

# Converting Colors

XYZ(74.5502, 74.7810, 76.3280)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(74.5502, 74.7810, 76.3280)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(74.7355, 75.0734,  
76.1973)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| <b>Format</b> | <b>Color</b>              |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex           | F2DCD9                    |
| RGB           | 242, 220, 217             |
| RGB Percent   | 95%, 86%, 85%             |
| CMY           | 0.0510, 0.1372, 0.1490    |
| CMYK          | 0.00, 0.09, 0.10, 0.05    |
| HSL           | 7°, 49%, 90%              |
| HSV           | 7°, 10%, 95%              |
| XYZ           | 74.7355, 75.0734, 76.1973 |
| YIQ           | 226.2360, 14.0750, 3.7310 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

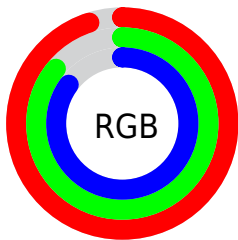
| Format                              | Color                         |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R <sub>Y</sub> B                    | 242, 220, 217                 |
| Decimal                             | 15916249                      |
| CIE Lab                             | 89.43, 7.07, 4.21             |
| CIE LCh                             | 89, 8.223, 30.768             |
| Yxy                                 | 75.0734, 0.3307,<br>0.3322    |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4294106329<br>(0xFFFF2DCD9)   |
| YUV                                 | 226.2360, -4.5533,<br>13.8250 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 86.6449, 2.3365,<br>8.5106    |

# Details

The XYZ color **74.7355, 75.0734, 76.1973** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **75.5084, 82.8939, 96.0255**, and the grayscale version is **72.4860, 76.2609, 83.0481**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **40.2264, 39.9580, 39.7749** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66.5794, 63.4341, 59.0710**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84.0691, 88.3274, 95.9951**.

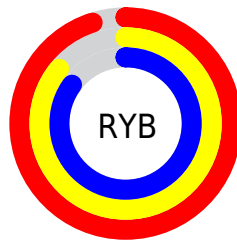
# Distribution



Red (95%)

Green (86%)

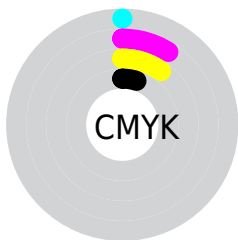
Blue (85%)



Red (95%)

Yellow (86%)

Blue (85%)

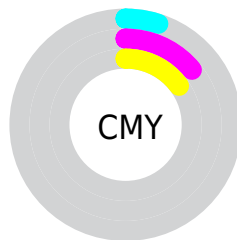


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (5%)

Magenta (14%)


Yellow (15%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 74.7355, 75.0734, 76.1973 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 74.7355, 75.0734, 76.1973 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 74.7355, 75.0734,  
76.1973

 74.7355, 75.0734,  
76.1973

466.0192,  
478.1698, 501.3876

 55.6896, 55.6730,  
56.0867


124.9278,  
126.4163, 129.7684

 40.1902, 39.9408,  
39.8680


156.8049,  
159.1275, 164.0660

 27.8717, 27.4924,  
27.1226


193.6899,  
197.0446, 203.9296

 18.3689, 17.9434,  
17.4321

235.9480,  
240.5517, 249.7778

 11.3165, 10.9093,  
10.3778

283.9446,  
290.0334, 302.0292

 6.3490, 6.0059,  
5.5413

338.0451,

 3.1011, 2.8487,

345.8741, 361.1023

2.5040

398.6148,  
408.4581, 427.4156

■ 1.2074, 1.0532,  
0.8423

■ 0.1122, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 74.7355, 75.0734,  
76.1973

■ 74.7355, 75.0734,  
76.1973

■ 66.5794, 63.4341,  
59.0710

■ 84.0691, 88.3274,  
95.9951

■ 59.5480, 53.3383,  
44.4970

■ 90.4283, 97.6174,  
108.6837

■ 53.5934, 44.7240,  
32.3546

■ 48.6621, 37.5212,  
22.5110

■ 44.6959, 31.6545,  
14.8208

■ 41.6307, 27.0412,  
9.1222

■ 39.3944, 23.5892,  
5.2302

■ 37.9035, 21.1940,  
2.9250

■ 37.0596, 19.7602,  
1.8608

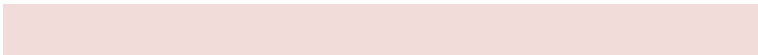
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



75.2989, 75.0734, 81.5936



74.7355, 75.0734, 76.1973



73.2635, 75.0734, 72.4382

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74.7355, 75.0734, 76.1973



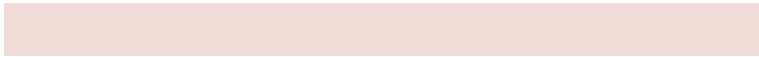
68.0278, 75.0734, 76.4432



71.4069, 75.0734, 93.3445

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74.7355, 75.0734, 76.1973



75.5084, 82.8939, 96.0255

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69.4800, 75.0734, 91.8105



74.7355, 75.0734, 76.1973



67.5513, 75.0734, 81.8909

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



74.7355, 75.0734, 76.1973



69.3917, 75.0734, 72.5754



68.0780, 75.0734, 87.5497



73.3550, 75.0734, 91.6500



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74.7355, 75.0734, 76.1973



71.9783, 75.0734, 71.2736



68.0780, 75.0734, 87.5497



70.7353, 75.0734, 93.1887

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74.7376, 75.0767, 76.1989



91.7328, 95.2976, 101.8386



77.0240, 74.7409, 92.0935



19.4493, 20.1347, 21.4039



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

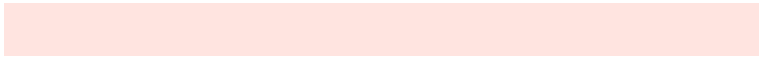


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74.7376, 75.0767, 76.1989



82.5135, 82.1929, 82.3217



78.1172, 81.8360, 77.3254



15.9258, 16.0647, 16.4111



19.9596, 10.7173, 1.0167



1.7097, 0.9900, 0.1010



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.5084, 82.8939, 96.0255



83.5127, 92.3274, 108.0271



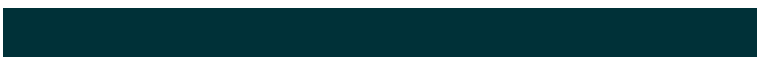
71.9985, 75.8741, 94.8555



16.0758, 17.5857, 20.2687



21.4486, 29.1215, 49.6184

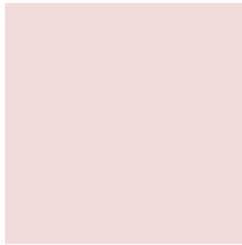


1.8296, 2.5132, 4.1429



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 74.7355, 75.0734, 76.1973 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

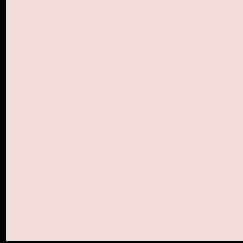
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 74.7355, 75.0734, 76.1973 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

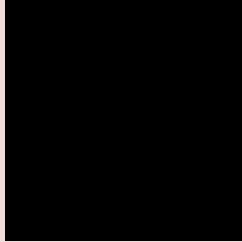
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

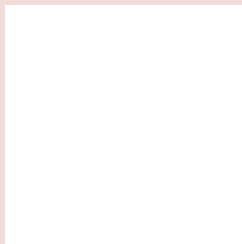
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 74.7355, 75.0734, 76.1973**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 74.7355, 75.0734, 76.1973.



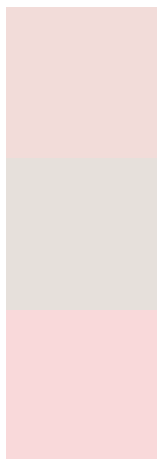
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 74.7355, 75.0734,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

74.7355, 75.0734, 76.1973

### Protanopia

72.0750, 75.2488, 77.7435

### Deuteranopia

76.5347, 74.8274, 76.7390



## Tritanopia

76.9724, 74.7993, 88.2227

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

74.7355, 75.0734, 76.1973

## Protanomaly

72.9742, 75.3297, 77.0236

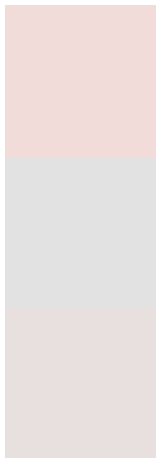
## Deuteranomaly

75.7323, 74.7976, 76.7755

## Tritanomaly

76.0371, 74.7989, 83.8288

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

74.7355, 75.0734, 76.1973

## Achromatopsia

72.2879, 76.0525, 82.8211

## Achromatomaly

73.2536, 75.7948, 80.5810

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 74.7355, 75.0734, 76.1973 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(242, 220, 217) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 220, 217)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 220, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 220, 217) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 74.7355, 75.0734, 76.1973 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 220, 217) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 220, 217) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 220, 217)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 220, 217); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 220, 217);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 220,  
217) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 74.7355, 75.0734, 76.1973 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 220, 217) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
220, 217) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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