

# Converting Colors

XYZ(74.5426, 85.1652, 70.9022)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(74.5426, 85.1652, 70.9022)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(74.5426, 85.1652,  
70.9022)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E1F4CE
RGB	225, 244, 206
RGB Percent	88%, 96%, 81%
CMY	0.1176, 0.0431, 0.1921
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.16, 0.04
HSL	90°, 63%, 88%
HSV	90°, 16%, 96%
XYZ	74.5426, 85.1652, 70.9022
YIQ	233.9870, 0.8740, -15.8460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

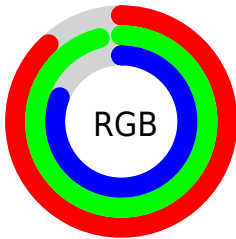
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">206, 244, 225</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">14808270</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">93.95, -12.84, 16.22</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">94, 20.693, 128.368</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">85.1652, 0.3232, 0.3693</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4292998350 (0xFFE1F4CE)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">233.9870, -13.7976, -7.8816</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">92.2850, -17.3165, 19.0472</a>

# Details

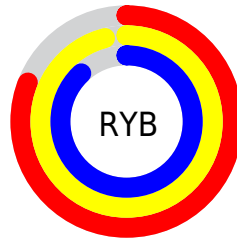
The XYZ color **74.5426, 85.1652, 70.9022** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **69.4552, 66.6842, 94.8032**, and the grayscale version is **78.2996, 82.3773, 89.7089**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **40.2283, 46.7795, 36.6149** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68.1370, 82.1819, 56.3117**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81.6849, 88.4802, 87.9327**.

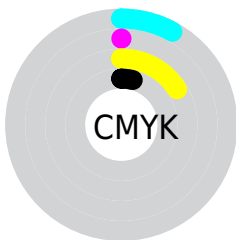
# Distribution



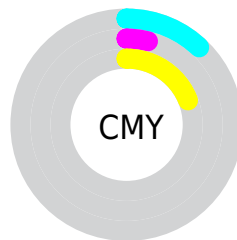
- Red (88%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (19%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 74.5426, 85.1652, 70.9022 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 74.5426, 85.1652, 70.9022 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 74.5426, 85.1652,  
70.9022

■ 74.5426, 85.1652,  
70.9022

465.3654,  
512.1745, 482.5859

■ 55.5311, 63.9779,  
51.7810

124.6561,  
140.6040, 122.1876

■ 40.0626, 46.6328,  
36.4495

156.4887,  
175.6242, 155.1890

■ 27.7718, 32.7454,  
24.4891

193.3258,  
216.0242, 193.6541

■ 18.2933, 21.9315,  
15.4813

235.5327,  
262.1884, 238.0016

■ 11.2617, 13.8066,  
9.0075

283.4748,  
314.5011, 288.6500

■ 6.3117, 7.9863,  
4.6492

337.5173,

■ 3.0780, 4.0862,

373.3468, 346.0178

1.9878

398.0258,  
439.1098, 410.5236

■ 1.1951, 1.7219,  
0.5478

■ 0.1025, 0.4378,  
0.0000

■ 74.5426, 85.1652,  
70.9022

■ 74.5426, 85.1652,  
70.9022

■ 68.1370, 82.1819,  
56.3117

■ 81.6849, 88.4802,  
87.9327

■ 62.4345, 79.5077,  
44.0441

■ 89.5823, 92.1265,  
107.5023

■ 57.4087, 77.1343,  
33.9807

■ 91.6424, 93.1849,  
107.7641

■ 53.0286, 75.0487,  
25.9901

■ 49.2605, 73.2364,  
19.9270

■ 46.0667, 71.6818,  
15.6275

■ 43.4043, 70.3669,  
12.9001

■ 41.2214, 69.2701,  
11.5084

■ 40.3763, 68.8413,  
11.1597

# Harmonies

## Analogous

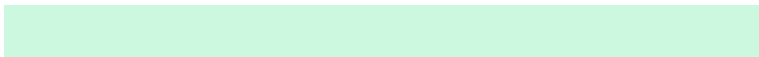
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



79.4138, 85.1652, 65.8160



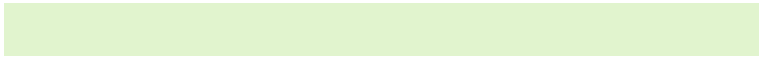
74.5426, 85.1652, 70.9022



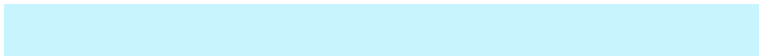
71.4857, 85.1652, 81.9808

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74.5426, 85.1652, 70.9022



77.1009, 85.1652, 123.9177



91.8964, 85.1652, 88.3813

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74.5426, 85.1652, 70.9022



69.4552, 66.6842, 94.8032

# Split Complementary

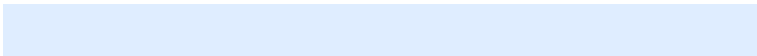
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



91.2082, 85.1652, 104.3809



74.5426, 85.1652, 70.9022



82.4997, 85.1652, 126.1333

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



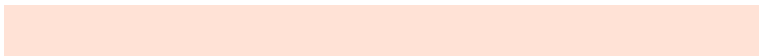
74.5426, 85.1652, 70.9022



72.9154, 85.1652, 112.8840



87.7080, 85.1652, 118.6335

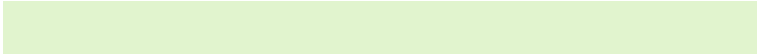


89.5477, 85.1652, 75.1307

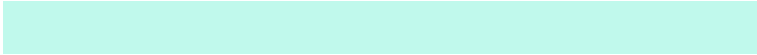


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74.5426, 85.1652, 70.9022



70.8045, 85.1652, 91.8682



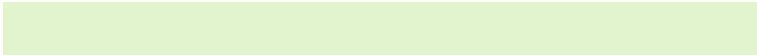
87.7080, 85.1652, 118.6335



92.0146, 85.1652, 93.5981

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74.5449, 85.1689, 70.9040



90.7576, 98.0166, 98.3370



75.3773, 77.5430, 69.3882



19.3004, 20.9215, 20.7426



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

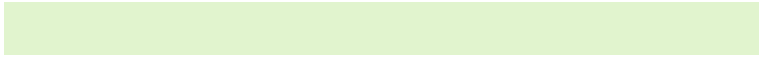


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

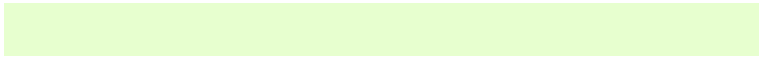


# Same Dimension

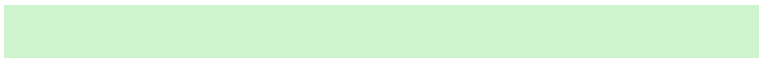
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74.5449, 85.1689, 70.9040



79.8488, 92.9539, 72.4769



68.9474, 82.2833, 70.6421



17.0716, 18.8789, 17.5418



22.1109, 37.5114, 6.0751



2.0618, 3.3580, 0.5395



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.4552, 66.6842, 94.8032



73.1375, 68.5800, 103.9902



75.7120, 69.9097, 95.0960



16.3708, 16.3338, 20.8325



13.4021, 5.8834, 46.9673

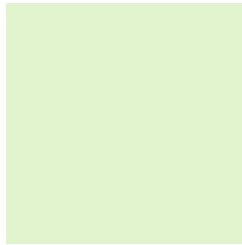


1.2964, 0.5782, 4.1335



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 74.5426, 85.1652, 70.9022 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 74.5426, 85.1652, 70.9022 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

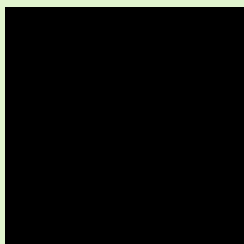
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

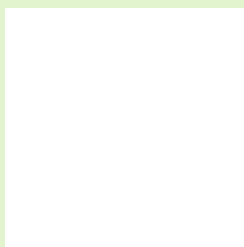
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 74.5426, 85.1652, 70.9022**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 74.5426, 85.1652, 70.9022.



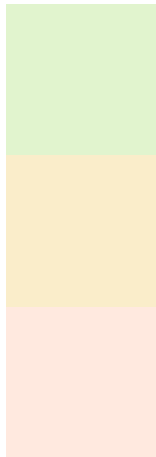
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 74.5426, 85.1652,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

74.5426, 85.1652, 70.9022

### Protanopia

80.3692, 85.1566, 68.0781

### Deuteranopia

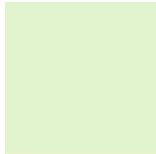
83.6982, 84.8655, 81.7814



## Tritanopia

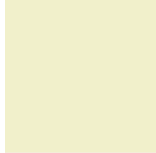
81.9385, 85.1120, 106.7174

# Trichromacy



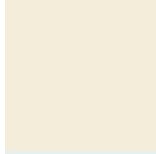
## Original Color

74.5426, 85.1652, 70.9022



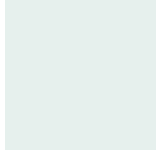
## Protanomaly

78.2152, 85.3327, 68.8484



## Deuteranomaly

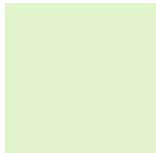
80.1168, 84.8112, 77.7932



## Tritanomaly

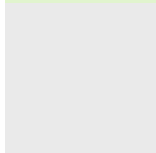
79.0793, 85.2576, 92.4092

# Monochromacy



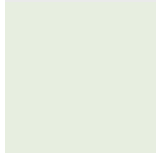
## Original Color

74.5426, 85.1652, 70.9022



## Achromatopsia

78.2058, 82.2786, 89.6014



## Achromatomaly

76.9841, 83.5198, 82.5845

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 74.5426, 85.1652, 70.9022 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(225, 244, 206)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(225, 244, 206)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 244, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(225, 244, 206) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 74.5426, 85.1652, 70.9022 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(225, 244, 206) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(225, 244, 206) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(225, 244, 206)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(225, 244, 206); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 244, 206);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 244,  
206) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 74.5426, 85.1652, 70.9022 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(225, 244, 206) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(225,  
244, 206) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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