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

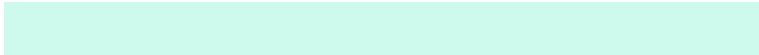


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

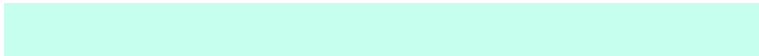


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74.5053, 87.4101, 92.3033



74.6523, 89.7947, 93.9353



74.1128, 83.2402, 102.6076



17.5224, 19.5112, 20.9516



22.1612, 37.8775, 27.2562



2.1002, 3.5272, 2.7753



# Inverse Universe

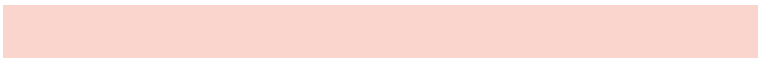
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.0450, 69.1035, 76.4574



74.0812, 67.0372, 74.2426



74.3038, 72.4486, 67.8268



17.4670, 17.3142, 19.0492



21.6940, 11.0933, 5.0971



2.0547, 1.0456, 0.7116



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 74.5028, 87.4065, 92.3013 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

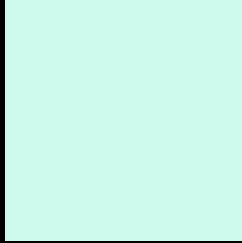
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 74.5028, 87.4065, 92.3013 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

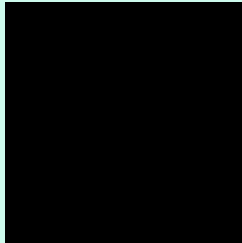
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

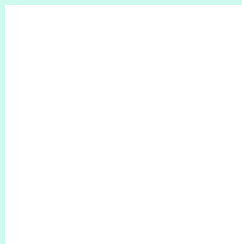
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 74.5028, 87.4065, 92.3013**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 74.5028, 87.4065, 92.3013.



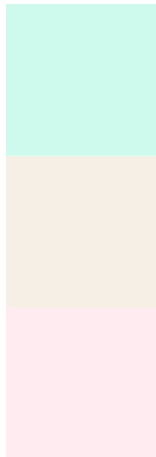
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 74.5028, 87.4065,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

74.5028, 87.4065, 92.3013

### Protanopia

83.1555, 87.0390, 87.2804

### Deuteranopia

86.6765, 86.9679, 94.6562



## Tritanopia

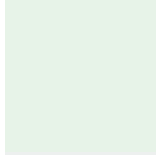
80.5320, 87.0092, 107.1577

# Trichromacy



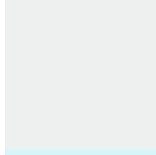
## Original Color

74.5028, 87.4065, 92.3013



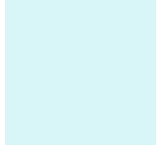
## Protanomaly

79.5711, 86.9163, 88.9266



## Deuteranomaly

81.6651, 86.5567, 94.0643



## Tritanomaly

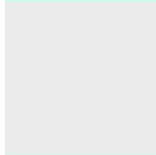
78.2179, 87.2878, 101.5326

# Monochromacy



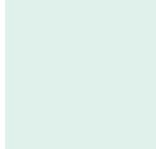
## Original Color

74.5028, 87.4065, 92.3013



## Achromatopsia

78.9647, 83.0770, 90.4708



## Achromatomaly

76.8960, 84.1656, 90.7900

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 74.5028, 87.4065, 92.3013 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(205, 250, 236)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 250, 236)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 250, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 250, 236) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 74.5028, 87.4065, 92.3013 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 250, 236) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 250, 236) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(205, 250, 236)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(205, 250, 236); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 250, 236);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 250,  
236) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 74.5028, 87.4065, 92.3013 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 250, 236) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205,  
250, 236) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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