

# Converting Colors

XYZ(74.8278, 79.1736,  
101.9248)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(74.8278, 79.1736, 101.9248)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(74.7447, 78.9594,  
101.7437)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DAE7FA
RGB	218, 231, 250
RGB Percent	85%, 91%, 98%
CMY	0.1451, 0.0941, 0.0196
CMYK	0.13, 0.08, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	216°, 76%, 92%
HSV	216°, 13%, 98%
XYZ	74.7447, 78.9594, 101.7437
YIQ	229.2790, -13.8470, 3.1530

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

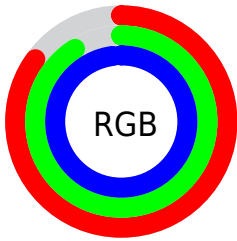
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	218, 227, 250
Decimal	14346234
CIE Lab	91.22, -0.62, -10.67
CIE LCh	91, 10.693, 266.652
Yxy	78.9594, 0.2926, 0.3091
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292536314 (0xFFDAE7FA)
YUV	229.2790, 10.2155, -9.8917
Hunter-Lab	88.8591, -5.3564, -5.6857

# Details

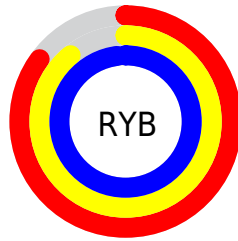
The XYZ color **74.7447, 78.9594, 101.7437** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **82.3639, 85.9540, 78.5810**, and the grayscale version is **74.6179, 78.5039, 85.4907**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **40.1718, 42.3415, 57.0944** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63.8463, 67.4356, 100.0950**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87.1277, 91.7756, 103.5661**.

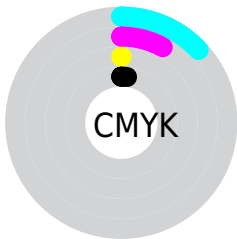
# Distribution



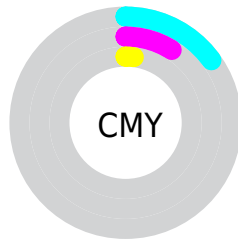
- Red (85%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 74.7447, 78.9594, 101.7437 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 74.7447, 78.9594, 101.7437 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 74.7447, 78.9594,  
101.7437

■ 74.7447, 78.9594,  
101.7437

466.0503,  
491.4190, 587.0631

■ 55.6972, 58.8624,  
77.1326

124.9408,  
131.9017, 165.6241

■ 40.1962, 42.5024,  
56.8495

156.8200,  
165.5158, 205.7305

■ 27.8765, 29.4949,  
40.4759

193.7072,  
204.4045, 251.8390

■ 18.3725, 19.4555,  
27.5932

235.9678,  
248.9520, 304.3683

■ 11.3191, 11.9999,  
17.7828

283.9670,  
299.5428, 363.7368

■ 6.3508, 6.7436,  
10.6264

338.0703,

■ 3.1022, 3.3023,

356.5613, 430.3630

5.7052

398.6429,  
420.3919, 504.6657

■ 1.2080, 1.2915,  
2.6008

■ 0.1127, 0.1346,  
0.8929

■ 74.7447, 78.9594,  
101.7437

■ 74.7447, 78.9594,  
101.7437

■ 63.8463, 67.4356,  
100.0950

■ 87.1277, 91.7756,  
103.5661

■ 54.3663, 57.1510,  
98.6096

■ 94.2556, 99.6822,  
104.7165

■ 46.2440, 48.0628,  
97.2835

■ 39.4110, 40.1219,  
96.1108

■ 33.7927, 33.2751,  
95.0854

■ 29.3061, 27.4643,  
94.2003

■ 25.8561, 22.6244,  
93.4479

■ 23.3295, 18.6797,  
92.8197

■ 21.9665, 16.3241,  
92.4368

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



72.2211, 78.9594, 99.0479



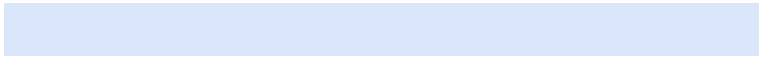
74.7447, 78.9594, 101.7437



77.4096, 78.9594, 100.0086

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74.7447, 78.9594, 101.7437



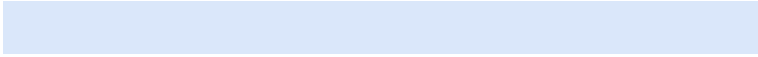
79.8013, 78.9594, 79.4533



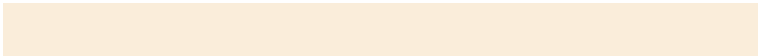
70.7805, 78.9594, 78.0299

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74.7447, 78.9594, 101.7437



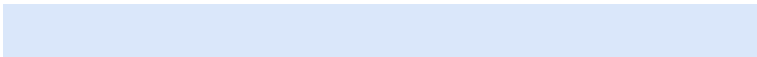
82.3639, 85.9540, 78.5810

# Split Complementary

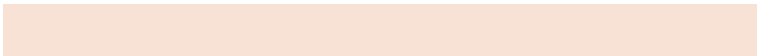
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



72.7360, 78.9594, 73.3168



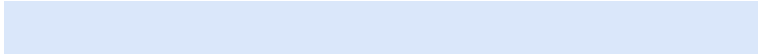
74.7447, 78.9594, 101.7437



77.9488, 78.9594, 74.1032

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



74.7447, 78.9594, 101.7437



80.3700, 78.9594, 86.8477



75.3532, 78.9594, 71.9231



69.9673, 78.9594, 85.1049



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



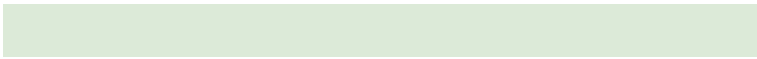
74.7447, 78.9594, 101.7437



78.9009, 78.9594, 96.6264



75.3532, 78.9594, 71.9231



71.3237, 78.9594, 76.1336

# Sweetspot

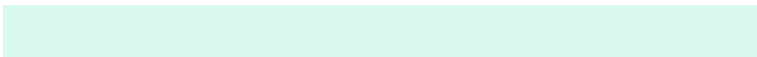
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74.7470, 78.9627, 101.7455



89.4950, 94.3137, 108.0952



78.3379, 89.3730, 92.9889



18.9382, 19.9634, 23.1051



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

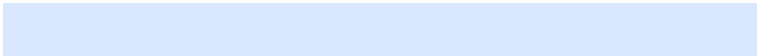


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74.7470, 78.9627, 101.7455



75.5301, 79.8116, 106.0321



72.0456, 72.3665, 100.6146



16.8621, 17.8010, 21.9325



11.7841, 8.9239, 49.0749



1.1925, 1.0287, 4.5789



# Inverse Universe

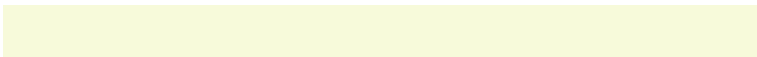
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78.9214, 76.2381, 86.1609



80.5956, 76.5998, 87.0995



85.3173, 93.2693, 79.8373



17.5369, 17.3421, 19.4173



22.2401, 11.3118, 7.9729

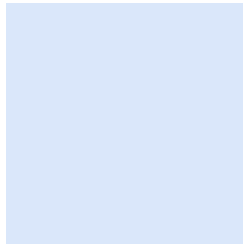


2.1109, 1.0681, 1.0072



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 74.7447, 78.9594, 101.7437 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

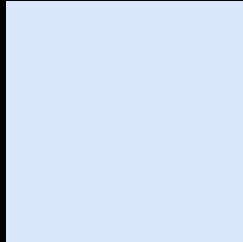
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 74.7447, 78.9594, 101.7437 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

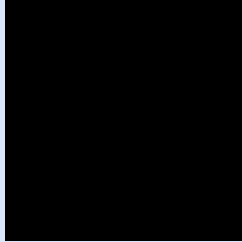
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

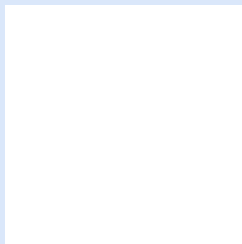
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 74.7447, 78.9594, 101.7437**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 74.7447, 78.9594, 101.7437.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 74.7447, 78.9594,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

74.7447, 78.9594, 101.7437

### Protanopia

76.6816, 78.7581, 99.9672

### Deuteranopia

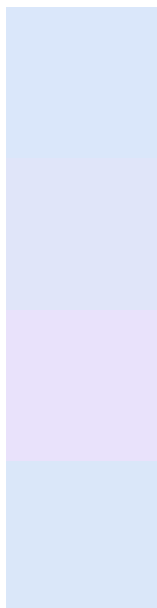
80.5763, 78.6809, 103.0356



## Tritanopia

74.5882, 78.8968, 100.9199

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

74.7447, 78.9594, 101.7437

## Protanomaly

75.8587, 78.7255, 100.8199

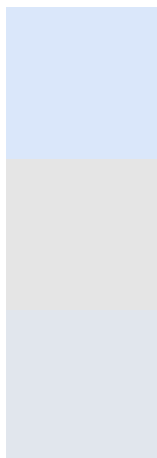
## Deuteranomaly

78.2132, 78.6814, 102.3315

## Tritanomaly

74.5882, 78.8968, 100.9199

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

74.7447, 78.9594, 101.7437

## Achromatopsia

74.4753, 78.3538, 85.3273

## Achromatomaly

74.6342, 78.7156, 91.3808

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 74.7447, 78.9594, 101.7437 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(218, 231, 250)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(218, 231, 250)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(218, 231, 250) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(218, 231, 250) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 74.7447, 78.9594, 101.7437 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(218, 231, 250) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(218, 231, 250) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(218, 231, 250)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(218, 231, 250); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 231, 250);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 231,  
250) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 74.7447, 78.9594, 101.7437 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(218, 231, 250) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(218,  
231, 250) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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