

# Converting Colors

XYZ(74.7568, 77.1326,  
105.5557)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(74.7568, 77.1326, 105.5557)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(74.7325, 77.2182, 105.5735)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# **Color**

**XYZ(74.7325, 77.2182,  
105.5735)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DBE3FF
RGB	219, 227, 255
RGB Percent	86%, 89%, 100%
CMY	0.1412, 0.1098, 0.0000
CMYK	0.14, 0.11, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	227°, 100%, 93%
HSV	227°, 14%, 100%
XYZ	74.7325, 77.2182, 105.5735
YIQ	227.8000, -13.7560, 7.0120

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

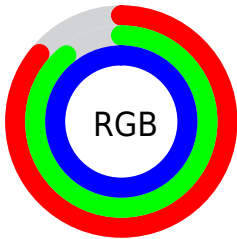
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	219, 226, 255
Decimal	14410751
CIE Lab	90.42, 2.77, -14.47
CIE LCh	90, 14.730, 280.850
Yxy	77.2182, 0.2902, 0.2998
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292600831 (0xFFDBE3FF)
YUV	227.8000, 13.4096, -7.7176
Hunter-Lab	87.8739, -1.9737, -9.7205

# Details

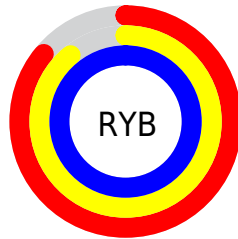
The XYZ color **74.7325, 77.2182, 105.5735** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **87.2865, 92.8946, 80.3495**, and the grayscale version is **73.5108, 77.3391, 84.2222**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **40.2554, 41.4748, 59.3098** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62.5256, 63.3335, 103.5369**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88.7435, 92.9644, 107.8744**.

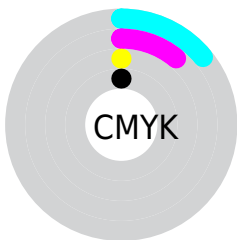
# Distribution



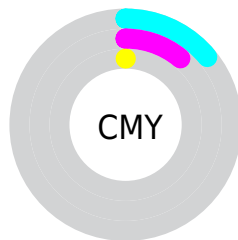
- Red (86%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 74.7325, 77.2182, 105.5735 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 74.7325, 77.2182, 105.5735 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 74.7325, 77.2182,  
105.5735

■ 74.7325, 77.2182,  
105.5735

466.0090,  
485.5077, 599.3165

■ 55.6872, 57.4320,  
80.3206

124.9236,  
129.4474, 170.9140

■ 40.1882, 41.3522,  
59.4545

156.8000,  
162.6593, 211.8387

■ 27.8702, 28.5944,  
42.5567

193.6842,  
201.1151, 258.8244

■ 18.3678, 18.7742,  
29.2086

235.9415,  
245.1992, 312.2895

■ 11.3156, 11.5072,  
18.9917

283.9373,  
295.2962, 372.6528

■ 6.3484, 6.4091,  
11.4876

338.0369,

■ 3.1007, 3.0954,

351.7903, 440.3327

6.2775

398.6057,  
415.0660, 515.7477

■ 1.2073, 1.1817,  
2.9430

■ 0.1121, 0.0467,  
1.0656

■ 74.7325, 77.2182,  
105.5735

■ 74.7325, 77.2182,  
105.5735

■ 62.5256, 63.3335,  
103.5369

■ 88.7435, 92.9644,  
107.8744

■ 52.0421, 51.2313,  
101.7535

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 43.2043, 40.8405,  
100.2136

■ 35.9262, 32.0817,  
98.9066

■ 30.1136, 24.8687,  
97.8207

■ 25.6614, 19.1072,  
96.9433

■ 22.4498, 14.6914,  
96.2602

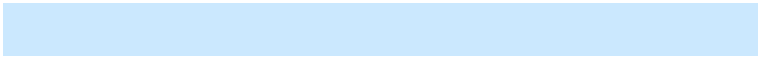
■ 20.3357, 11.4989,  
95.7554

■ 19.4977, 10.1155,  
95.5326

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71.0985, 77.2182, 104.6930



74.7325, 77.2182, 105.5735



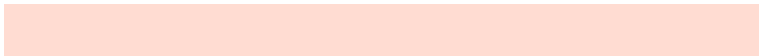
78.1159, 77.2182, 100.3432

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74.7325, 77.2182, 105.5735



78.8727, 77.2182, 71.5165



66.9151, 77.2182, 77.6083

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



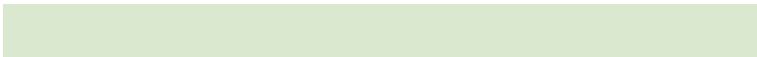
74.7325, 77.2182, 105.5735



87.2865, 92.8946, 80.3495

# Split Complementary

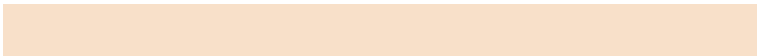
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.8655, 77.2182, 69.6720



74.7325, 77.2182, 105.5735



75.7375, 77.2182, 66.3632

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



74.7325, 77.2182, 105.5735



80.5588, 77.2182, 80.3233



72.0708, 77.2182, 65.7174



66.6664, 77.2182, 87.9469



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74.7325, 77.2182, 105.5735



79.7432, 77.2182, 94.3315



72.0708, 77.2182, 65.7174



67.3903, 77.2182, 74.5949

# Sweetspot

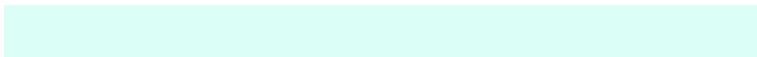
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74.7346, 77.2213, 105.5740



88.9179, 93.1594, 107.9028



81.7011, 93.2712, 101.3699



18.7924, 19.6720, 23.0565



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74.7346, 77.2213, 105.5740



71.0329, 73.0297, 104.9600



75.5683, 74.4769, 105.0003



17.3304, 18.0325, 22.8172



10.2779, 5.4654, 49.9478



1.0777, 0.6860, 4.8889



# Inverse Universe

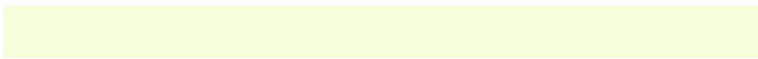
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80.4380, 77.4706, 83.3904



77.7855, 73.4079, 78.6766



86.3426, 96.1192, 81.0217



18.1747, 18.0532, 19.5370



21.9760, 11.2797, 3.2582

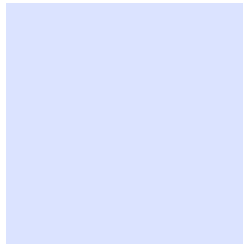


2.1786, 1.1138, 0.5218



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 74.7325, 77.2182, 105.5735 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

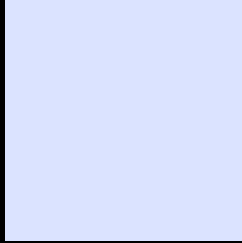
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 74.7325, 77.2182, 105.5735 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

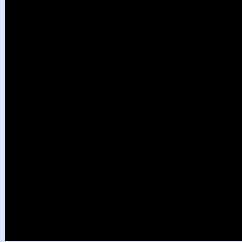
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 74.7325, 77.2182, 105.5735

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 74.7325, 77.2182, 105.5735.



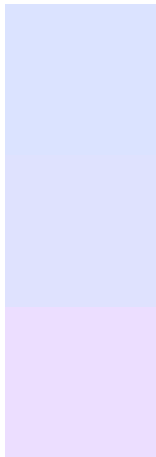
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 74.7325, 77.2182,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

74.7325, 77.2182, 105.5735

### Protanopia

75.5172, 77.2364, 104.6939

### Deuteranopia

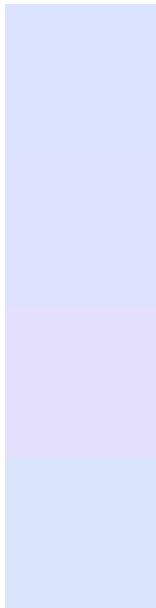
78.7633, 77.2954, 105.3760



## **Tritanopia**

73.4453, 77.1076, 99.0080

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

74.7325, 77.2182, 105.5735

## Protanomaly

75.2100, 77.0781, 104.6795

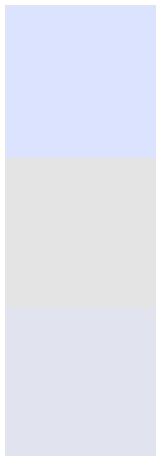
## Deuteranomaly

77.3388, 77.3543, 105.4624

## Tritanomaly

73.9122, 77.2944, 101.4662

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

74.7325, 77.2182, 105.5735

## Achromatopsia

73.7419, 77.5822, 84.4870

## Achromatomaly

74.2274, 77.6674, 91.9680

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 74.7325, 77.2182, 105.5735 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(219, 227, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 227, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 227, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 227, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 74.7325, 77.2182, 105.5735 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 227, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 227, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(219, 227, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(219, 227, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 227, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 227,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 74.7325, 77.2182, 105.5735 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 227, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219,  
227, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor