

# Converting Colors

XYZ(74.4574, 71.5989, 69.4910)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(74.4574, 71.5989, 69.4910)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(74.4631, 71.6518,  
69.5801)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FBD3D0
RGB	251, 211, 208
RGB Percent	98%, 83%, 82%
CMY	0.0157, 0.1725, 0.1843
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.17, 0.02
HSL	4°, 84%, 90%
HSV	4°, 17%, 98%
XYZ	74.4631, 71.6518, 69.5801
YIQ	222.6180, 24.8030, 7.5470

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

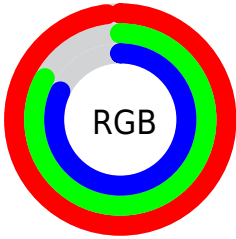
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	251, 211, 208
Decimal	16503760
CIE Lab	87.80, 13.52, 6.70
CIE LCh	88, 15.085, 26.364
Yxy	71.6518, 0.3452, 0.3322
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294693840 (0xFFFFBD3D0)
YUV	222.6180, -7.2067, 24.8910
Hunter-Lab	84.6474, 8.8910, 10.5168

# Details

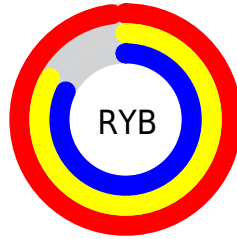
The XYZ color **74.4631, 71.6518, 69.5801** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **76.9919, 87.5078, 104.1003**, and the grayscale version is **69.9071, 73.5477, 80.0934**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **39.9693, 37.5794, 35.7188** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66.2315, 59.7454, 52.7872**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84.0297, 85.4448, 89.2306**.

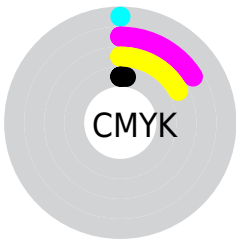
# Distribution



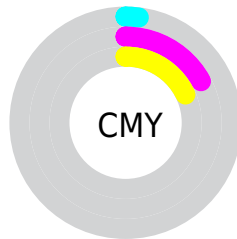
- Red (98%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (2%)




- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (18%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 74.4631, 71.6518, 69.5801 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 74.4631, 71.6518, 69.5801 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 74.4631, 71.6518,  
69.5801

 74.4631, 71.6518,  
69.5801


465.0958,  
466.3287, 477.8235

 55.4658, 52.8743,  
50.7096


124.5440,  
121.5614, 120.2852

 40.0101, 37.7024,  
35.6024


156.3584,  
153.4622, 152.9570

 27.7306, 25.7518,  
23.8400


193.1758,  
190.5062, 191.0662

 18.2621, 16.6381,  
15.0039

235.3615,  
233.0779, 235.0314

 11.2392, 9.9768,  
8.6755

283.2811,  
281.5616, 285.2712

 6.2964, 5.3836,  
4.4362

337.2997,

 3.0685, 2.4740,

336.3417, 342.2042

1.8676

397.7829,  
397.8026, 406.2488

■ 1.1901, 0.8636,  
0.4720

■ 0.0985, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 74.4631, 71.6518,  
69.5801

■ 74.4631, 71.6518,  
69.5801

■ 66.2315, 59.7454,  
52.7872

■ 84.0297, 85.4448,  
89.2306

■ 59.2700, 49.6344,  
38.7147

■ 93.5940, 99.2494,  
108.8319

■ 53.5170, 41.2346,  
27.2207

■ 48.9034, 34.4513,  
18.1486

■ 45.3532, 29.1805,  
11.3250

■ 42.7812, 25.3061,  
6.5533

■ 41.0887, 22.6952,  
3.6030

■ 40.1549, 21.1882,  
2.1801

■ 39.9928, 20.9272,  
1.9315

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



75.2112, 71.6518, 79.2746



74.4631, 71.6518, 69.5801



71.9902, 71.6518, 62.7177

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74.4631, 71.6518, 69.5801



62.5274, 71.6518, 67.5913



67.6669, 71.6518, 99.4071

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74.4631, 71.6518, 69.5801



76.9919, 87.5078, 104.1003

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.3581, 71.6518, 95.6208



74.4631, 71.6518, 69.5801



61.4572, 71.6518, 76.7721

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



74.4631, 71.6518, 69.5801



65.0896, 71.6518, 61.6421



62.1156, 71.6518, 87.1089



71.2078, 71.6518, 97.0610



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



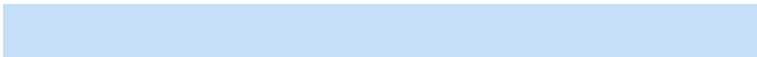
74.4631, 71.6518, 69.5801



69.7398, 71.6518, 60.3726



62.1156, 71.6518, 87.1089



66.4918, 71.6518, 98.8014

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74.4651, 71.6550, 69.5816



89.3974, 91.8714, 97.2226



79.3043, 72.4075, 98.7124



18.9709, 19.4286, 20.4718



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

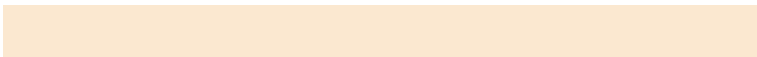
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74.4651, 71.6550, 69.5816



73.7128, 69.2526, 65.0183



80.1296, 82.9840, 71.4698



17.3420, 17.4198, 17.9107



21.0582, 11.0731, 1.0274



1.9832, 1.0913, 0.1061



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76.9919, 87.5078, 104.1003



76.8365, 88.8559, 107.7089



70.7948, 75.1137, 102.0346



17.6559, 19.3887, 22.1971



24.5832, 34.5220, 53.3413

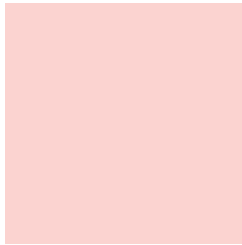


2.3071, 3.2578, 4.9504



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 74.4631, 71.6518, 69.5801 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

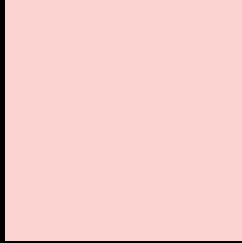
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 74.4631, 71.6518, 69.5801 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

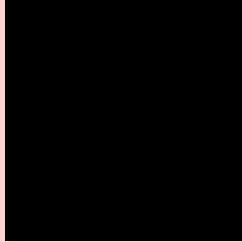
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 74.4631, 71.6518, 69.5801

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 74.4631, 71.6518, 69.5801.



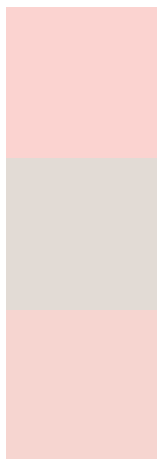
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 74.4631, 71.6518,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

74.4631, 71.6518, 69.5801

### Protanopia

68.7058, 71.6359, 73.1567

### Deuteranopia

73.1855, 71.7354, 69.6635



## Tritanopia

76.6545, 71.4306, 80.9815

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

74.4631, 71.6518, 69.5801

## Protanomaly

70.5747, 71.4770, 71.7048

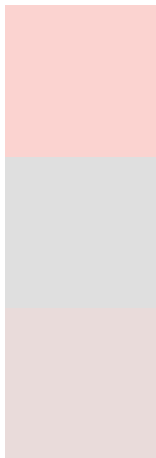
## Deuteranomaly

73.6400, 71.5975, 69.6130

## Tritanomaly

75.7315, 71.4108, 76.8100

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

74.4631, 71.6518, 69.5801

## Achromatopsia

70.1384, 73.7910, 80.3584

## Achromatomaly

71.5907, 73.0486, 76.6562

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 74.4631, 71.6518, 69.5801 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(251, 211, 208)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(251, 211, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(251, 211, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(251, 211, 208) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 74.4631, 71.6518, 69.5801 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(251, 211, 208) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(251, 211, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(251, 211, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(251, 211, 208); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 211, 208);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 211,  
208) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 74.4631, 71.6518, 69.5801 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(251, 211, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(251,  
211, 208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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