

# Converting Colors

XYZ(74.7087, 78.0321, 86.7254)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(74.7087, 78.0321, 86.7254)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(74.8003, 78.0793,  
86.7297)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E6E4E7
RGB	230, 228, 231
RGB Percent	90%, 89%, 91%
CMY	0.0980, 0.1059, 0.0941
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	280°, 6%, 90%
HSV	280°, 1%, 91%
XYZ	74.8003, 78.0793, 86.7297
YIQ	228.9400, 0.2290, 1.3570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	230, 228, 231
Decimal	15131879
CIE Lab	90.82, 1.21, -1.23
CIE LCh	91, 1.728, 314.612
Yxy	78.0793, 0.3122, 0.3259
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293321959 (0xFFE6E4E7)
YUV	228.9400, 1.0156, 0.9296
Hunter-Lab	88.3625, -3.5312, 3.6593

# Details

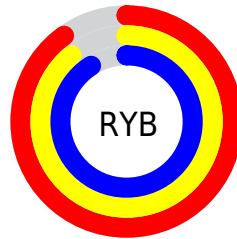
The XYZ color **74.8003, 78.0793, 86.7297** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **74.8956, 79.4134, 84.7837**, and the grayscale version is **74.4266, 78.3026, 85.2715**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **40.3606, 42.0962, 46.5556** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66.4460, 64.9625, 84.6394**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84.1176, 92.9574, 89.1116**.

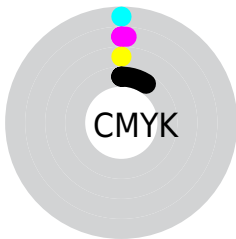
# Distribution



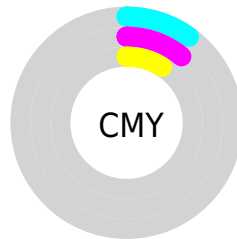
- Red (90%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 74.8003, 78.0793, 86.7297 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 74.8003, 78.0793, 86.7297 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 74.8003, 78.0793,  
86.7297

■ 74.8003, 78.0793,  
86.7297

466.2387,  
488.4361, 537.6274

■ 55.7429, 58.1391,  
64.7132

125.0191,  
130.6619, 144.6829

■ 40.2330, 41.9205,  
46.7787

156.9111,  
164.0731, 181.4566

■ 27.9053, 29.0391,  
32.5076

193.8121,  
202.7435, 223.9865

■ 18.3944, 19.1104,  
21.4815

236.0874,  
247.0574, 272.6911

■ 11.3349, 11.7501,  
13.2818

284.1024,  
297.3992, 327.9890

■ 6.3615, 6.5737,  
7.4899

338.2223,

■ 3.1089, 3.1970,

354.1533, 390.2986

3.6872

398.8126,  
417.7041, 460.0386

■ 1.2116, 1.2354,  
1.4554

■ 0.1155, 0.0903,  
0.1844

■ 74.8003, 78.0793,  
86.7297

■ 74.8003, 78.0793,  
86.7297

■ 66.4460, 64.9625,  
84.6394

■ 84.1176, 92.9574,  
89.1116

■ 59.0131, 53.5293,  
82.8243

■ 87.9881, 96.7783,  
89.6451

■ 52.4670, 43.7110,  
81.2742

■ 90.7409, 98.1974,  
89.7739

■ 46.7677, 35.4305,  
79.9763

■ 91.4240, 98.5496,  
89.8059

■ 41.8725, 28.6040,  
78.9167

■ 37.7342, 23.1397,  
78.0801

■ 34.3003, 18.9347,  
77.4494

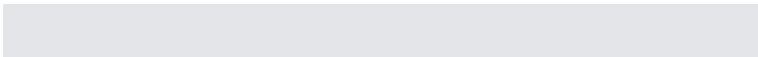
■ 31.5108, 15.8716,  
77.0052

■ 29.2942, 13.8095,  
76.7240

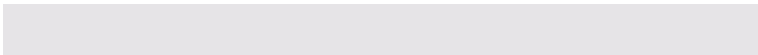
# Harmonies

## Analogous

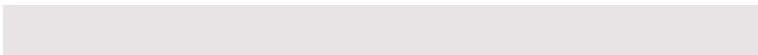
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74.4230, 78.0793, 87.3514



74.8003, 78.0793, 86.7297



75.0204, 78.0793, 85.6515

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74.8003, 78.0793, 86.7297



74.4339, 78.0793, 82.7291



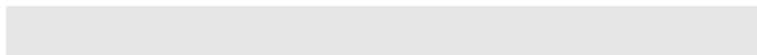
73.4066, 78.0793, 85.6201

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74.8003, 78.0793, 86.7297



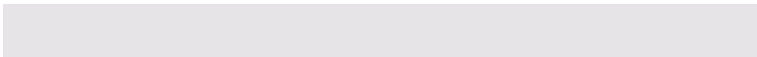
74.8956, 79.4134, 84.7837

# Split Complementary

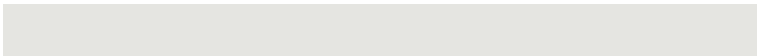
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



73.4095, 78.0793, 84.3818



74.8003, 78.0793, 86.7297



74.0015, 78.0793, 82.7208

# Square

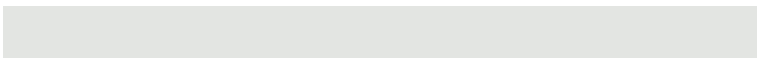
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



74.8003, 78.0793, 86.7297



74.8083, 78.0793, 83.3458



73.6269, 78.0793, 83.3232



73.6189, 78.0793, 86.7065



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



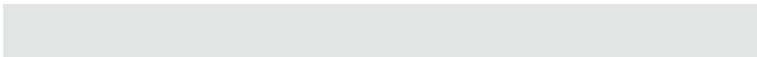
74.8003, 78.0793, 86.7297



75.0479, 78.0793, 84.8228



73.6269, 78.0793, 83.3232



73.3824, 78.0793, 85.2076

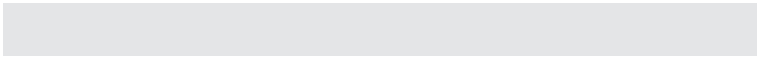
# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74.8025, 78.0827, 86.7314

95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000



74.4549, 78.3330, 86.7981



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74.8025, 78.0827, 86.7314



92.8210, 96.4676, 108.3357



75.0610, 78.2232, 86.4125



15.8620, 16.4974, 18.4926



15.6824, 7.1505, 42.9368



1.2564, 0.5787, 3.1774



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.8440, 78.1364, 85.2700



92.9023, 96.5722, 105.5093



74.6398, 79.2743, 85.0978



15.8750, 16.5142, 18.0390



19.2797, 9.8461, 5.1018

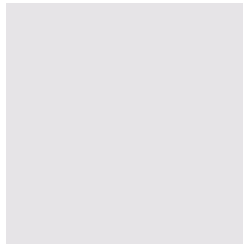


1.4666, 0.7444, 0.5977



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 74.8003, 78.0793, 86.7297 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

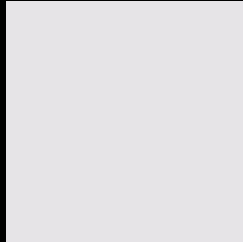
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 74.8003, 78.0793, 86.7297 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

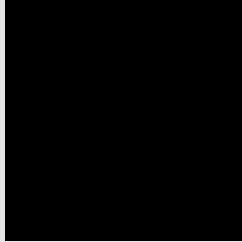
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

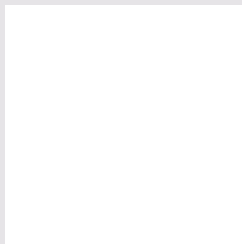


**XYZ 74.8003, 78.0793, 86.7297**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 74.8003, 78.0793, 86.7297.



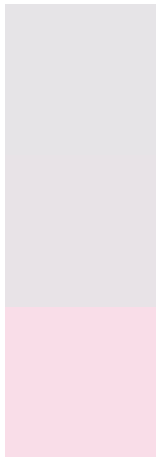
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 74.8003, 78.0793,

86.7297.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

74.8003, 78.0793, 86.7297

### Protanopia

75.1716, 77.8635, 86.6685

### Deuteranopia

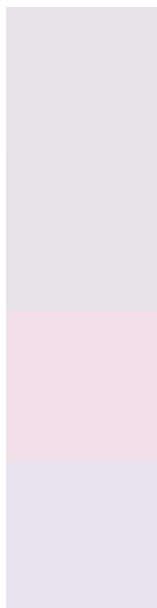
79.4889, 77.6788, 87.1479



## Tritanopia

76.8042, 78.0802, 96.6109

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

74.8003, 78.0793, 86.7297

## Protanomaly

74.8479, 77.6966, 86.6533

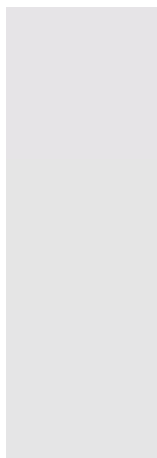
## Deuteranomaly

77.8391, 78.0147, 87.2997

## Tritanomaly

76.0041, 78.1591, 92.7417

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

74.8003, 78.0793, 86.7297

## Achromatopsia

74.4753, 78.3538, 85.3273

## Achromatomaly

74.6153, 78.4098, 86.0649

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 74.8003, 78.0793, 86.7297 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(230, 228, 231) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 228, 231)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 228, 231) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 228, 231) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 74.8003, 78.0793, 86.7297 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 228, 231) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 228, 231) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(230, 228, 231)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(230, 228, 231); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 228, 231);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 228,  
231) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 74.8003, 78.0793, 86.7297 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 228, 231) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230,  
228, 231) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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