

# Converting Colors

XYZ(74.7633, 77.3797, 84.2358)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(74.7633, 77.3797, 84.2358)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(74.8042, 77.3178,  
84.3800)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E9E2E4
RGB	233, 226, 228
RGB Percent	91%, 89%, 89%
CMY	0.0863, 0.1137, 0.1059
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.02, 0.09
HSL	343°, 14%, 90%
HSV	343°, 3%, 91%
XYZ	74.8042, 77.3178, 84.3800
YIQ	228.3210, 3.5300, 2.1060

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	233, 226, 228
Decimal	15327972
CIE Lab	90.47, 2.72, -0.14
CIE LCh	90, 2.727, 357.037
Yxy	77.3178, 0.3163, 0.3269
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293518052 (0xFFE9E2E4)
YUV	228.3210, -0.1583, 4.1035
Hunter-Lab	87.9305, -2.0251, 4.6554

# Details

The XYZ color **74.8042, 77.3178, 84.3800** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **74.9296, 80.2181, 87.1397**, and the grayscale version is **73.9790, 77.8316, 84.7586**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **40.2372, 41.4901, 45.4228** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66.6929, 64.6174, 70.8151**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84.0036, 91.8358, 99.4081**.

# Distribution



Red (91%)

Green (89%)

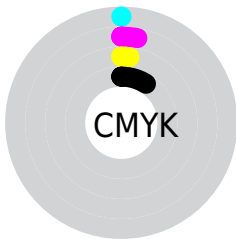
Blue (89%)



Red (91%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (89%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (9%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 74.8042, 77.3178, 84.3800 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 74.8042, 77.3178, 84.3800 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 74.8042, 77.3178,  
84.3800

■ 74.8042, 77.3178,  
84.3800

466.2519,  
485.8469, 529.6653

■ 55.7461, 57.5137,  
62.7820

125.0246,  
129.5880, 141.3731

■ 40.2356, 41.4179,  
45.2250

156.9175,  
162.8229, 177.6053

■ 27.9073, 28.6457,  
31.2905

193.8195,  
201.3036, 219.5526

■ 18.3959, 18.8130,  
20.5598

236.0958,  
245.4144, 267.6336

■ 11.3360, 11.5352,  
12.6145

284.1119,  
295.5397, 322.2668

■ 6.3623, 6.4280,  
7.0361

338.2330,

■ 3.1093, 3.1071,

352.0640, 383.8708

3.4059

398.8245,  
415.3716, 452.8641

■ 1.2118, 1.1879,  
1.3054

■ 0.1157, 0.0518,  
0.0662

■ 74.8042, 77.3178,  
84.3800

■ 74.8042, 77.3178,  
84.3800

■ 66.6929, 64.6174,  
70.8151

■ 84.0036, 91.8358,  
99.4081

■ 59.6222, 53.6532,  
58.6639

■ 87.4147, 96.0639,  
108.5427

■ 53.5512, 44.3523,  
47.8813

■ 48.4332, 36.6327,  
38.4179

■ 44.2182, 30.4055,  
30.2213

■ 40.8509, 25.5730,  
23.2353

■ 38.2702, 22.0256,  
17.3992

■ 36.4059, 19.6372,  
12.6464

■ 35.1744, 18.2555,  
8.9021

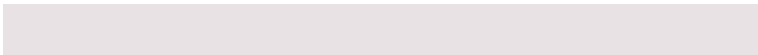
# Harmonies

## Analogous

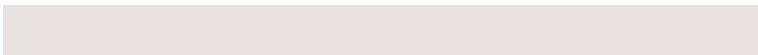
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74.5928, 77.3178, 86.2437



74.8042, 77.3178, 84.3800



74.6612, 77.3178, 82.4921

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74.8042, 77.3178, 84.3800



72.8944, 77.3178, 80.8884



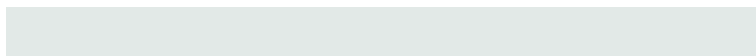
72.7778, 77.3178, 87.3729

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



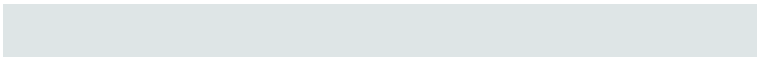
74.8042, 77.3178, 84.3800



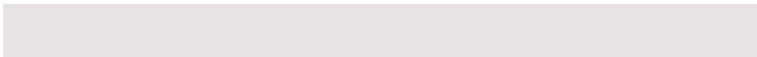
74.9296, 80.2181, 87.1397

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



72.3276, 77.3178, 85.9028



74.8042, 77.3178, 84.3800



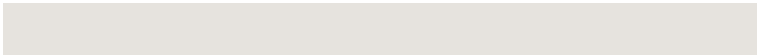
72.3947, 77.3178, 82.1612

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



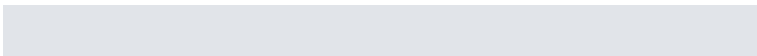
74.8042, 77.3178, 84.3800



73.5560, 77.3178, 80.4947



72.1878, 77.3178, 83.9922



73.4206, 77.3178, 87.9883

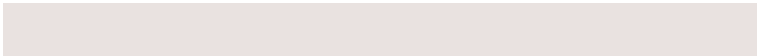


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74.8042, 77.3178, 84.3800



74.3846, 77.3178, 81.4703



72.1878, 77.3178, 83.9922



72.5991, 77.3178, 86.9612

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74.8064, 77.3211, 84.3817



93.9498, 98.2670, 107.0926



74.8296, 77.2517, 88.0589



20.1207, 21.0514, 22.9413



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74.8064, 77.3211, 84.3817



90.7303, 93.2032, 101.7794



74.9129, 77.9750, 83.0579



16.0953, 16.4615, 17.9839



19.6799, 10.0746, 4.1157



1.5855, 0.8072, 0.5346



# Inverse Universe

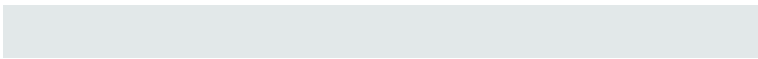
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.8064, 77.3211, 84.3817



90.7303, 93.2032, 101.7794



74.8187, 79.5424, 88.5016



16.0953, 16.4615, 17.9839



19.6799, 10.0746, 4.1157

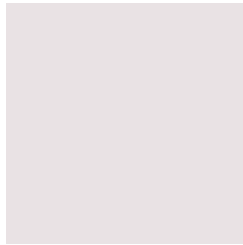


1.5855, 0.8072, 0.5346



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 74.8042, 77.3178, 84.3800 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

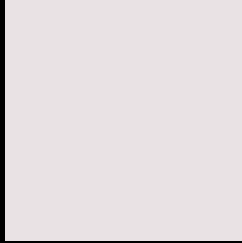
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 74.8042, 77.3178, 84.3800 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

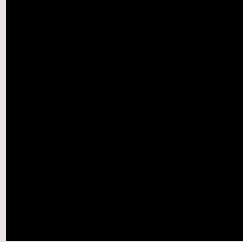
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

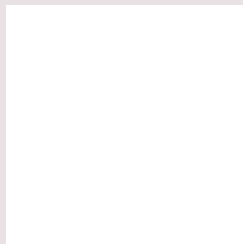
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 74.8042, 77.3178, 84.3800**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 74.8042, 77.3178, 84.3800.



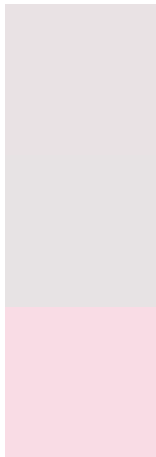
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 74.8042, 77.3178,

84.3800.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

74.8042, 77.3178, 84.3800

### Protanopia

74.4277, 77.5285, 84.4405

### Deuteranopia

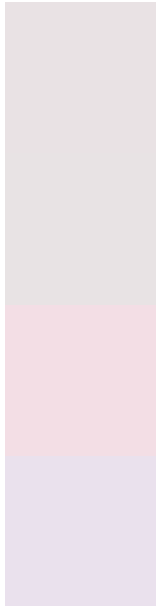
78.8030, 76.9833, 84.8346



## Tritanopia

76.9436, 77.3843, 94.8857

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

74.8042, 77.3178, 84.3800

## Protanomaly

74.7514, 77.6954, 84.4557

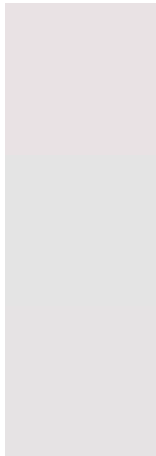
## Deuteranomaly

77.2263, 76.9544, 84.9122

## Tritanomaly

76.1430, 77.4573, 91.0583

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

74.8042, 77.3178, 84.3800

## Achromatopsia

73.7419, 77.5822, 84.4870

## Achromatomaly

74.1058, 77.3626, 84.4255

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 74.8042, 77.3178, 84.3800 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(233, 226, 228) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(233, 226, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 226, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(233, 226, 228) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 74.8042, 77.3178, 84.3800 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(233, 226, 228) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(233, 226, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(233, 226, 228)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(233, 226, 228); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 226, 228);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 226,  
228) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 74.8042, 77.3178, 84.3800 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(233, 226, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(233,  
226, 228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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